DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY,

AURANGABAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY



OUTCOME BASED CURRICULUM

Faculty of Science & Technology

M. Sc. Chemistry

(Semester I to IV)

Choice Based Credit and Grading System

Effective from : June 2017

PREFACE

Outcome Based Education (OBE) is the educational approach which focuses on student centric education in the context of development of personal, social, professional and knowledge (KSA) requirements in one's career and life. It is the decade ago curriculum development methodology. The educational triangle of *LEARNING-ASSESSMENT-TEACHING* is the unique nature of the OBE approach. The curriculum practices such as Competency Based Curriculum, Taylor's Model of Curriculum Development, Spadys' Curriculum principles, Blooms taxonomy and further use of assessment methodologies like, Norm-reference testing and Criterion reference testing, etc is being practiced since decades. It is also interesting to know that, globally, different countries and universities adopts the curriculum development models/approaches such as, CDIO (Conceive-Design-Implement-Operate), Evidenced Based Education, Systems' Approach, etc as the scientific and systematic approaches in curriculum design.

The authorities of Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad (M.S.) in-lieu of accreditation standards of National Assessment and Accreditation Council, decided to opt for Outcomes Based Education (OBE). As the part of the decision, different meetings, workshops and presentations were held at the campus of university.

This document is the outcome of different meetings and workshops held at university level and department level. The detailed document is designed and the existing curriculum of the department is transformed in to the framework of OBE. This is the first step towards the implementation of OBE in the department. The document will serve all stakeholders in the effective implementation of the curriculum. The OBE is continuous process for quality enhancement and it will go a long way in order to enhance the competencies and employability of the graduates/Post-graduates of the university department.

Head of the Department

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1.	Mission:						
	Mission Statement						
	To develop the researcher and scientist in chemical science through post-graduate						
	education and research programme.						
	To develop the competent manpower with technology based experimentati						
	methodologies and value based practices for business and industries.						
	To undertake projects to solve field base problems.						
	To provide student centric learning facilities for the development of overall personality						
	of learner.						
2.	Vision:						
	Vision Statement						
	A respectable teaching – learning and research organization nationally and						
	internationally in the area of chemical sciences. By providing competitive trained						
	chemists which will assist the chemical world, industries and stake holders						
	The mission and vision of the organization help in preparation of strategic plan.						
3.	Title of the Program (s):						
	Master Science - Chemistry						
4.	Program Educational Objectives:						
	The program educational objectives (PEO) are the statement that describes the career						
	and professional achievement after the program of studies (graduation/ post-graduation).						
	The PEO s are driven form question no. (ii) of the Mission statement (What is the						
	purpose of organization). The PEOs can be minimum three and maximum five.						
	PEO1 . To have advance browledge of shemistry domain						
	PEO1: To have advance knowledge of chemistry domain.						
	PEO2: To provide the professional services to industry,						
	Research organization, institutes.						
	PEO3: To provide the professional consultancy and research support						
	for the relevant organization in the domain of super specialization.						
	PEO4: To opt for higher education, disciplinary & multi-disciplinary research and to be a life-long learner.						
	PEO5: To provide, value based and ethical leadership in the professional and						
	social life.						
5.	. Program Outcomes:						
0.	The program outcomes (PO) are the statement of competencies/ abilities. POs are the						
	statement that describes the knowledge and the abilities the post-graduate will have by						
	the end of program studies.						
	a. In-depth and detailed functional knowledge of the fundamental theoretical						
	concepts and experimental methods of chemistry.						
	b. Apply/implement interface between on the one hand, the history of chemistry and						
	natural science and, on the other hand, issues pertaining to the areas of modern						
	technology, health, and environment.						
	c. Skills in planning and conducting advanced chemical experiments and applying						
	structural-chemical characterization techniques.						
	d. Skill in examining specific phenomena theoretically and/or experimentally.						

	e. Generation of new scientific insights or to the innovation of new applications of chemical research.
6.	Course- Program outcome Matrix:
	The Program Outcomes are developed through the curriculum (curricular/co-curricular- extra-curricular activities). The program outcomes are attained through the course implementation. As an educator, one must know, <u>"to which POs his/her course in</u> <u>contributing?</u> ". So that one can design the learning experiences, select teaching method and design the tool for assessment. Hence, establishing the Corse-PO matrix is essential step in the OBE. The course-program outcomes matrix indicates the co-relation between the courses and program outcomes. The CO-PO matrix is the map of list of courses contributing to the development of respective POs.

Semester wise CO-PO MATRIX

M. Sc. Chem	istry programme							
Paper No.	Course Title	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2
Semester-I(Core and Foundation Courses)							
CHEC-101	Inorganic chemistry	*	*					
CHEC-102	Organic chemistry	*	*					
CHEC-103	Physical chemistry	*	*					
CHEF-104	Analytical chemistry	*	*					
CHELI-105	Laboratory course	*	*	*				
CHELO-106	Laboratory course	*	*	*				
CHELP-107	Laboratory course	*	*	*				
Semester- II	(Core and Foundation Courses	s)						
CHEC-201	Inorganic chemistry	*	*					
CHEC-202	Organic chemistry	*	*					
CHEC-203	Physical chemistry	*	*					
CHEF-204	Analytical chemistry	*	*					
CHEF-205	Research methodology	*	*					
CHER-206	Review of literature	*	*	*				
CHELI-207	Laboratory course	*	*	*				
CHELO-208	Laboratory course	*	*	*				
CHELP-209	Laboratory course	*	*	*				
Semester- II	I (Core and Elective Courses) I	norgar	nic Ch	emistr	y			
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by	*	*					
	spectral methods							
CHECI-302	Bioinorganic and			*	*	:	*	
	supramolecular chemistry							
CHECI-303	Applied inorganic chemistry			*	*		*	
CHEEI-304	Chemistry of materials			*	*	:	*	
CHEEI-305	Environmental chemistry			*	*	:	*	
CHEEI-306	Solid state chemistry			*	*	:	*	
CHEEI-310	Instrumental methods of			*	*	:	*	

	chemical analysis						
CHELI-307				*	*	*	
CHELI-307 CHELI-308	Laboratory course			*	*	*	
	Laboratory course			*	*	*	
CHELI-309	Laboratory course	<u> </u>			*	*	
	(Core and Elective Courses) Ir	organi	c Chen	-			
CHECI-401	Nuclear chemistry			*	*	*	
CHECI-402	Photoinorganic chemistry			*	*	*	
CHECI-403	Therapeutic bioinorganic and			*	*	*	
	forensic chemistry					*	
CHEEI-404	Organo transition metal			*	*	*	
	chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEI-405	Polymer chemistry			-	-		
CHEEI-406	Theoretical and structural			*	*	*	
	inorganic chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEI-409	Technology for converting			*	*	*	
	waste agriculture biomass to						
CHEID 407	energy	*	*	*	*	*	
CHEIR-407	Research project	T	*	*	ጥ	*	
CHEIR-408	(Experimental)	*	*	*	*	*	
CHEIK-408	Research project (Dissertation, presentation						
	and Seminars)						
Somostor- III	(Core and Elective Courses) O	ragnic	Chomi	stry			
CHESC-301			*	sti y			
CHESC-501	Structural elucidation by spectral methods	•					
CHECO- 302	Organic synthesis			*	*	*	
CHECO- 302 CHECO- 303	Photochemistry, free radicals			*	*	*	
CIIECO- 303	and pericyclic reactions						
CHEEO-304	Advanced organic chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEO -305	Environmental chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEO- 306	Green chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEO- 300 CHEEO- 310	Novel materials and green			*	*	*	
CHEEO- 510	industrial catalysis						
CHELO- 307	Laboratory course			*	*	*	
CHELO- 307 CHELO- 308	Laboratory course			*	*	*	
CHELO- 309				*	*	*	
	Laboratory course		Charret		·•·		
	(Core and Elective Courses) O	rganic	Cnemi	stry *	*	*	
CHECO -401	Heterocyclic chemistry			*	*	*	
CHECO -402	Organic synthesis:			*	ጥ	*	
	Retrosynthetic approach			*	*	*	
CHECO -403	Chemistry of natural			*	ጥ	*	
CHEEO -404	products Madiainal abamistry			*	*	*	
	Medicinal chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEO -405	Organic high polymers			*	*	*	
CHEEO -406	Drug design and drug			*	т	́т	
CHEEO 400	discovery Champinformation			*	*	*	
CHEEO-409	Chemoinformatics	*	*	*	*	*	
CHEOR-407	Research project	~	*	4	т Т	-1×	

