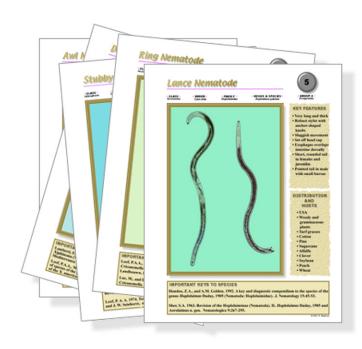
# Identification Guides for the Most Common Genera of Plant-Parasitic Nematodes



Jonathan D. Eisenback Department of Plant Pathology, Physiology & Weed Science Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University Blacksburg, Virginia 24061

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> Mactode Publications Blacksburg, Virginia 2002

Published by Mactode Publications 3510 Indian Meadow Drive Blacksburg, Virginia 24060

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ISBN: 1-893961-22-2

Dedicated to

### Mrs. Nina Hopkins

for her many years of faithful service to the Department of Plant Pathology, Physiology and Weed Science.

### **Preface**

These identification guides are the result of my efforts to teach students how to identify the most common genera of plant-parasitic nematodes. My students have found them to be very useful in learning how to identify nematodes with a dissecting microscope. I have been encouraged by their acceptance of these guides and would like to make them available for others.

JDE

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### Comparison of the Most Common Genera of Plant-Parasitic Nematodes

by J. D. Eisenback and E. C. McGawley

| Genus                 | Length     | Width  | Stylet     | Sclerotization |
|-----------------------|------------|--------|------------|----------------|
| Awl nematodes         | Long       | Medium | Very long  | Medium         |
| Cyst nematodes        |            |        |            |                |
| Males                 | Long       | Medium | Short      | Medium         |
| Juveniles             | Short      | Medium | Short      | Medium         |
| Dagger nematodes      | Long       | Thin   | Very long  | Medium         |
| Foliar nematodes      | Medium     | Medium | Very short | Light          |
| Lance nematodes       | Long       | Medium | Medium     | Heavy          |
| Lesion nematodes      | Short      | Medium | Short      | Medium         |
| Needle nematode       | Very long  | Thin   | Very long  | Light          |
| Pin nematodes         | Very short | Medium | Short      | Medium         |
| Reniform nematodes    | -          |        |            |                |
| Males                 | Short      | Medium | Short      | Light          |
| Juveniles             | Short      | Medium | Short      | Light          |
| Immature females      | Short      | Medium | Short      | Light          |
| Ring nematodes        | Short      | Stout  | Long       | Heavy          |
| Root-knot nematodes   |            |        |            |                |
| Males                 | Long       | Medium | Short      | Light          |
| Juveniles             | Short      | Medium | Very short | Light          |
| Sheath nematodes      | Medium     | Medium | Long       | Medium         |
| Spiral nematodes      | Medium     | Medium | Short-Med. | Medium         |
| Sting nematodes       | Long       | Thin   | Very long  | Medium         |
| Stubby root nematodes | Medium     | Medium | Medium     | Medium         |
| Stunt nematodes       | Medium     | Medium | Short      | Medium         |

We used the following criteria in describing the various attributes of the nematode genera listed in the preceding chart:

```
Body length
                                                           Stylet length
    Short (<600 µm)
                                                                Very long (>100µm)
    Medium (>600 μm < 1500 μm)
                                                                Long (<80µm <100)
    Long (> 1500 µm)
                                                                Medium (>30µm <80)
                                                                Short (>15µm <30)
                                                                Very short (<15µm)
Body width
(Based on the ratio a, body length/body width)
     Thin (a> 50)
                                                           Stylet sclerotization
    Medium (a= 20-50)
                                                           (Subjective observation)
    Stout (a< 20)
                                                                Heavy
                                                                Medium
                                                                Light
```

# Root-Knot Nematode

· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Meloidogynidae

GENUS & SPECIES
 Meloidogyne spp.



• GROUP 1 • Sedentary Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Pear shaped, pearly white
- Eggs deposited externally in a gelatinous matrix
- Six large rectal gland cells secrete a gelatinous matrix through the anal pore
- Two long convoluted ovaries
- Unique fingerprintlike perineal pattern

### AND HOSTS

- Worldwide in distribution
- Numerous hosts from almost every plant family

#### IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES

Eisenback, J.D. and H. Hirschmann. 1991. Root-knot nematodes: *Meloidogyne* species and races. Pp. 191-274, *in*, Manual of Agricultural Nematology. W.R. Nickle, ed. Marcel Dekker: N.Y.

Eisenback, J.D., H. Hirschmann, J.N. Sasser, and A.C. Triantaphyllou. 1981. A Guide to the Four Most Common Species of Root-Knot Nematodes (*Meloidogyne* spp.) with a Pictorial Key. North Carolina State University Graphics: Raleigh, N.C.

# Root-Knot Nematode

· CLASS ·

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Meloidogynidae

GENUS & SPECIES
 Meloidogyne spp.



• GROUP 1 • Sendentary Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Very long and thin
- Head cap indistinct, weakly sclerotized
- Strong stylet with well-developed knobs
- Esophagus overlaps intestine ventrally
- One testis
- · Short, rounded tail
- Bursa absent
- Spicules open a short distance from the tail tip
- Sluggish movement

### AND HOSTS

- Worldwide in distribution
- Numerous hosts from almost every plant family

#### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Eisenback, J.D. and H. Hirschmann. 1991. Root-knot nematodes: *Meloidogyne* species and races. Pp. 191-274, *in*, Manual of Agricultural Nematology. W.R. Nickle, ed. Marcel Dekker: N.Y.

Eisenback, J.D., H. Hirschmann, J.N. Sasser, and A.C. Triantaphyllou. 1981. A Guide to the Four Most Common Species of Root-Knot Nematodes (*Meloidogyne* spp.) with a Pictorial Key. North Carolina State University Graphics: Raleigh, N.C.