	(Experimental)						
CHEOR-408	Research project	*	*	*	*	*	
children 100	(Dissertation, Presentation						
	and Seminars)						
Semester- III	(Core and Elective Courses) Pl	hysical	Cher	nistry			
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by	*	*				
	spectral methods						
CHECP- 302	Solid state chemistry			*	*	*	
CHECP-303	Thermodynamics			*	*	*	
CHEEP - 304	Advanced electrochemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEP - 305	Environmental chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEP-306	Nuclear chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEP-310	Chemical mathematics and			*	*	*	
	computer programming						
CHELP-307	Laboratory course			*	*	*	
CHELP-308	Laboratory course			*	*	*	
CHEPR-309	Laboratory course			*	*	*	
Semester- IV	(Core and Elective Courses) P	hysical	Che	mistry		•	
CHECP-401	Surface and			*	*	*	
	magnetochemistry						
CHECP -402	Polymer chemistry			*	*	*	
CHECP -403	Chemical dynamics and			*	*	*	
	catalysis						
CHEEP -404	Nano chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEP -405	Instrumental methods of			*	*	*	
	chemical analysis,						
CHEEP-406	Biophysical chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEEP-409	Advance quantum chemistry			*	*	*	
CHEPR -407	Research Project	*	*	*	*	*	
	(Experimental)						
CHEPR - 08	Research Project	*	*	*	*	*	
	(Dissertation Presentation and						
	Seminars)			• • •			
	(Core and Elective Courses) A	nalytic	al Cr	iemistry	, 		
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by	~~	~				
CHECA-302	spectral methods			*	*	*	
CHECA-302	Advanced analytical techniques-I				•		
CHECA-303	Quality assurance and			*	*	*	
CHECA-303	accreditation						
CHEEA-304	Electro analytical technique			*	*	*	
CHEEA-305	Advanced analytical			*	*	*	
	Techniques-II						
CHEEA-306	Polymer &petrochemical			*	*	*	
	analysis						
CHEEA-310	Synthetic Organic			*	*	*	
	Chemistry-I						

CHELA-307	Laboratory course			*	*	*				
CHELA-308	Laboratory course			*	*	*				
CHELA-09				*	*	*				
	Laboratory course			-						
Semester- IV	Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Analytical Chemistry									
CHECA -401	Analytical Method			*	*	*				
	Development and validation									
CHECA -402	Pharmaceutical and forensic			*	*	*				
	analysis									
CHECA -403	Environmental analysis and			*	*	*				
	monitoring									
CHEEA -404	Food, fertilizer &pesticides			*	*	*				
	analysis									
CHEEA -405	Ores, alloys & cosmetics			*	*	*				
	Analysis									
CHEEA -406	Microbial and clinical			*	*	*				
	analysis									
CHEEA-409	Synthetic organic			*	*	*				
	chemistry-II									
CHEAR- 407	Research project	*	*	*	*	*				
	(Experimental)									
CHEAR-408	Research project	*	*	*	*	*				
	(Dissertation, Presentation									
	and Seminars)									

7.	Course Outcomes (for all courses):
	The course outcomes are the statement that describes the knowledge & abilities developed in
	the student by the end of course (subject) teaching. The focus is on development of abilities
	rather than mere content. There can be 5 to 7 course outcomes of any course. These are to be
	written in the specific terms and not in general. The list of course outcomes is the part of
	<u>Annexure-C</u> attached herewith.
8.	Set Target levels for Attainment of Course Outcomes:
	The course outcome attainment is assessed in order to track the graduates' performance w.r.t
	target level of performance. The CO-PO attainment is the tool used for continuous
	improvement in the graduates' abilities through appropriate learning & teaching strategies.
	In order to assess students' performance with respect to abilities (at the end of course
	teaching/by the end of program) the course outcome attainment are measured/calculated. In
	order to calculate the program outcome attainment, the course outcome attainment is
	calculated. Prior to that, the course-program outcome mapping is done.
9.	Set Target level for Attainment of Program Outcomes:
	The program outcome attainment is assessed in order to track the graduates' performance
	w.r.t target level of performance. The CO-PO attainment is the tool used for continuous
	improvement in the graduates' abilities through appropriate learning & teaching strategies.
	In order to assess students' performance with respect to abilities (at the end of course
	teaching/by the end of program) the course outcome attainment and program outcome
	attainment is measured/calculated. The program outcome attainment is governed by
	curricular, co-curricular and extra-curricular activities including the stakeholders'

	participation. The direct method and indirect method is adopted to calculate the PO attainment. The direct method implies the attainment by course outcomes contributing to respective program outcomes. And indirect method is the satisfaction/feed-back survey of stakeholders. In order to calculate the program outcome attainment, the course outcome attainment is calculated. Prior to that, the course-program outcome mapping is done. The set target level is the set benchmark to ensure the continuous improvements in the learners/ graduates' performance.
10.	Course Attainment Levels:
	a). CO attainment is defined/set at three levels;
	b). The CO attainment is based on end term examination assessment and internal assessment;c). The Co attainment is defined at three levels in ascending order-d). Course Levels:
	(\cdot) Level 1, 400/ students score greater than or equal to class even go
	i). Level-1: 40% students score greater than or equal to class averageii). Level-2: 50% students score greater than or equal to class average
	iii). Level-3: 60% students score greater than or equal to class average
	in). Dever 5. 00%students seere greater than of equal to class average
	Target Level: Level - 2
	e). The target level is set (e.g. Level-2). It indicates that, the current target is level-2; 50% students score more than class average. The CO attainment is measured and the results are obtained. Based on the results of attainment, the corrective measures/remedial action are taken.
	f). CO Attainment= 80% (Attainment level in end term examination) + 20% (Attainment level in internal examination).
	g). The example of calculating CO attainment is provided for one of the course from
	Inorganic Chemistry in Point No. 12.
11	Program attainment Level:
	a). PO attainment is defined at five levels in ascending order;
	b). The PO attainment is based on the average attainment level of corresponding courses (Direct Method) and feed-back survey (Indirect method);
	c). The PO attainment levels are defined / set as stated below;
	i). Level-1: Greater than 0.5 and less than 1.0 (0.5>1)- Poor
	ii). Level-2: 1.0>1.5-Average
	iii). Level-3: 1.5>2.0-Good
	iv). Level-4: 2.0>2.5-Very Good
	v). Level-5: 2.5>3.0 -Excellentd). The PO attainment target level is set/defined (say, Level-4). It implies that, the
	department is aiming at minimum level-4 (very good) in the performance of abilities by
	the graduates. Based upon the results of attainment, the remedial measures are taken;
	e). PO Attainment= 80% (Average attainment level by direct method) + 20% (Average
	attainment level by indirect method).
	f). The example of calculating PO attainment is provided for one of the PO from
	Inorganic Chemistry in Point No. 13.
	•

12. Results of CO Attainment: PLEASE SEE THE ANNEXURE-B FOR EXAMPLE:

COURSE CODE/TITLE: CHEC-103 ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

e.g. For end term and internal examination;

i. Level-1: 40% students scored more than class average

ii. Level-2: 50% students score more than class average;

iii. Level-3: 60% students score more than class average

Average Marks in External examination: 26

% Students score more than 26 is 58/107 i.e. 54.20% i.e. Levl-2

Average Marks in Internal examination= 7

% Students score more than 7 is 71/107 i.e.66.35%, i.e. Level-3

A (CO) CHE-103= 80% (2) +20(3)

=1.6+0.6

= 2.2

Hence, The attainment level is Level-2 and the set target level is Level-2 and therefore the CO is Fully attained.