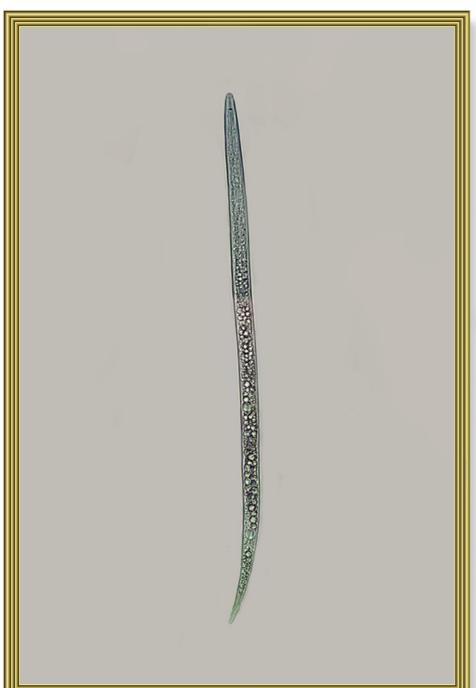
# Root-Knot Nematode

• CLASS • Secernentea · ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Meloidogynidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Meloidogyne spp.



• GROUP 1 • Sendentary Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- · Body short and thin
- Cephalic framework lightly sclerotized
- Stylet short and weak with indistinct knobs
- Esophagus overlaps intestine ventrally
- Narrow, pointed tail with clear terminus
- Sluggish movement

### AND HOSTS

- Worldwide in distribution
- Numerous hosts from almost every plant family

#### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Eisenback, J.D. and H. Hirschmann. 1991. Root-knot nematodes: *Meloidogyne* species and races. Pp. 191-274, *in*, Manual of Agricultural Nematology. W.R. Nickle, ed. Marcel Dekker: N.Y.

Eisenback, J.D., H. Hirschmann, J.N. Sasser, and A.C. Triantaphyllou. 1981. A Guide to the Four Most Common Species of Root-Knot Nematodes (*Meloidogyne* spp.) with a Pictorial Key. North Carolina State University Graphics: Raleigh, N.C.

# Round Cyst Nematode

· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Heteroderidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Globodera spp.



• GROUP 1 • Sedentary Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Mature female pearly white, globose
- Cuticle of dead female turns from light to dark brown
- Several hundred unhatched eggs with second-stage juveniles protected within the cyst
- Two long, convoluted ovaries
- Unique terminal area cuticular pattern

### AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed around the world
- Numerous hosts, particularly solanaceous plants
- · Potato
- Tobacco
- Tomato
- Pepper
- Eggplant

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Wouts, W.M. 1984. *Globodera zelandica* n.sp. (Nematoda: Heteroderidae) from New Zealand, with a key to the species of *Globodera*. New Zealand Journal of Zoology 50: 129-135.

Photo by Ulrich Zinke © 2002 J.D. Eisenback

# Lemon Cyst Nematode

· CLASS · Secementea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Heteroderidae • GENUS & SPECIES • Heterodera spp.



• GROUP Sedentary Endoparasites

### **KEY FEATURES**

- Mature female pearly white, lemon shaped
- Cuticle of dead female turns from light to dark brown
- Several hundred unhatched eggs with second-stage juveniles protected within the cyst
- Two long, convoluted ovaries
- Unique vulval cone pattern

### AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed around the world
- Numerous hosts
- Soybean
- Sugarbeet
- Cabbage
- Fig
- Carrot
- Hops
- Clover
- Bean

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Golden, A.M. 1986. Morphology and identification of cyst nematodes. Pp. 23-45, in, Cyst Nematodes. F. Lamberti and C.E. Taylor, eds. Plenum Press: N.Y.

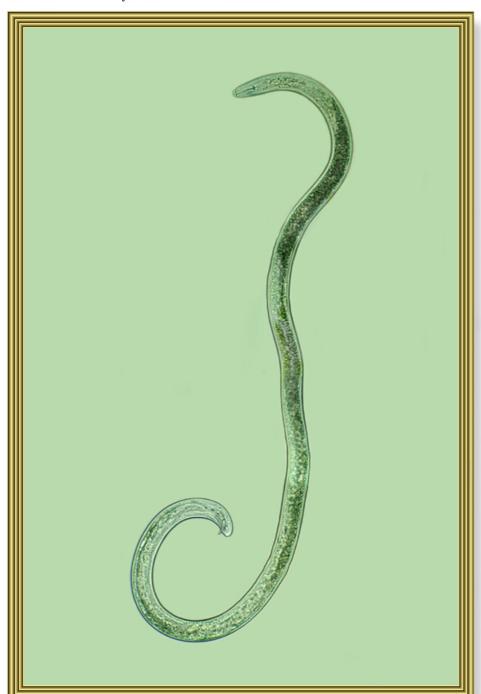
# Cyst Nematode

• CLASS • Secernentea · ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Heteroderidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Heterodera and Globodera spp.



• GROUP • Sedentary Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- · Very long and thin
- Head region rounded and framework sclerotized
- Strong stylet with well-developed knobs
- Esophagus overlaps intestine ventrally
- Tail short and rounded
- Spicules open very near tail tip
- Movement is sluggish

### AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed around the world
- Numerous hosts
- Sugarbeet
- Soybean
- Cabbage
- Carrot
- Fig
- Potato
- Tobacco
- Pepper
- Tomato

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Golden, A.M. 1986. Morphology and identification of cyst nematodes. Pp. 23-45, in, Cyst Nematodes. F. Lamberti and C.E. Taylor, eds. Plenum Press: N.Y.

Wouts, W.M. 1984. *Globodera zelandica* n.sp. (Nematoda: Heteroderidae) from New Zealand, with a key to the species of *Globodera*. New Zealand Journal of Zoology 50: 129-135.