	CC) Attainmen	t Level		
Paper No.	Course Title	CO Attainm ent	Target Attainmen t Level	Fully Attained/ Not	Remedial Measures
		Value		Attained	
	ore and Foundation Cou		-		1
CHEC-101	Inorganic chemistry	3	2	Fully Attained	
CHEC-102	Organic chemistry	2.2	2	Fully Attained	
CHEC-103	Physical chemistry	2	2	Fully Attained	
CHEF-104	Analytical chemistry	2.2	2	Fully Attained	
CHELI-105	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully Attained	
CHELO-106	Laboratory course	2.2	2	Fully Attained	
CHELP-107	Laboratory course	2.2	2	Fully Attained	
Semester- II (Core and Foundation Co	urses)			
CHEC-201	Inorganic chemistry	3	2	Fully Attained	
CHEC-202	Organic chemistry	2.2	2	Fully Attained	
CHEC-203	Physical chemistry	2.2	2	Fully Attained	
CHEF-204	Analytical chemistry	2.2	2	Fully	

Table No. 1.0: CO Attainment Level

				Attained	
		2.2	2		
CHEF-205	Research methodology	2.2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHER-206	Review of literature	2.2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHELI-207	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHELO-208	Laboratory course	2.2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHELP-209	Laboratory course	2.2	2	Fully	
	5			Attained	
Semester- III	(Core and Elective Course	s) Inorgan	ic Chemistry		
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation	3	2	Fully	
CHLDC 501	by spectral methods	5	2	Attained	
CHECI-302	Bioinorganic and	3	2	Fully	
CHECI-302	supramolecular	5	2	Attained	
	chemistry			Attained	
		3	2	E11	
CHECI-303	Applied inorganic	3	Z	Fully	
	chemistry	2	2	Attained	
CHEEI-304	Chemistry of materials	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEEI-305	Environmental	3	2	Fully	
	chemistry			Attained	
CHEEI-306	Solid state chemistry	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEEI-310	Instrumental methods			Fully	
	of chemical analysis			Attained	
CHELI-307	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
	-			Attained	
CHELI-308	Laboratory course	2.2	2	Fully	
	<u> </u>			Attained	
CHELI-309	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
	Laboratory course	5	-	Attained	
Somostor- IV (Core and Elective Course	c) Inorgan	ic Chemistry	7 Humou	
CHECI-401	Nuclear chemistry	2.2	2	Fully	
	inducted chemistry	2.2	<u>ک</u>	Attained	
CHECT 402	Dhatainanaania	3	2		
CHECI-402	Photoinorganic	3	Z	Fully	
	chemistry	2	2	Attained	
CHECI-403	Therapeutic	3	2	Fully	
	bioinorganic and			Attained	
	forensic chemistry				
CHEEI-404	Organo transition	3	2	Fully	
	metal chemistry OR			Attained	
CHEEI-405	Polymer chemistry	3	2	Fully	
	OR			Attained	
CHEEI-406	Theoretical and	3	2	Fully	
	structural inorganic			Attained	
	chemistry				
CHEEI-409	Technology for	3	2	Fully	
		~		1	

	converting waste			Attained	
				Attaineu	
	agriculture biomass to				
CUEID 407	energy Descent and	(5	F 11	
CHEIR-407	Research project	6	5	Fully	
	(Experimental)	5.0	4	Attained	
CHEIR-408	Research project	5.2	4	Fully	
	(Dissertation,			Attained	
	presentation and				
Somester III (Seminars) Core and Elective Course	a) Organi	Chamiatay		
	Structural elucidation			Enller	
CHESC-301		3	2	Fully	
	by spectral methods	2	2	Attained	
CHECO-302	Organic synthesis	3	2	Fully	
			2	Attained	
CHECO-303	Pericyclic reactions,	2	2	Fully	
	photochemistry and			Attained	
	free radicals	2			
CHEEO-304	Advanced organic	3	2	Fully	Assignments,
	chemistry			Attained	tutorials,
					exercise and
					remedial
		2	2	D 11	coaching
CHEEO-305	Environmental	3	2	Fully	
	chemistry	2		Attained	
CHEEO-306	Green chemistry	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEEO-310	Novel materials and	3	2	Fully	
	green industrial			Attained	
	catalysis	2	2	F 11	
CHELO-307	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
	T 1 /	2	2	Attained	
CHELO-308	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
			2	Attained	
CHELO-309	Laboratory course	2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
	Core and Elective Course	_	-		
CHECO-401	Heterocyclic	3	2	Fully	
	chemistry			Attained	
CHECO-402	Organic synthesis:	3	2	Fully	
	Retrosynthetic			Attained	
	approach	-			
CHECO-403	Chemistry of natural	3	2	Fully	
	products			Attained	
CHEEO-404	Medicinal chemistry	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEEO-405	Organic high polymers	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEEO-406	Drug design and drug	3	2	Fully	
	discovery			Attained	

CHEEO-409	Chemoinformatics	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEOR-407	Research project	6	5	Fully	
	(Experimental)			Attained	
CHEOR-408	Research project	5.2	4	Fully	
	(Dissertation,			Attained	
	presentation and				
	Seminars)				
Semester- III (Core and Elective Course	es) Physical	Chemistry		
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation	3	2	Fully	
	by spectral methods			Attained	
CHECP-302	Solid state chemistry	2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHECP-303	Thermodynamics	2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEEP-304	Advanced	2	2	Fully	
	electrochemistry			Attained	
CHEEP-305	Nuclear chemistry	2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHEEP-306	Environmental	2	2	Fully	
	chemistry			Attained	
CHEEP-310	Chemical mathematics	2	2	Fully	
	and computer			Attained	
	programming				
CHELP-307	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
	5			Attained	
CHELP-308	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHELP-309	Laboratory course	2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
Semester- IV (Core and Elective Course	es) Physical	Chemistry		
CHECP-401	Surface and	2.8	2		
	magnetochemistry				
CHECP-402	Polymer chemistry				
CHECP-403	Chemical dynamics	2.2	2		
	and catalysis				
CHEEP-404	Nanochemistry	2	2		
CHEEP-405	Quantum chemistry	2	2		
CHEEP-406	Biophysical chemistry	2	2		
CHEEP-409	Advance quantum	2	2		
	chemistry				
CHEPR-407	Research Project-	6	5		
	(Experimental)				
CHEPR-408	Research project	5.2	4		
	(Dissertation,				
	presentation and				
	Seminars)				
Semester- III (Core and Elective Course	es) Analytic	al Chemistr	y.	
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation	3	2	Fully	
		I	I	<i></i>	

	by spectral methods			Attained	
CHECA-302	Advanced Analytical	3	2	Fully	
0112011002	Techniques-I	C	_	Attained	
CHECA-303	Quality Assurance and	3	2	Fully	
	Accreditation	5	_	Attained	
CHEEA-304	Electro analytical	3	2	Fully	
CHLLA-304	Technique	5	2	Attained	
CHEEA -305	Advanced Analytical	3	2	Fully	
CHLLA -505	Techniques-II	5	2	Attained	
CHEEA- 306	Polymer &	3	2	Fully	
CHEEA- 300	Petrochemical	5	2	Attained	
	Analysis			Attaineu	
CHEEA -310	Synthetic organic	3	2	Eully	
CHEEA - 510		5	2	Fully Attained	
	chemistry-I	2	2		
CHELA-307	Laboratory course	3	2	Fully	
		2		Attained	
CHELA- 308	Laboratory course	2	2	Fully	
				Attained	
CHELA-309	Laboratory course			Fully	
				Attained	
	Core and Elective Course		-		
CHECA -401	Analytical Method	3	2	Fully	
	Development and			Attained	
	Validation				
CHECA -402	Pharmaceutical, and	3	2	Fully	
	Forensic Analysis			Attained	
CHECA -403	Environmental	2.2	2	Fully	
	Analysis and			Attained	
	Monitoring				
CHEEA -404	Food, Fertilizer &	3	2	Fully	
	Pesticides Analysis			Attained	
CHEEA -405	Ores, Alloys &	3	2	Fully	
	Cosmetics Analysis			Attained	
CHEEA -406	Microbial and Clinical	3	2	Fully	
	Analysis			Attained	
CHEEA -409	Synthetic organic	3	2	Fully	
	chemistry-II	_		Attained	
CHEAR- 407	Research project	6	5	Fully	
	(Experimental)	0		Attained	
CHEAR- 408	Research project	5.2	4	Fully	
	(Dissertation,	5.2		Attained	
	Presentation and			7 Rumou	
	Seminars)				
	Sommars)				

13. Results of PO Attainment:

PLEASE SEE THE ANNEXURE-B FOR EXAMPLE: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

PO No.: PO5

(Note: Refer point No. 11 above which describes the attainment level and set target attainment level)

PO Attainment= 80% (Average attainment level by direct method) + 20% (Average attainment level by indirect method).

A (PO) 5 = 80% (3+3+3+2.2+3+3+3+3+2.2+3+3)/11 + 20% (2.85)

=80% (2.85) + 20% (2.85)

= 2.85 i.e. Level-5. The Target Level is Level-4. Hence, PO is attained.

Table No. 2.0 PO Attainment Level

PO/PSO	PO Attainment	Target Attainment	Fully attained/ Not	Remedial
number	Value	level	Attained	Measures
а	2.49	4	Fully attained	Not Applicable
b	2.53	4	Fully attained	
с	2.80	4	Fully attained	
d	2.85	4	Fully attained	
e	2.85	4	Fully attained	

M. Sc. Ist – IVth Semester INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

M. Sc. I st – IV th Semester ORGANIC CHEMIST	RY
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PO/PSO number	PO Attainment Value	Target Attainment level	Fully attained/ Not Attained	Remedial Measures
а	2.49	4	Fully attained	Not Applicable
b	2.46	4	Fully attained	
с	2.56	4	Fully attained	
d	2.60	4	Fully attained	
e	2.60	4	Fully attained	

M. Sc. I st – IV th Semester PHYSICAL	CHEMISTRY
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PO/PSO	PO Attainment	Target Attainment	Fully attained/ Not	Remedial
number	Value	level	Attained	Measures
а	2.42	4	Fully attained	Not Applicable
b	2.39	4	Fully attained	
с	2.40	4	Fully attained	
d	2.36	4	Fully attained	
e	2.36	4	Fully attained	

PO/PSO	PO Attainment	Target Attainment	Fully attained/ Not	Remedial				
number	Value	level	Attained	Measures				
а	2.49	4	Fully attained	Not Applicable				
b	2.53	4	Fully attained					
с	2.77	4	Fully attained					
d	2.82	4	Fully attained					
e	2.82	4	Fully attained					

M. Sc. Ist – IVth Semester ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY

14.	Planned Actions for Course Attainment:
	The Course having CO attainment less than Level-2 shall be addressed by remedial
	measures such as assignments, tutorials, exercises and remedial coaching.
15.	Planned Actions for Program Outcome Attainment: Not Applicable

ANNEXURE-B

COURSE ATTAINMENT & PO ATATINEMENT LEVEL

M. Sc. Cher	nistry programme					
Paper No.	Course Title	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
Semester-I(Core and Foundation Courses)					
CHEC-101	Inorganic chemistry	3	3			
CHEC-102	Organic chemistry	2.2	2.2			
CHEC-103	Physical chemistry	2	2			
CHEF-104	Analytical chemistry	2.2	2.2			
CHELI-105	Laboratory course	3	3	3		
CHELO-106	Laboratory course	2.2	2.2	2.2		
CHELP-107	Laboratory course	2.2	2.2	2.2		
Semester- II (Core and Foundation Courses)					
CHEC-201	Inorganic chemistry	3	3			
CHEC-202	Organic chemistry	2.2	2.2			
CHEC-203	Physical chemistry	2	2			
CHEF-204	Analytical chemistry	2.2	2.2			
CHEF-205	Research methodology	2.2	2.2			
CHER-206	Review of literature	2.2	2.2			
CHELI-207	Laboratory course	3	3	3		
CHELO-208	Laboratory course	2.2	2.2	2.2		
CHELP-209	Laboratory course	2.2	2.2	2.2		
Semester- III	(Core and Elective Courses) Inorga	nic Che	emistry			
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral		3	3		
	methods					
CHECI-302	Bioinorganic and supramolecular			3	3	3
	chemistry					
CHECI-303	Applied inorganic chemistry			3	3	3
CHEEI-304	Chemistry of materials			3	3	3

CHEEI-305	Environmental chemistry		1	3	3	3
CHEEI-306	Solid state chemistry O			3	3	3
CHEEI-310	Instrumental methods of chemical			3	3	3
011221 010	analysis					
CHELI-307	Laboratory course			3	3	3
CHELI-308	Laboratory course			2.2	2.2	2.2
CHELI-309	Laboratory course			3	3	3
	Core and Elective Courses) Inorga	nic Che	mistrv			
CHECI-401	Nuclear chemistry			2.2	2.2	2.2
CHECI-402	Photoinorganic chemistry			3	3	3
CHECI-403	Therapeutic bioinorganic and			3	3	3
	forensic chemistry					
CHEEI-404	Organo transition metal chemistry			3	3	3
CHEEI-405	Polymer chemistry			3	3	3
CHEEI-406	Theoretical and structural			3	3	3
	inorganic chemistry					
CHEEI-409	Technology for converting waste			3	3	3
	agriculture biomass to energy					
CHEIR-407	Research project (Experimental)	3	3	6	6	6
CHEIR-408	Research project (Dissertation,	3	3	3	3	3
	presentation and Seminars)					
Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Organi	ic Chen	nistry			
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral		2	2		
	methods					
CHECO- 302	Organic synthesis			3	3	3
CHECO- 303	Photochemistry, free radicals and			2	2	2
	pericyclic reactions					
CHEEO -304	Advanced organic chemistry			1.4	1.4	1.4
CHEEO -305	Environmental chemistry			2	2	2
CHEEO- 306	Green chemistry			2	2	2
CHEEO- 310	Novel materials and green			1.4	1.4	1.4
	industrial catalysis					
CHELO- 307	Laboratory course			3	3	3
CHELO- 308	Laboratory course			3	3	3
CHELO- 309	Laboratory course			2	2	2
Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Organi	ic Chen	nistry			
CHECO -401	Heterocyclic chemistry			3	3	3
CHECO -402	Organic synthesis: Retrosynthetic			2.2	2.2	2.2
	approach					
CHECO -403	Chemistry of natural products			3	3	3
CHEEO -404	Medicinal chemistry			3	3	3
CHEEO -405	Organic high polymers			3	3	3
CHEEO -406	Drug design and drug discovery			3	3	3
CHEEO -409	Chemoinformatics			3	3	3
CHEOR-407	Research project (Experimental)	3	3	6	6	6
		1		1		
CHEOR-408	Research project (Dissertation,	3	3	3	3	3

Semester- III	(Core and Elective Courses) Physic	al Che	mistry			
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral		2	2		
	methods					
CHECP- 302	Solid state chemistry			2	2	2
CHECP-303	Thermodynamics			2	2	2
CHEEP - 304	Advanced electrochemistry, OR			2	2	2
CHEEP -305	Environmental chemistry, OR			2	2	2
CHEEP-306	Nuclear chemistry			2	2	2
CHEEP-310	Chemical mathematics and			2	2	2
CHEEP 310	computer programming			_	-	-
CHELP-307	Laboratory course			3	3	3
CHELP-308	Laboratory course			2	2	2
CHEPR-309	Laboratory course			3	3	3
	(Core and Elective Courses) Physic	l Cha	mistry	5	5	5
				2.8	2.8	2.8
CHECP-401 CHECP -402	Surface and magnetochemistry			2.8	2.8	2.8
	Polymer chemistry			2.2	2.2	2.2
CHECP -403 CHEEP -404	Chemical dynamics and catalysis Nano chemistry			2.2	2.2	2.2
	Instrumental methods of chemical			2.8		
CHEEP -405				2.8	2.8	2.8
CHEED 406	analysis Discharging have been been been been been been been be			2.8	2.8	2.8
CHEEP-406	Biophysical chemistry					
CHEEP-409	Advance quantum chemistry	3	3	2.8 6	2.8 6	2.8
CHEPR -407	Research project (Experimental)	3	3	0	0	6
CHEPR - 08	Research project (Dissertation	3	3	3	3	3
	Presentation and Seminars)					
Semester- III	(Core and Elective Courses) Analyt	ical C	hemistr	y		
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral		2	2		
	methods					
CHECA- 302	Advanced analytical techniques-I			3	3	3
CHECA- 303	Quality assurance and					
	accreditation					
CHEEA - 304	Electro analytical technique			3	3	3
CHEEA - 305	Advanced analytical techniques-II			3	3	3
CHEEA- 306	Polymer & petrochemical analysis			3	3	3
CHEEA -310	Synthetic Organic Chemistry-I			3	3	3
CHELA- 307	Laboratory course			3	3	3
CHELA- 308	Laboratory course		1	3	3	3
CHELA- 309	Laboratory course		1	2	2	2
	(Core and Elective Courses) Analy	tical C	hemistr	v	1	
CHECA -401	Analytical method development			<u> </u>		
	and validation					
CHECA -402	Pharmaceutical, and Forensic		1	2.8	2.8	2.8
	Analysis					
CHECA -403	Environmental analysis and		1	3	3	3
	monitoring					
CHEEA -404	Food, fertilizer & pesticides	l	1	2.2	2.2	2.2
	analysis					
	joio	L	1	1	I	

CHEEA -405	Ores, alloys & cosmetics analysis			3	3	3
CHEEA -406	Microbial and clinical analysis			2.8	2.8	2.8
CHEEA -409	Synthetic organic chemistry-II			2.8	2.8	2.8
CHEAR-407	Research project (Experimental)	3	3	6	6	6
CHEAR-408	Research project (Dissertation,	3	3	3	3	3
	Presentation and Seminars)					

ANNEXURE-C :COURSE OUTCOMES

M. Sc. Chemistry programme

Semester- I (Core and Foundation Courses)

CHEC-101 : Inorganic chemistry

- 1. Describe advanced symmetry concepts of chemical molecules and its applications .
- 2. To identify the axis, plane, center and point group, polarity, dipole moment, product of symmetry operation and character table of chemical compounds.
- 3. Analyze the reaction mechanism of metal complex formation including structure and properties
- 4. Describe the role of metal in biological system and their function.