# Cyst Nematode

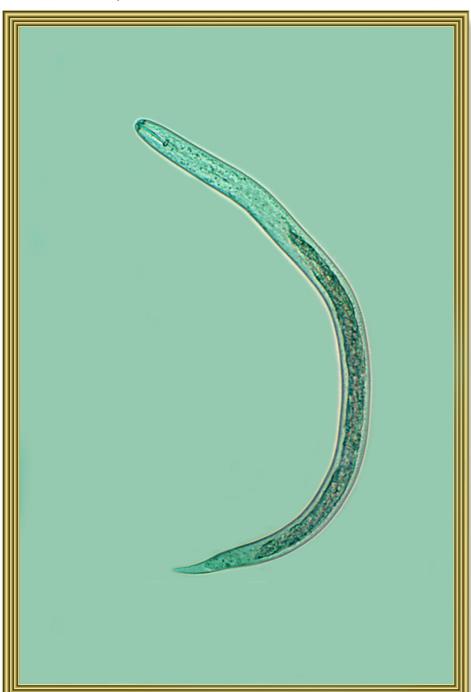
· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Heteroderidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Heterodera and Globodera spp.



• GROUP • Sedentary Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Small and thin
- Head region rounded, heavily sclerotized
- Stylet strong with short, distinct knobs
- Esophagus overlaps intestine ventrally
- Tail tapers to a pointed tip
- Tail terminus hyaline
- Sluggish movement

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed around the world
- Numerous hosts
- Sugarbeet
- Soybean
- Cabbage
- Carrot
- Fig
- Potato
- Tobacco
- Pepper
- Tomato

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Golden, A.M. 1986. Morphology and identification of cyst nematodes. Pp. 23-45, in, Cyst Nematodes. F. Lamberti and C.E. Taylor, eds. Plenum Press: N.Y.

Wouts, W.M. 1984. *Globodera zelandica* n.sp. (Nematoda: Heteroderidae) from New Zealand, with a key to the species of *Globodera*. New Zealand Journal of Zoology 50: 129-135.

# Reniform Nematode

· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Tylenchulidae · GENUS & SPECIES · Rotylenchulus reniformis



• GROUP 2 • Sedentary Semi-Endoparasites

### **KEY FEATURES**

- Anterior end irregularly shaped
- Posterior end kidney shaped
- Vulval lips prominent and protruding
- Two convoluted ovaries
- Small, pointed tail
- Eggs deposited into gelatinous matrix
- Not easily confused with other genera

### AND HOSTS

- Southeastern USA
- Hawaii
- West Africa
- Ghana
- India
- Cuba
- Soybean
- Cotton
- Banana
- Papaya
- Sugarcane

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Robinson, A.F., R.N. Inserra, E.P. Caswell-Chen, N. Vovlas, and A. Troccoli. 1997. *Rotylenchulus* species: identification, distribution, host ranges, and resistance. Nematropica 27:128-180.

Photo by E. C. McGawley © 2002 J.D. Eisenback

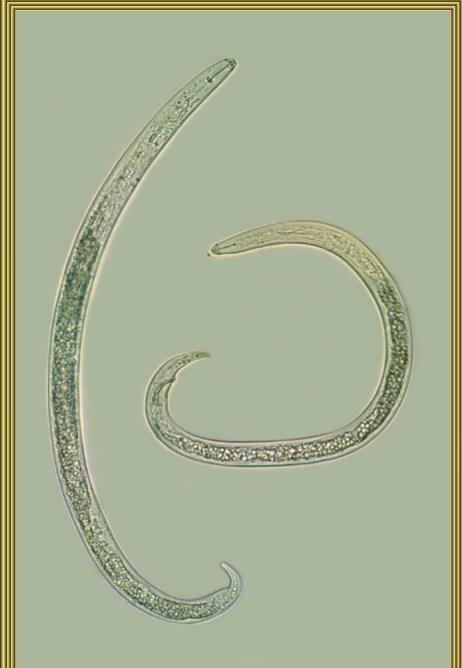
· CLASS ·

· ORDER · Tylen chida

• FAMILY • Tylen chulidae GENUS & SPECIES Rotylenchulus reniformis



 GROUP 2 Sedentary Semi-Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

#### **Immature Female**

- Small with rounded, striated head region
- Stylet moderately strong, rounded knobs
- Median bulb large, with prominent lumen lining
- Vulva posterior

#### Male

- Stylet small, weak
- · Median bulb weak, lining indistinct
- · Small bursa

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Southeastern USA
- Hawaii
- West Africa
- Ghana
- India
- Cuba
- Soybean
- Cotton
- Banana
- Papaya
- Sugarcane

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Robinson, A.F., R.N. Inserra, E.P. Caswell-Chen, N. Vovlas, and A. Troccoli. 1997. Rotylenchulus species: identification, distribution, host ranges, and resistance. Nematropica 27:128-180.

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# Citrus Nematode

· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Tylenchulidae

• GENUS & SPECIES • Tylenchulus semipentrans



• GROUP 2 • Sedentary Semi-Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Body behind neck irregularly swollen, distorted, and embedded in root tissue
- External portion of body swollen and pyriform
- Tail digitate
- Ovary conoid
- Excretory pore in front of vulva

### AND HOSTS

- Occurs almost wherever citrus is grown, including 23 countries
- 29 Citrus spp.
- 21 Citrus hybrids
- 11 other Rutaceae
- Grape
- Lilac
- Persimmon
- Olive
- Loquat
- Pear

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Inserra, R.N., N. Vovlas, J.H. O'Bannon, and R.P. Esser. 1988. *Tylenchulus graminis* n.sp. and *T. palustris* n.sp. (Tylenchulidae), from native flora in Florida, with notes on *T. semipenetrans* and *T. furcus*. Journal of Nematology 20:266-287.

# Lesion Nematode

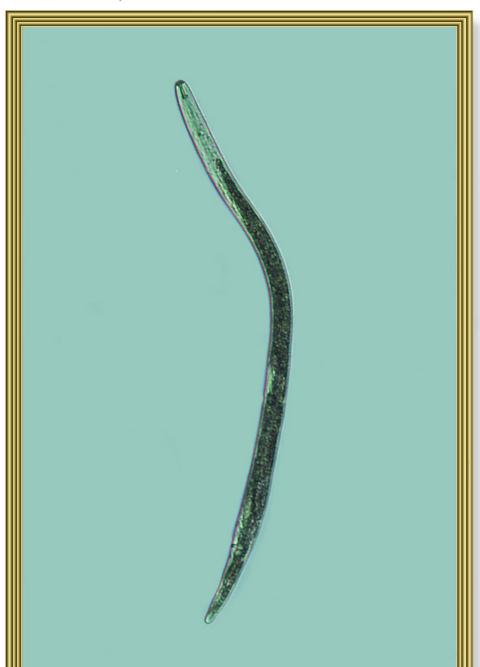
· CLASS · Secernentea

ORDER
 Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Pratylen chidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Pratylechus spp.