CHEC-102 : Organic chemistry

- 1. To describe the chemical and molecular processes that takeplace in organic chemical reactions.
- 2. To perform aliphatic nucleophilic substitution reactions
- 3. To differentiate the various types of aliphatic nucleophilic substitution
- 4. To explain the concept of aromaticity
- 5. To describe the various types of aromaticity
- 6. To explain the stereochemistry substitution reaction
- 7. To identify the stereochemical notations

CHEC-103 : Physical chemistry

- 1. Explain the concept of activation energy and its effects on the rates of chemical reactions.
- 2. Apply the tools to derive the rate law and its mechanism
- 3. To explain the influence of different parameters on rate of reactions
- 4. Implement the interaction of radiation with matter, and a basic understanding of absorption, emission and scattering processes.
- 5. Apply the basic principles of the major spectroscopes, including ultraviolet & visible spectroscopy, infrared and microwave spectroscopes

CHEF-104 : Analytical chemistry

- 1. To describe the basic concept of analytical chemistry. Qualitative and quantitative analysis.
- 2. To use/apply the basic statistical treatment of the analytical data for getting a correct result.
- 3. Describe the different separation techniques such as distillation, Solvent and Solid Phase extraction.
- 4. Explain the basic of chromatography

CHELI-105 : Laboratory course

- 1. To conduct the experiments for the preparation, characterization of metal complexes
- 2. To conduct chemical analyses by qualitative and quantitative analysis of metal

complexes

3. To conduct separation and estimation of amount of metal ions in binary metal ion mixture

CHELO-106 : Laboratory course

- 1. To demonstrate/apply the techniques involved in organic binary mixture separation
- 2. To use the technique of separation , crystallization derivatization and function group detection
- 3. To perform the methods for the preparation of useful compounds using named reaction

CHELP-107 : Laboratory course

- 1. To interpret the experimental results obtained by conductometer, spectrophotomer, Ph meter, polarometry
- 2. To conduct the experiment on various instrumental techniques
- 3. To describe the principles behind the experiment performed in the laboratory

Semester- II (Core and Foundation Courses)

CHEC-201 : Inorganic chemistry

- 1. Describe the fundamental requirement for interpretation of electronic spectra of metal compound for prediction of their properties.
- 2. Describe the studies of metal carbonyls, metal clusters, metal nitrosyls and its preparation, structures and properties.
- 3. Explain the classification of metal clusters and compound and Chemistry of dioxygen, dinitrogen complexes and non-carbonyl metal clusters.

CHEC-202 :Organic chemistry

- 1. To describe various reactions involved in addition to C-C and C-O double bond
- 2. To Explain the stereochemical aspects in addition reaction
- 3. To Explain romatic nucleophilic substitution reactions
- 4. To demonstrate/apply theconcepts involved in elimination reaction
- 5. To describe the basic concepts in molecular rearrangement

CHEC-203 : Physical chemistry

- 1. Explain the concept of phase rule and its applications.
- 2. To explain concept of quantum chemistry ,operators , oscillators and numericals
- 3. To describe the application of perturbation theory to small molecules,
- 4. Describe various solids, its classification, Determination unit cell parameters.
- 5. To describe fundamental concept of photochemistry, via Jablanski diagram, various phenomenon,

CHEF-204 : Analytical chemistry

- 1. Describe and understand the basic profile of electromagnetic radiations, scientific notations for absorption, emission, transmission, reflection, dispersion, polarization and Classify electromagnetic spectrum ion of spectra.
- 2. Describe basic concept of microwave spectroscopy and classify molecules on the basis of structural parameters like moment of inertia and intermolecular distances.
- 3. Analyse the effect of isotopic substitution and nonregid bond and polyatomic molecules, determine the: Rotation of molecules, rotational spectra, diatomic molecules and other structural parameters.
- 4. Compare Regid and nonregid molecular spectra in terms of its electronic and geometric factor.
- 5. Assesslinear harmonic oscillator, the vibrating diatomic molecule, the simple harmonic oscillator, the anharmonic oscillator and other supporting models

- 6. Analysis of vibrating models for diatomic vibrating rotator, vibration of polyatomic molecules,
- 7. Describe the overtones and combination frequencies, the influence of rotation on the spectra of polyatomic molecules, the influence of nuclear spin, symmetric top molecules, analysis by Infra-red technique Group frequencies, outline of technique and instrumentation.
- 8. Describe the Classical and quantum of theory of Raman effect, pure rotational, vibrational and vibrational-rotational Raman spectra, rule of mutual exclusion, overtone and combination vibrations, Rotational fine structure, outline of technique and instrumentation, applications.

CHEF-205 :Research methodology

- 1. Explain elemental methods of analysis such as flame emission and atomic absorption spectroscopy.
- 2. Describe the electron Spectroscopy viz. XPS, AES & UPS.
- 3. To use the basic of UV-Visible and IR spectroscopy for structure elucidation through numerical.

CHER-206 : Review of literature

- 1. To demonstrate literature review/search on the research oriented topic.
- 2. To interoperate the literature .
- 3. To identify the literature and compilation of data in the form of review .
- 4. To write reference section in the review.

CHELI-207 :Laboratory course

- 1. To conduct the experiments on semimicro qualitative analysis of inorganic mixture
- 2. To identify acid and basic radicals from the mixture.
- 3. To conduct separation and estimation of amount of metal ions in binary metal ion mixture.

CHELO-208 : Laboratory course

- 1. To Perform/demonstrate the techniques involved in organic binary mixture separation specially solid-liquid mixture.
- 2. To perform distillation techniques for purification of organic compounds.
- 3. To use/ apply the technique of separation, crystallization derivatization and function group detection.
- 4. To use the methods for the preparation of useful compounds using named reaction.

CHELP-209 : Laboratory course

- 1. To interpret the experimental results obtained by refractometer, spectrophotomer, Ph meter, potentiometer.
- 2. To conduct the experiment on various instrumental techniques.
- 3. To describe the principles behind the experiment performed in the laboratory.

Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Inorganic Chemistry

CHESC-301 : Structural elucidation by spectral methods

- 1. Describe the concept of structural elucidation.
- 2. Describe spectral methods.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of the chemistry of terpenes, alkaloids and steroids.
- 4. Implement structure elucidation of new compound natural or synthetic
- 5. To Explain the Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Proton chemical shift, spin-

spin coupling, coupling constants and applications to organic structures ¹³C resonance spectroscopy.

6. To Explain the Mass, ESR, Mossbaurspectroscopy and its applications.

CHECI-302 : Bioinorganic and supramolecular chemistry

- 1. Describe the structural and functional relationships, mechanisms and importance of metaloenzymes.
- 2. Use rules for description of the structure and stereochemistry of bioorganic compounds
- 3. Describe the Metal Nucleic Acid Interactions in biological systems.
- 4. Describe the fundamentals of supramolecules, Supramolecular reactions and catalysis and Storage of metals and transport across the membrane.
- 5. Describe the nature of non-covalent interactions at the basis of the formation of supramolecular compounds which are held together by intermolecular bonds.
- 6. Explain the basic coordination chemistry and of the interdisciplinary approach to study the peculiar role of metals in biology and their interaction with organic and biological molecules.
- 7. Explain the chemical properties and reactivity that influence environmental and economic decisions.

CHECI-303 : Applied inorganic chemistry

- 1. Describe the fundamental concepts, structural aspect of zeolites and their characterizations, reactivity and applications.
- 2. Describe the methodology of synthesis of various types zeolites.
- 3. To analyze structure and properties of zeolites by adsorption diffraction and adsorption techniques.
- 4. Explain the relevance of catalytic materials in organic fine chemicals.
- 5. Describe the designing and development green catalyst for industrial process.
- 6. Describe the limitation of supported heterogeneous catalyst with reference to promoters inhibitors and poisoning .
- 7. Describe the economic importance of inorganic compounds produced on the industrial scale.
- 8. Describe the mathematical concept for material balance in chemical process.
- 9. Describe the environmental impact of the most inorganic compounds produced on the industrial scale.
- 10. Explain concepts of Green chemistry and sustainability which relates to problems of societal concern.

CHEEI-304 : Chemistry of materials

- 1. Describe the objectives of inorganic nanocomposite materials , preparation by using physical and chemical methods.
- 2. Explain the mechanism of formation of nanomaterials, role of surfactants in the synthesis of nonmaterial by sol- Gel and coprecipitation method.
- 3. To analyze the formation of nanomatrials by microscopic, diffraction and spectroscopic techniques.
- 4. Describe the novel applications of porous materials i.e. CNT, Zeolites and silicates
- 5. Describe the importance and properties of defects in solids.
- 6. Describe the band theory , free electron Theories of solid states.

CHEEI-305 : Environmental chemistry

- 1. Describe the air, water, pollution by diffract industry, pesticides, microorganism.
- 2. Demonstrate knowledge of chemical and biochemical principles of fundamental environmental processes in air, water, and soil.
- 3. Recognize different types of toxic substances & responses and analyze toxicological information.
- 4. Apply basic chemical concepts to analyze chemical processes involved in different environmental problems (air, water & soil).
- 5. Describe experimental methods for analysis of water and soil analysis and pollution awareness to society.
- 6. Describe the effect of toxic elements on environmental and biological systems.
- 7. Describe causes and effects of environmental pollution by energy industry and discuss some mitigation strategies.

CHEEI-306 : Solid state chemistry

- 1. Describes general principles and classification preparation of solids , solid state reactions, preparation and properties of thin films.
- 2. Describe the importance and properties of defects in solid
- 3. Describe the free election , band theories of solids
- 4. Illustrate the optical, magnetic and electrical properties of solids
- 5. Design and development of solid materials with pre-required properties based on the structure of solids.
- 6. Analyze the physical-chemical ,unique optical, electrical, magnetic, thermal, and mechanical properties of solids.
- 7. Describe the preparation properties of glasses and ceramics.

CHEEI-310 : Instrumental methods of chemical analysis

- 1. Identify different types of analytical instruments in their respective laboratories.
- 2. Implement the principles and operating condition of the instruments
- 3. Differentiate between classical and instrumental methods of chemical analysis.
- 4. Explain different types of Instrumental methods.
- 5. Describe molecular absorption, atomic absorption and atomic emission spectrometer.

CHELI-307 : Laboratory course

- 1. To apply previous knowledge for performing experiment scientifically and safety
- 2. To design experimental procedure on given experiment.
- 3. To perform experiment on preparation of transition metal complexes , crystallization and estimation of % of metals in complexes.
- 4. To determine hardness of water of various water samples.
- 5. Estimate of % of chlorine in bleaching powder.

CHELI-308 :Laboratory course

- 1. To apply previous knowledge for performing experiment scientifically and safety
- 2. To design experimental procedure on given experiment.
- 3. To perform the chemical analysis by using Spectrophotometer, conductometer, PH meter, Potentionmetry, Flame photometry and Turbidometry.
- 4. To interpret the experimental results obtained by conductometer, spectrophotomer, PH meter.
- 5. To explain the principle of various instrumental techniques.
- 6. To understand the principles behind the experiment performed in the laboratory.

CHELI-309 : Laboratory course

- 1. To apply previous knowledge to perform experiment scientifically and safety.
- 2. To design experimental procedure on ores and alloy analysis.
- 3. To interpret the results.
- 4. To demonstrate the skill of chemical analysis different ores & alloys.

Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Inorganic Chemistry CHECI-401 :Nuclear chemistry

- 1. Describe the fundamental nuclear particles , nuclear structure, stable and unstable atomic nuclei, nuclear reactions.
- 2. Illustrate different type's nuclear models and their features.
- 3. Describe the Nuclear Reactions and their energies .

CHECI-402 : Photoinorganic chemistry

- 1. Describe the Laws of photochemistry, life time measurement of quantum yields of inorganic compounds .
- 2. To explain the physical properties of electronic excited states and photophysical processes.
- 3. To identify the photoreactive excited states, charge transfer excitation in transition metal complexes and its MOED and photredox models.
- 4. Describe the photochemical properties the selected transition metal complexes and its various photochemical reaction .
- 5. Describe the concept and role of sensitizer molecule and photosensitized reaction
- 6. Describe the fundamentals of solid inorganic materials and their photoreactivty and applications.

CHECI-403 : Therapeutic bioinorganic and forensic chemistry

- 1. Describe the role of metal complexes and Pt(II) and Pt (IV) as anticancer agents, anticancer activity of rhodium, gold, copper, and cobalt complexes in biological system
- 2. Explain the applications of inorganic materials in toxicology.
- 3. To illustrate the antidots for poisons.
- 4. Describe the metal ion toxicity of Pb(II), Cd(II), and Hg(II in human and animals
- 5. Explain the role of chelation theory in detoxification caused due to metals and metal ions in diagonosis, MRI agent.

CHEEI-404 : Organo transition metal chemistry

- 1. Describe the structure and bonding aspects of simple organometallic compounds
- 2. Apply different electron counting rules to predict the shape/geometry of organotransition metal compound.
- 3. Describe the methods of synthesis , properties of mono, di, tri, tetra, penta and hexahaptoorganotransition metal compound.
- 4. Describe the steps of organotranstion metal complex catalyzed reaction for valul added chemicals.
- 5. Identify the different types of organotranstion metal complexes catalyzed reactions and apply the above concepts to explain different catalytic reactions.

CHEEI-405 : Polymer chemistry

- 1. Describes of fundamental concepts of biological macromolecules.
- 2. Explain the preparation of high polymers, polymerization steps.
- 3. Describe fundamental of conducting polymers and their various application.

CHEEI-406 : Theoretical and structural inorganic chemistry

- 1. Describe the VBT approach for prediction structure of chemical compounds.
- 2. Explain the structure, properties bonding nature of transition metal complexes.
- 3. Calculate 10Dq, CFSE of transition metal complexes .
- 4. To illustrate the basic concept of MOT, electronic, magnetic properties.
- 5. Describe Donor- Accepter chemistry of chemical compounds. , HOMO-LUMO concepts and hardness and reactivity of molecules.
- 6. To describe various interaction between same and different molecules in solution phase.
- 7. To describe the Synthesis, structure, nature of bonding and properties of Borazines, Phosphazenes Sulfur- nitrogen, Xenon compounds

CHEEI-409 : Technology for converting waste agriculture biomass to energy

- 1. To demonstrate/describe methods to convert agriculture waste into useful materials.
- 2. Describe the fundamentals of biomass, types, sources and their value added products.
- 3. To explain the process of conversion of agriculture waste biomass.
- 4. To explain the process of conversion of agriculture waste biomass into activated carbon and their various application.
- 5. To describe the production chemicals form agriculture waste .
- 6. To describe the production process of biodiesel .

CHEIR-407 : Research project (Experimental)

- 1. To design research oriented project on particular context.
- 2. To search literature onselected research oriented project work.
- 3. To identify/search the recent advances in current research.
- 4. To conduct experiment scientifically with safety.
- 5. To characterize the prepared material by using microscopic, spectroscopic, diffraction, adsorption and thermal techniques.

CHEIR-408 : Research project (Dissertation, presentation and Seminars)

- 1. To demonstrate the skill to write dissertation, communication skill in presentation
- 2. To interpret observed data statistically.

Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Organic Chemistry

CHESC-301 : Structural elucidation by spectral methods

- 1. Describe the concept of structural elucidation.
- 2. Describe spectral methods.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of the chemistry of terpenes, alkaloids and steroids.
- 4. Implement structure elucidation of new compound natural or synthetic
- 5. To explain the Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Proton chemical shift, spinspin coupling, coupling constants and applications to organic structures ¹³C resonance spectroscopy
- 6. To define the Mass, ESR, Mossbauerspectroscopy and its applications and handling

CHECO- 302 : Organic synthesis

- 1. Describe basic chemo-, regio- and stereochemical concepts
- 2. Describe principles for selective synthesis, in particular for stereoselective synthesis
- 3. Explain the selectivity observed in chemical reactions

4. Suggest methods for selective synthesis of simple organic compounds, also containing stereogenic elements

- 5. Identify suitable reagents for selective transformations.
- 6. Prepare organic compounds using advanced synthetic methodology.
- 7. To explain the basic mechanism of oxidation in organic compounds.
- 8. To describe the reagents which causes oxidation in various compounds.
- 9. To learn about the two types of reduction reactions like complete reduction and selective reduction.
- 10. To identify the reagents that causes selective and complete reduction.
- 11. Describestereochemical problems related to chemical transformations.
- 12. To describe the important stereochemical like chiral reagents and catalysts.
- 13. To describe the Organometallic reaction mechanisms and its applications.