• GROUP 3 • Migratory Endoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- · Short, narrow body
- Broad, flattened anterior end
- Short, strong stylet with large knobs
- Metacorpus prominent
- Esophagus overlaps intestine ventrally
- Vulva near tail
- One ovary
- Tail of female tapers to a blunt tip
- Males maybe common

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed around the world
- A pest of numerous plant species including fruit trees, woody ornamentals, vegetables, fruits, grasses, maize, and flowers

#### IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES

Hando, Z.A. and A.M. Golden. 1989. A key and diagnostic compendium to the genus *Pratylenchus* Filipjev, 1936 (Nemata: Pratylenchidae). Revue de Nématologie 21:202-218.

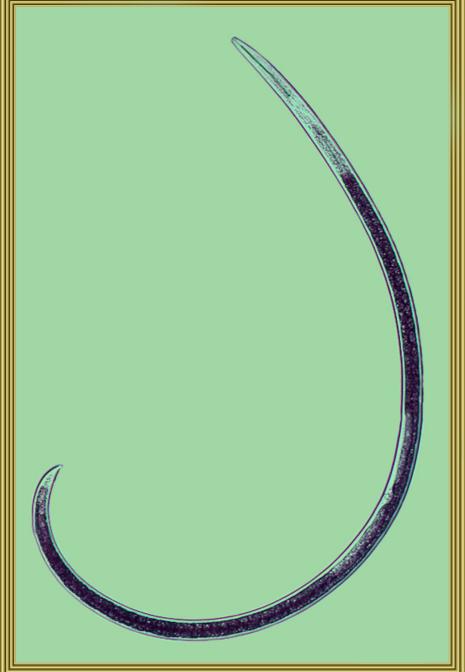
Café Filho, A.C. and C.S. Huang. 1989. Description of *Pratylenchus pseudofallax* n.sp. with a key to the species of the genus *Pratylenchus* Filipjev, 1936 (Nematoda: Pratylenchidae). Revue de Nématologie 12:7-15.

# ger Nematode

· CLASS · Aden oph orea ORDER Dorylaim ida FAMILY Longidoridae **GENUS & SPECIES •** Xiphinema americanum



GROUP 4 Ectoparasites



#### **KEY FEATURES**

- Long and thin body
- Sluggish movement
- · Long and thin stylet
- Stylet with extension
- Extension with three flanges
- Guide ring posterior
- · Procorpus narrow
- Corpus wide
- · Esophagus not overlapping
- Vulva midbody
- · Two ovaries
- Tail conical and dagger-like

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed in the USA in agricultural and forest soils
- Maize
- Soybean
- Strawberry
- · Cherry, peach, apple
- Raspberry
- Sugarcane
- · Wheat
- · Grape
- · Sycamore, pine, oak, spruce, etc.

### IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES

Lamberti, F., and M. Carone. 1991. A dichotomous key for the identification of species of Xiphinema (Nematoda: Dorylaimida) with the X. americanum-group. Nematologica Mediterranea 19:341-348.

Loof, P.A.A., M. Luc, and P. Baujard. 1996. A revised polytomous key for the identification of species of the genus Xiphinema Cobb, 1913 (Nematoda: Longidoridae) with exclusion of the X. americanum-group: Supplement 2. Systematic Parasitology 33:23-29.

# Ring Nematode

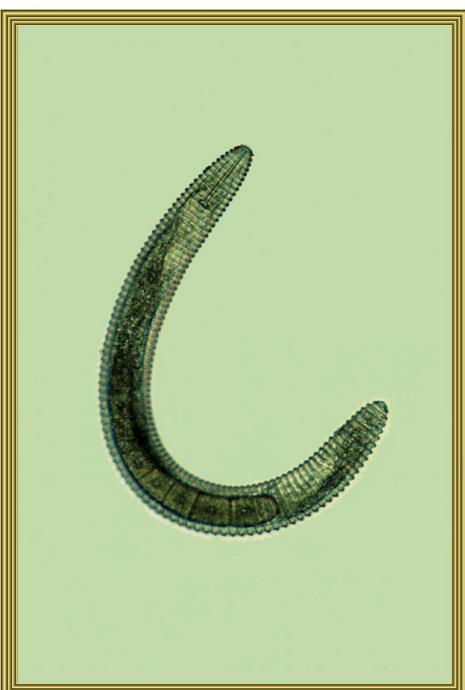
CLASS •

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Criconematoidea GENUS & SPECIES
 Mesocriconema xenoplax



• GROUP 4 • Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Body short and stout
- Very sluggish movement
- Deep annulations
- Annulation edges smooth
- Stylet long and thick
- Anchor shaped knobs
- Procorpus fused with metacorpus
- · Vulva near tail tip
- · One ovary
- Males very rare

### AND HOSTS

- · Widely distributed
- · Woody plants
- Turf grasses
- · Peach
- Grape
- Apple
- Plum
- · Walnut
- · Cherry
- · Almond
- ALC: THE
- Pine
- Maple
- Lettuce

### IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES

Loof, P.A.A., and A. DeGrisse. 1989. Taxonomic and nomenclatorial observation of the genus *Criconemella* DeGrisse & Loof, 1965 sensu Luc & Raski (Criconematidae). Meded. Fac. Landbouww. Rij. Gent 54:53-74.

Luc, M., and D.J. Raski. 1981. Status of the genera *Macropostonia*, *Criconemoides*, *Criconemella*, and *Xenocriconemella* (Criconematidae: Nematoda). Revue de Ném. 4:3-21.