CHECO- 303 : Photochemistry, free radicals and pericyclic reactions

- 1. To describe the Photochemical excitation and Jablonski diagram.
- 2. To explain the study of photochemistry of ketone-photo reduction-photo cycloaddition.
- 3. To describe Pericyclic reactions and Cyclo addition and sigmatropicreactions.
- 4. To describe stereochemical problems in relation to chemical transformations.
- 5. To describe synthetically the processes relevant organic-chemical reactions and be able
- to discuss the mechanism of these reactions.

CHEEO -304 : Advanced organic chemistry

- 1. To explain the basic concepts and terms involved in stereochemistry.
- 2. To describe stereochemical like chiral reagents and catalysts.
- 3. To explain coupling reactions and to study some important couplingreactions in detail
- 4. To explain various advanced name reactions and their applications in complex molecule synthesis.

CHEEO -305 : Environmental chemistry

- 1. Describe the air, water, pollution by diffract industry, pesticides, microorganism.
- 2. Demonstrate knowledge of chemical and biochemical principles of fundamental environmental processes in air, water, and soil.
- 3. Recognize different types of toxic substances & responses and analyze toxicological information.
- 4. Apply basic chemical concepts to analyze chemical processes involved in different environmental problems (air, water & soil).
- 5. Describe experimental methods for analysis of water and soil analysis and pollution awareness to society.
- 6. Describe the effect of toxic elements on environmental and biological systems.
- 7. Describe causes and effects of environmental pollution by energy industry and discuss some mitigation strategies.

CHEEO- 306 : Green chemistry

- 1. Explain Green chemistry and sustainability which relates to problems of societal concern..
- 2. Describe Green chemistry and sustainability developments that affect society, the environment and economic development.
- 3. Analyze a process and identify parameters that make environmentally friendly/sustainable/green.
- 4. Integrate, synthesize, and apply knowledge of the relationship between science and technology and societal issues in both focused and broad interdisciplinary contexts.
- 5. Demonstrate the ability to effectively communicate to others the concepts learned in the course.
- 6. Analyze and compare chemical/industrial processes based on their relative "greenness".

CHEEO- 310Novel materials and green industrial catalysis

- 1. To demonstrate the understanding of materials, their classifications and applications.
- 2. To describe the Basics of metallic clusters, preparation, properties and applications of metallic clusters.
- 3. To explain the application of different types of spectroscopy.
- 4. To visualize the metal oxides and the basic concept of metal oxides.
- 5. To describe the industrial catalysis processes.
- 6. To explain synthesis gas and hydrogen.
- 7. To describe synthesis of ammonia, methanol.
- 8. To explain Fischer Tropsch Synthesis process
- 9. To describe environmental catalysis and hydrocarbon transformations.

CHELO- 307 : Laboratory course

- 1. To apply the solubility nature of organic substances of different functional groups.
- 2. To perform the pilot separation of ternary mixtures.
- 3. To deploy the systematic producers organic substances analysis
- 4. To deploy the test involving identification of special elements
- 5. To perform the confirmatory test for various functional groups.
- 6. To perform the preparations of derivative all functional groups
- 7. To explain the techniques involving drying and recrystallization by various method

CHELO- 308 : Laboratory course

1. To apply the preparation methods for useful compounds

2. To perform the stoichiometry of various substrates required to carry named reactions and rearrangement.

- 3. To use the techniques involved in purification, identification of final product.
- 4. To apply the multistep organic transformations .
- 5. To calculate overall yield of the product in Two or Three-stage preparations.

CHELO- 309 : Laboratory course

1. To apply/use the principles of Green Chemistry.

2. To use the novel techniques like Microwave, Ultrasound Sonication and their use in organic transformations.

3. To demonstrate the use of water as a solvent for organic transformations.

3. To use the techniques involving drying and recrystallization by various method.

Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Organic Chemistry

CHECO -401 : Heterocyclic chemistry

- 1. Describe the structures of classes of heterocyclic aromatic organic compounds.
- 2. Classify simple heterocyclic aromatic compounds as electron deficient or electron rich and explain their reactivity based on these properties.
- 3. Apply organometallic reactions that applied in heterocyclic chemistry.
- 4. Explain on a mechanistic level, reactions and synthesis of important electron deficient nitrogen containing heterocycles; pyridines, diazines and their benzo-condenced analogs.
- 5. Explain on a mechanistic level,, reactions and synthesis of important electron rich.heterocycles; furans, pyrroles and thiophenes and 1,3-azoles, and benzo-condenced analogs.

CHECO -402 : Organic synthesis: Retrosynthetic approach

- 1. To explain retrosynthetic analysis with some examples.
- 2. To describe the ret rosy group transposition and important functional group

interconversions in alkene synthesis.

- 3. To explain the concepts of one-, two-group C-C bond disconnections.
- 4. To describe ring synthesis via retrosynthetic approach.
- 5. To explain the utility of retrosynthesis in complex molecules and natural products.
- 6. To describe protective groups in organic synthesis; special emphasis on protection and deprotection of hydroxyl-, carbonyl-, carboxylic acid and amines.

CHECO -403 : Chemistry of natural products

- 1. To explain the basic classification and role of alkaloids.
- 2. To explain the structural elucidation and degradation of alkaloids.
- 3. To describe the synthesis and structure of alkaloids.
- 4. To describe the stereochemistry of alkaloids.
- 5. To explain the isolation and structural determination of alkaloids.
- 6. To explain the terpenoids and its classification.
- 7. To explain isoprene rule.
- 8. To elucidate the structure of camphor.
- 9. To describe squalene and abetic acid

CHEEO -404 : Medicinal chemistry

- 1. Design a chemical synthesis.
- 2. Describe the sources of drug compounds.
- 3. Describe methods of drug development including design and discovery.
- 4. Explain the relationship between drug's chemical structure and its therapeutic properties.
- 5. Predict a drugs properties based on its structure.
- 6. Describe the factors that affect its absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion, and hence the considerations to be made in drug design.

7. Describe the common methods of spectroscopic and chromatographic analysis, and discuss how they can be applied to pharmaceuticals

CHEEO -405 : Organic high polymers

- 1. To explain the utility of polymeric materials in day today life.
- 2. To describe the different types of polymers.
- 3. To explain the different methods of polymerization reaction.
- 4. To describe the process involved in the polymerization reaction.
- 5. To explain natural and synthetic polymers.

CHEEO -406 : Drug design and drug discovery

- 1. To explain the principles of drug design and drug discovery.
- 2. To describe the ADME properties of drugs.
- 3. To describe the Structure Activity Relationship in drug design and discovery.
- 4. To explain the various parameters requires for QSAR study.
- 5. To describe the principles and use of Combinatorial Chemistry in drug synthesis.

CHEEO-409 : Chemoinformatics

- 1. To describe basis of group theory and its applications.
- 2. To explain Logics, sets and functions.
- 3. To describe the principles and theories of algorithms, induction Basics and process photosynthesis .
- 4. To explain the Basics of stereochemistry and structure of proteins.
- 5. To explain the History of science and chemical information.
- 6. To describe the biological database and Gene expression.
- 7. To visualize the structure of different biological structures.
- 8. To describe the genetic basis of diseases.
- 9. To describe drugs and their structure and functions.
- 10. To explain drug actions and enzymes.

CHEOR-407 : Research project (Experimental)

- 1. To design research oriented project on particular context .
- 2. To identify the topic with the consideration feasibility.
- 3. To search literature on selected research oriented project work.
- 4. To identify/search the advances in current research.
- 5. To conduct experiment scientifically with safety.

6. To utilize the techniques learn earlier for the synthesis of bioactive molecules with the help of named reactions and rearrangements.

7. To characterize the prepared molecules by physical and spectral analysis like IR, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and Mass Spectroscopy.

NMR, ¹³C NMR and Mass Spectroscopy.