# **Awl Nematode**

· CLASS ·

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

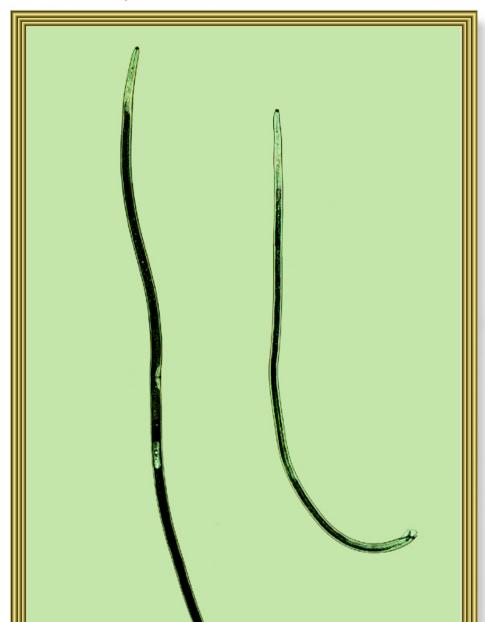
• FAMILY • Dolichodoridae

• GENUS & SPECIES • Dolichodorus heterocephalus



GROUP 4

Ectoparasites



#### **KEY FEATURES**

- Long and thin body
- Head region rounded and distinctly set-off
- Stylet long and thin with well-developed knobs
- Procorpus swollen
- Median bulb large
- Esophagous does not overlap the intestine
- Vulva near midbody
- Two ovaries
- Tail rounded with long and pointed tip
- Males with large bursae

### AND HOSTS

- Eastern USA, especially Florida
- · Sweet corn
- · Water chestnut
- Celery
- · Bean
- Tomato
- Pepper
- Turfgrasses

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Smart, G.C., Jr., and N.B. Khoung. 1985. *Dolichodorus miradvulvus* n. sp. (Nematoda: Tylenchida) with a key to species. Journal of Nematology 17:29-37.

Lewis, S.A., and A.M. Golden. 1981. Description and SEM observations of *Dolichodorus* marylandicus n. sp. with a key to species of *Dolichodorus*. Journal of Nematology 13:128-134.

# Spiral Nematode

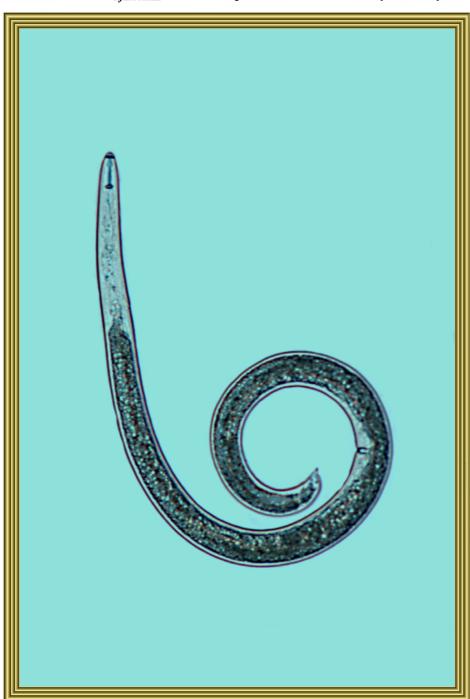
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· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Hoploliamidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Helicotylenchus dihystera

GROUP 4
 Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Moderately long body, cylindrical
- Spiral shaped when relaxed or cold
- Head region conical, framework weak
- Strong, short to moderately long stylet
- Vulva near midbody
- · Two ovaries
- Tail usually offset, often with a small projection
- · Males are rare

### AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed, almost cosmopolitan
- Wide host range
- Sugarcane
- Banana
- · Potato
- Rice
- Tea
- Maize
- Coffee
- · Bean
- Turfgrasses
- · Soybean
- · Wheat

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Firoza, K., and M.A. Maqbool. 1994. A diagnostic compendium of the genus *Helicotylenchus* Steiner, 1945 (Nematoda: Hoplolaimidae). Pakistan Journal of Nematology 12:11-50.

Fotedar, D.N., and V. Kaul. 1985. A revised key to the species of the genus *Helicotylenchus* Steiner, 1945 (Nematoda: Rotylenchoidinae). Indian Journal of Nematology 15:138-147.

# Lance Nematode

· CLASS · Secementes

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Hoplolaimidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Hoplolaimus galeatus



• GROUP 4 Ectoparasites



#### **KEY FEATURES**

- Very long and thick
- Robust stylet with anchor shaped knobs
- Sluggish movement
- · Set-off head cap
- Esophagus overlaps intestine dorsally
- Short, rounded tail in females and juveniles
- Pointed tail in male with small bursae

### AND HOSTS

- USA
- Woody and graminaceous plants
- Turfgrasses
- · Cotton
- Pine
- Sugarcane
- · Alfalfa
- Clover
- · Soybean
- · Peach
- · Wheat

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Handoo, Z.A., and A.M. Golden. 1992. A key and diagnostic compendium to the species of the genus *Hoplolaimus* Daday, 1905 (Nematoda: Hoplolaimidae). J. Nematology 15:45-53.

Sher, S.A. 1963. Revision of the Hoplolaiminae (Nematoda). II. *Hoplolaimus* Daday, 1905 and *Aorolaimus* n. gen. Nematologica 9:267-295.

# Pin Nematode

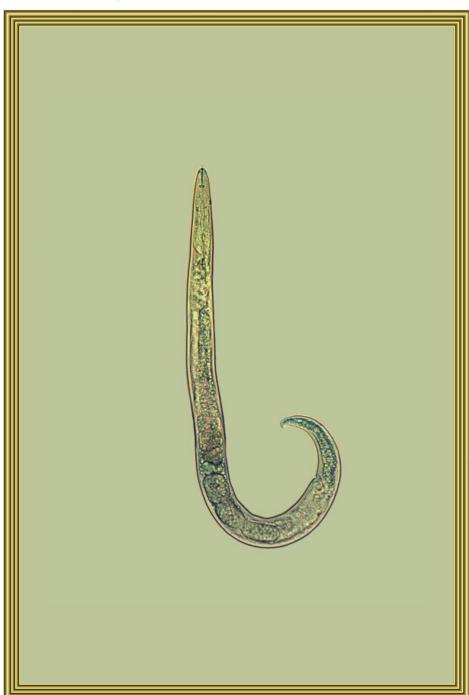
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· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Paratylenchidae • GENUS & SPECIES • Paratylenchus sp. GROUP 4

Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- · Very small body
- · Long, thin stylet
- Procorpus and metacorpus fused
- Metacorpus lining distinct
- Esophagus does not overlap intestine
- Vulva located posteriorly
- Body diameter reduced posterior to vulva
- Tail curved, tapered to a point
- · Males often common

### AND HOSTS

- · Eastern USA
- · Canada
- Europe
- Russia
- · New Zealand
- Turfgrasses
- · Alfalfa
- · Celery
- Azalea
- · Clover
- · Pine and oak trees
- Rose
- Strawberry
- · Onion

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Esser, R.P., 1992. A diagnostic compendium to species included in Paratylenchinae Thorne, 1949 and Tylenchocriconematinae Raski & Siddiqui, 1975 (Nematoda:Criconematoidea). Nematologica 38:146-163.

Geraert, E. 1965. The genus Paratylenchus. Nematologica 11:301-334.

# i**n Nematode**

CLASS • Secernentea ORDER Tylen chida

• FAMILY • Paratylenchidae

 GENUS & SPECIES Gracilacus sp.





### **KEY FEATURES**

- Very small body
- · Long, thin stylet
- · Procorpus and metacorpus fused
- Metacorpus lining distinct
- · Esophagus does not overlap intestine
- Vulva located posteriorly
- · Body diameter reduced posterior to vulva
- · Tail curved, tapered to a point
- · Males often common

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Eastern USA
- Canada
- Europe
- Russia
- · New Zealand
- Turfgrasses
- · Alfalfa
- · Celery
- · Azalea
- · Clover
- · Pine and oak trees
- Rose
- Strawberry
- · Onion

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Esser, R.P., 1992. A diagnostic compendium to species included in Paratylenchinae Thorne, 1949 and Tylenchocriconematinae Raski & Siddiqui, 1975 (Nematoda: Criconematoidea). Nematologica 38:146-163.

Geraert, E. 1965. The genus Paratylenchus. Nematologica 11:301-334.

# Stubby Root Nematode

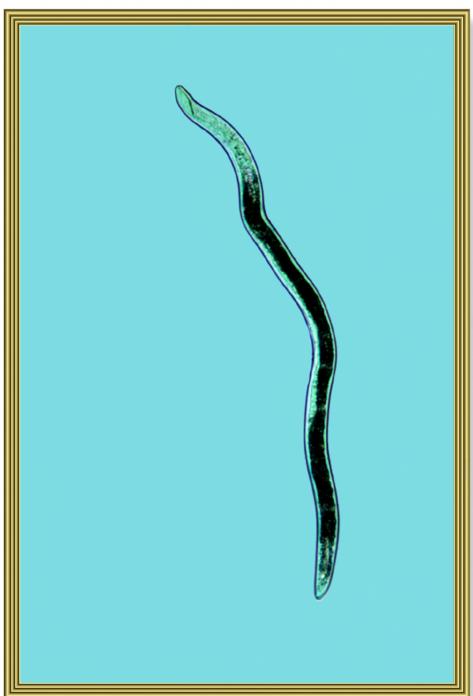


· CLASS · Adenophorea · ORDER ·
Triplonchida

• FAMILY • Trickodoridae GENUS & SPECIES
 Paratrichodorus minor

GROUP 4

Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Medium to thick body, cigar-shaped
- Stylet distinctly curved dorsally
- Knobs absent
- Esophagus not overlapping intestine
- · Vulva near midbody
- Head and tail bluntly rounded
- · Tail short
- Cuticle thick, often doubled
- · Males rare

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Occurs mainly in warmer soils
- Turfgrasses
- · Pasture grasses
- · Sugarcane
- Maize
- Strawberry
- · Tom ato
- · Banana
- · Tobacco
- · Clover
- · Potato
- Rice

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Decraemer, W. 1980. Systematics of the Trichodoridae (Nematoda) with keys to their species. Revue de Nématologie 3:81-99.

Loof, P. A. A. 1974. Taxonomy of Trichodoridae. Pp. 103-127, in, F. Lamberti, C. E. Taylor and J. W. Seinhorst, eds. Nematode Vectors of Plant Viruses. Plenum Press, New York.

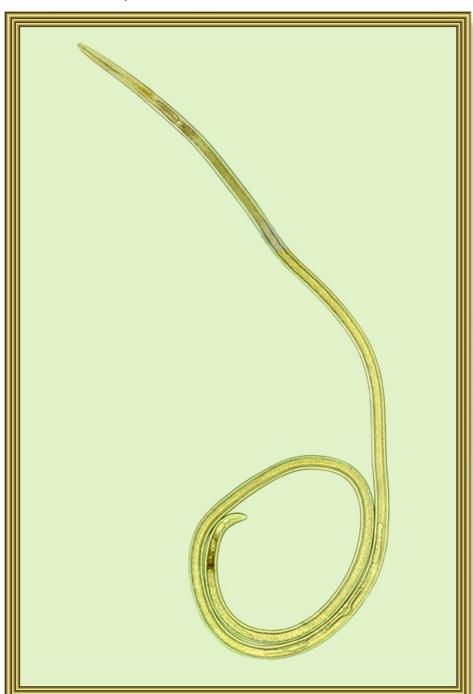
# Needle Nematode

· CLASS · Adenophorea • ORDER • Dorylaimida • FAMILY • Longidoridae GENUS & SPECIES
 Longidorus elongatus



• GROUP 4

Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Very, very long and thin
- Stylet very long, flanges absent
- Guiding ring near lip region
- Dorylamoid type of esophagous
- Vulva posterior to mid-body
- Two ovaries, short and reflexed
- · Tail short, conical
- · Males rare

### AND HOSTS

- Widespread in temperate areas and sandy soils
- USA
- · Europe
- Russia
- · Greece
- India
- · South Africa
- Numerous herbacious annuals and perennial crops
- Strawberry
- Peppermint
- Sugarbeet
- · Rye grass

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Arias, M., and M. A. Bravo. 1997. Identification of genera and species in the subfamily Longidoridae. Pp. 127-176 *in* An introduction to virus vector nematodes and their associated viruses. M. S. Santos, I. M. Abrantes, D. J. Brown, and R. M. Lemos, eds. Instituto do Ambiente e Vida; Coimbra, Portugal.

# Stunt Nematode

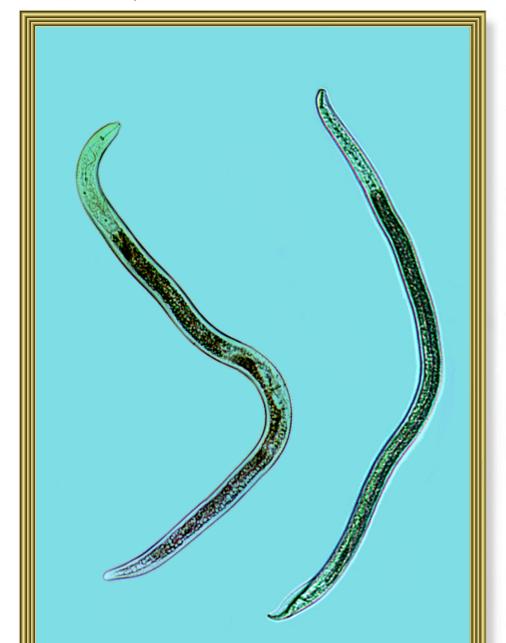
· CLASS ·
Secementea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Tylenchidae • GENUS & SPECIES • Tylenchorhynchus claytoni



• GROUP 4
Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Moderate length and width
- Short, moderately strong stylet
- Esophagus does not overlap intestine
- Lip region weakly developed
- Vulva near midbody
- Two ovaries; uteri often clear and elongate
- · Tail conical
- · Males common
- Mail tail pointed; small bursae

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed in eastern USA
- Turfgrasses
- · Potato
- Maize
- Red maple
- · Poplar
- · Wheat
- · Oats
- Tobacco

#### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Brzeski, M.W., and C.M. Dolinski. 1998. Compendium of the genus *Tylenchorhynchus* Cobb, 1913 sensu lato (Nematoda: Belonolaimidae). Russian J. Nematology 6:189-199.

Fortuner, R., and M. Luc. 1987. A reappraisal of Tylenchina (Nemata). 6. The family Belonolaimidae Whitehead, 1969. Revue dé Nématologie 10:183-202.

# Sheath Nematode

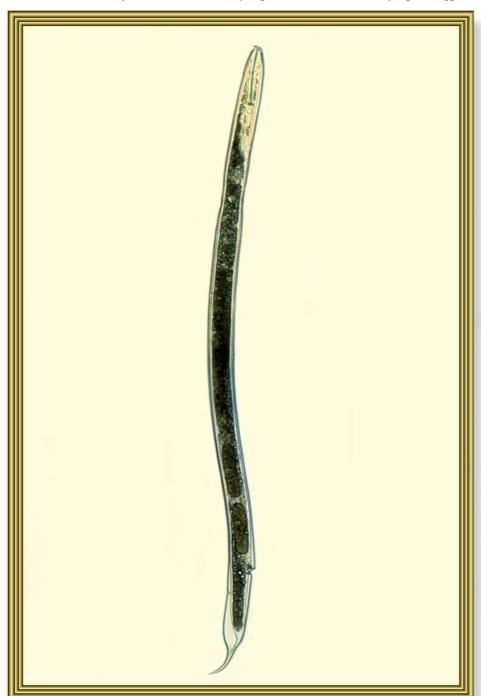
11

· CLASS · Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Hemicycliophoridae GENUS & SPECIES
 Hemicyclophora spp.





#### **KEY FEATURES**

- Moderately long, thick body
- Heavy annulations
- Enclosed in a sheath, head and tail may be withdrawn into cuticle
- Stylet long, strong and slightly curved
- Procorpus fused with metacorpus
- Tails of females pointed
- Males have small bursae

### AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed around the world
- Maple
- Willow
- Pine
- Cranberry
- Blueberry
- Maize
- Grasses

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Siddiqi, M.R. 1980. Taxonomy of the plant nematode superfamily Hemicycliophoroidea, with a proposal for Criconematina, a new suborder. Revue de Nématologie 3:179-199.

Brezski, M.W. 1974. Taxonomy of *Hemicycliophora* (Nematoda, Tylenchida). Zeszyty Problemowe Postepow Nauk Rolniczych 154:237-330.

# iral Nematode

· CLASS • · ORDER · Tylen chida

FAMILY Hoploliam idae GENUS & SPECIES . Rotylenchus buxophilous



**GROUP 4** 



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Small to medium long body
- Strong, short stylet with strong knobs
- Esophagus overlaps intestine dorsally
- Vulva near midbody
- Two ovaries
- Tail conical
- Movement sluggish
- Coils to a spiral when relaxed
- Males are rare

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- USA
- Spain
- Austria
- Poland
- India
- Bulgaria
- Taiwan
- English boxwood
- · Lima bean
- Strawberry
- Sugarcane
- Tomato
- Rye

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Geaert, E. and S. Barooti. 1996. Four *Rotylenchus* from Iran, with a key to the species. Nematologica 42:503-520.

Boag, B. and D.J. Hooper. 1981. Rotylenchus ouensensis n.sp. (Nematoda: Hoplolaimidae) from the Bristish Isles. Systematic Parasitology 3:119-125.

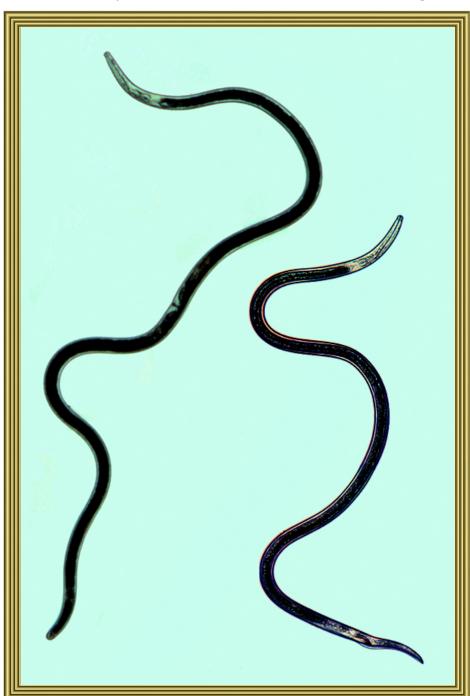
# Sting Nematode

13

· CLASS ·
Secernentea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Belonolaimidae • GENUS & SPECIES • Belonolaimus longicaudatus GROUP 4 Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Long and slender body
- Moderately active
- Rounded head region, distinctly set off from body
- Stylet long and thin with small rounded knobs
- Esophagus overlaps intestine dorsally
- · Vulva near mid-body
- Two ovaries
- Tail rounded
- · Males common

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Widespread in south eastern USA
- Turfgrasses
- Cotton
- · Soybean
- Maize
- Cowpea
- Peanut
- Cantaloupe
- Loblolly pine
- · Red maple
- Strawberry
- Tomato
- · Grapefruit

#### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Smart, Jr., G. C., and K. B. Nguyen. 1991. Sting and awl nematodes, *Belonolaimus* spp. and *Dolichodorus* spp. Pp. 627-667, *in*, W. R. Nickle, ed. Manual of Agricultural Nematology. Marcell Dekker, Inc., New York.

Rau, G.J. 1963. Three new species of *Belonlaimus* (Nematoda: Tylenchida) with additional data on *B. longicaudatus* and *B. gracilis*. Proc. Helm. Soc. Washington 30:119-128.

# Stem and Bulb Nematode

· CLASS · Secementea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Anguinidae GENUS & SPECIES
 Düylenchus dipsaci



• GROUP 5 • Above Ground Parasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Moderately long and wide body
- Short, thin stylet with distinct knobs
- Esophagus slightly overlaps intestine
- Post-vulval uterine sac distinct
- Female tail conoid, sharply pointed
- Male tail sharply pointed
- Small bursa present
- Anterior ends of spicules are curled

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- Widely distributed in temperate climates
- Daffodil, narcissus, tulip, hyacinth
- Onion, garlic, leek
- Beet, carrot, turnip
- Rye, oats, maize
- Pea, bean, potato
- Clover
- Strawberry
- Tobacco
- Hydrangea
- Phlox

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Brzeski, M.W. 1991. Review of the genus *Ditylenchus* Filipjev, 1936 (Nematoda: Anguinidae). Revue de Nématologie 14:9-59.

# Wheat Gall Nematode

· CLASS · Secementea

· ORDER · Tylenchida • FAMILY • Anguinidae • GENUS & SPECIES • Anguina tritici



• GROUP 5 • Above Ground Parasites



#### **KEY FEATURES**

- Very long and wide body
- Female body obese, spirally coiled when heat relaxed
- Stylet short and thin
- Tail conoid, tapered to an obtuse or rounded tip
- Anterior branch of ovary with two or more flexures
- Simple posterior uterine sac
- Small bursa

### AND HOSTS

- All wheat growing areas of the world
- Extinct or rare in the developed world
- India
- Ethiopia
- Romania
- Syria
- Yugoslavia
- Wheat
- Rye

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Chizhov, V.N., and S.A. Subbotin. 1990. Phytoparasitic nematodes of the subfamily Anguininae (Nematoda: Anguinidae). Revue de Nématologie 14:9-59.

Foliar Nematode

CLASS •

· ORDER · Tylen chida

FAMILY
 Aphelenchida

 GENUS & SPECIES Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi



GROUP 5
Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Slender and moderately long
- Short, weak stylet with very small knobs
- Esophagus overlaps intestine dorsally
- One ovary
- Vulva near posterior end of body
- An elongate postvulvar uterine sac
- Tail conical, tapering to a blunt tip
- · Male tail curved ventrally

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- USA
- Europe
- Russia
- South Africa
- Brazil
- Numerous hosts
- Strawberry
- Chrysanthemum
- Ornamentals
- Small fruits
- Flowers
- Tobacco
- Azalea

### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Hunt, D.J. 1993. Aphelenchida, Longidoridae and Trichodoridae: Their systematics and bionomics. CAB International: Wallingford, U.K.

Sanwal, K.C. 1961. A key to the species of Aphelenchoides Fischer, 1864. Canadian Journal of Zoology 39:143-148.

# Pinewood Nematode

4

• CLASS • Secementea

· ORDER ·
Tylenchida

• FAMILY • Aphelenchida · GENUS & SPECIES · Bursaphelenchus xylophilus

• GROUP 5
Ectoparasites



### **KEY FEATURES**

- Head region set off
- Moderately long
- Short, weak stylet; knobs small
- Esophagus overlaps intestine dorsally
- One ovary
- Vulva posterior, covered by a large flap
- Post vulvar uterine sac very long
- Spicule large, arcuate; prominent transverse bar

### DISTRIBUTION AND HOSTS

- USA
- Japan
- China
- Taiwan
- Portugal
- · Japanese red pine
- Japanese black pine
- Scotch pine
- Red pine
- Loblolly pine
- Slash pine
- Sand pine
- Maritime pine

#### **IMPORTANT KEYS TO SPECIES**

Yin, K.Y., Y. Fang and A.C. Tarjan. 1988. A key to species in the genus *Bursaphelenchus* with a description of *Bursaphelenchus hunanensis* sp. n. (Nematoda: Aphenlenchoidae) found in pine wood in Hunan Province, China. Proc. Helminth. Soc. Wash. 55:1-11.

Tarjan, A.C. and C.B. Argon. 1982. An analysis of the genus *Bursaphelenchus* Fuchs, 1937. Nematropica 12:121-144.