CHEOR-408 : Research project (Dissertation, presentation and Seminars)

1. To prepare a dissertation report with complete follow up of research methodology.

2. To develop the skill of communication in presentation

3. To demonstrate the utility of various software such as ChemDraw, Origin, MS-Office etc.

4. To employ/use the techniques used in typing of dissertation such as Foot Note, End Note etc.

Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Physical Chemistry

CHESC-301 : Structural elucidation by spectral methods

- 1. Describe the concept of structural elucidation.
- 2. Describe spectral methods.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of the chemistry of terpenes, alkaloids and steroids.
- 4. Implement structure elucidation of new compound natural or synthetic
- 5. To explain the Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Proton chemical shift, spinspin coupling, coupling constants and applications to organic structures ¹³C resonance spectroscopy
- 6. To describe the Mass, ESR, Mossbaur spectroscopy and its applications

CHECP- 302 : Solid state chemistry

- 1. Design and development of materials with pre-required properties based on the structure of solids.
- 2. Analyze the physical-chemical along with unique optical, electrical, magnetic, thermal, and mechanical properties of solids that are distinct for compounds in their solution and/or gas phase.
- **3.** Describe solid state phase relations, their chemical synthesis, and thermodynamical and kinetic parameters reaction kinetics as well as characterization methods.
- 4. Develop the method to prepare, purify, and crystallize organic and inorganic solids.
- 5. Use of spectroscopic, diffraction, microscopic, thermal, and magnetic methods to characterize organic and inorganic solids.
- 6. Graduate students will learn the unique optical, electrical, magnetic, thermal, and mechanical properties

CHECP-303 : Thermodynamics

- 1. Apply fundamental concepts of thermodynamics to engineering applications
- 2. Estimate thermodynamic properties of substances in solid, gas and liquid states
- 3. Determine thermodynamic efficiency of various energy related processes

CHEEP -304 : Advanced electrochemistry

- 1. The learner should be able to apply theories in electrochemistry to analyze electrode kinetics
- 2. To understand representing electrochemical cell
- 3. Explain various over potential involved during the operation the cell
- 4. To apply the knowledge to calculate electrochemical cell parameters, over potential, active surface areas

CHEEP -305 : Environmental chemistry

- 1. Describe the air, water, pollution by diffract industry, pesticides, microorganism.
- 2. Demonstrate knowledge of chemical and biochemical principles of fundamental environmental processes in air, water, and soil.
- 3. Recognize different types of toxic substances & responses and analyze toxicological information
- 4. Apply basic chemical concepts to analyze chemical processes involved in different environmental problems (air, water & soil)
- 5. Describe experimental methods for analysis of water and soil analysis and pollution awareness to society.
- 6. Describe the effect of toxic elements on environmental and biological systems.
- 7. Describe causes and effects of environmental pollution by energy industry and discuss

some mitigation strategies.

CHEEP-306 : Nuclear chemistry

- 1. Describe the nuclear structure, stable and unstable atomic nuclei, nuclear reactions and different modes of radioactive decay and also methods for measurements of radioactivity.
- 2. Explain the fundamentals of radiochemistry, radiation chemistry and the applications of these in kinetics, radical chemistry, biotechnology and materials
- 3. Operate and measurement of radioactive material.

CHEEP-310 : Chemical mathematics and computer programming

- 1. To explain the importance of mathematics in chemistry
- 2. Demonstrate/apply the Basic understanding computer programming language

CHELP-307 : Laboratory course

1. To estimate the different constituent using the chemical method particularly noninstrumental from sample of food, pharmaceutical, water, fertilizer, pesticide, body fluid, etc.

CHELP-308 : Laboratory course

1. To estimate the different constituent using the chemical method particularly instrumental(flame photometric, conductometric, Ph metric, turbidometric, spectrophotometric, refractometer method) from sample of food, pharmaceutical, water, fertilizer, pesticide body fluid, etc.

CHEPR-309 : Laboratory course

- 1. To explain the rate, rate constant order of reaction experimentally
- 2. To describe the phase equilibria in two and three component systems
- 3. To investigate the solute -solvent interaction experimentally on the basis thermodynamic paramentrs

Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Physical Chemistry

CHECP-401 : Surface and magnetochemistry

- 1. Describe the significance of economic and industrial factors in modern heterogeneous catalysis.
- 2. State the connections and constraints on chemisorption and catalysis by metals.
- 3. State the importance of a multi-technique approach for the elucidation of reaction mechanisms.
- 4. Describe the kinetic isotope effect that can provide mechanistic insight for heterogeneously catalysed reaction systems.
- 5. Derive and develop structure/activity relationships in heterogeneous catalysis.

CHECP -402 : Polymer chemistry

- 1. To understands the fundamentals of biological macromolecules
- 2. Describe the various process of polymerization reaction
- 3. Explain the kinetics of polymerization process

4. To understand the utility of conducting polymers

CHECP -403 : Chemical dynamics and catalysis

- 1. Explain Laws of thermodynamics to chemical processes.
- 2. Thermodynamic properties using equations of state, charts and tables, and computer resources.
- 3. Explain the microscopic picture of surfaces, fundamental basis of thermodynamics.
- 4. Describe the concept of temperature dependence of the reaction rates.
- 5. Develop a reaction rate expression for a given reaction mechanism.
- 6. Propose a mechanism consistent with an experimentally determined rate law.
- 7. Use experimental data to estimate kinetic parameters.
- 8. Assess whether numerical values of kinetics parameters are chemically meaningful and consistent with theories.
- 9. Apply simple molecular reaction dynamics calculations

CHEEP -404 : Nano chemistry

- 1. Describe the effects may emerge due to nano-dimensions of particles
- 2. Compare nanochenistry with solid state chemistry
- 3. Analyze a nanostructured material of a given species through their modified chemical and physical properties
- 4. Describe applications of nanochemistry and describe their advantages with respect to classical materials and device setups.

CHEEP -405 : Instrumental methods of chemical analysis

- 6. Identify different types of analytical instruments in their respective laboratories.
- 7. Implement the principles and operating condition of the instruments
- 8. Differentiate between classical and instrumental methods of chemical analysis.
- 9. Explain different types of Instrumental methods.
- 10. Describe molecular absorption, atomic absorption and atomic emission spectrometry

CHEEP-406 : Biophysical chemistry

- 1. Describe the different interactions that are important for the formation of structures in biological systems and for how thermodynamic parameters can be measured
- 2. Explain the basic concepts within statistical thermodynamics and apply this to biological systems binding and cooperativity.
- 3. Describe the structures and functions of biological membranes, as well as model systems and relevant, macromolecules in solution, conformational equilibria, membrane equilibria, ligand methods for the study of these structures and functions.
- 4. Explain and apply methods for the determination of functional molecular mass of biological macromolecules in solution as well as determination of thermodynamic and kinetic parameters for macromolecule-ligands interactions.
- 5. Apply spectroscopic methods for the study of structures and functions in biological systems.

CHEEP-409 : Advance quantum chemistry

- 1. To explain the concept of wave function, oscillators, time dependent Perturbation Theory.
- 2. To explain Hertreefock theory with reference to computation aspects
- 3. Describe the electronic properties of molecules bySemi-empirical method, density functional method and Configuration Interaction and its limitations and application .

CHEPR – 407: Research project (Experimental)

- 1. To design research oriented project on particular context
- 2. To search literature on selected research oriented project work
- 3. To identify/search the advances in current research
- 4. To conduct experiment scientifically with safety
- 5. To characterize the prepared material by using microscopic, spectroscopic, diffraction, adsorption and thermal techniques.

CHEPR – 408: Research project (Dissertation, Presentation and Seminars)

- 1. To prepare a dissertation report with complete follow up of research methodology.
- 2. To develop the skill of communication in presentation
- 3. To demonstrate the utility of various software such as ChemDraw, Origin, MS-Office etc.
- 4. To interpret observed data statistically

Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Analytical Chemistry

CHESC-301 : Structural elucidation by spectral methods

- 1. Describe the concept of structural elucidation.
- 2. Describe spectral methods.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of the chemistry of terpenes, alkaloids and steroids.
- 4. Implement structure elucidation of new compound natural or synthetic
- 5. To explain the Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Proton chemical shift, spinspin coupling, coupling constants and applications to organic structures ¹³C resonance spectroscopy
- 6. To learn the Mass, ESR, Mossbaurr spectroscopy and its applications

CHECA- 302 : Advanced analytical techniques-I

- 1. To describe fundamentals of different chromatographic techniques and its application in chemical analysis.
- 2. Describe the concept of the different hyphenated techniques for various analytical applications.
- 3. Explain the Basic concept of supercritical fluid, supercritical fluid extraction and chromatography for various applications.
- 4. Explain the different surface characterization techniques for solid matrials .
- 5. Describe the different luminescence methods.
- 6. Evaluate and quantify errors associated with measurements made using instrumental techniques

CHECA- 303 : Quality assurance and accreditation

- 1. Explain the quality control and quality assurance.
- 2. Explain the Basic requirement of calibration and maintenances of instrument
- 3. Describe the importance of documentation in the quality assurance.
- 4. Explain the Basic of good laboratory practices.
- 5. Need and requirement of laboratory accreditation

CHEEA -304 : Electro analyticaltechniques

- 1. To develop ion selective electrode systems for different ions from the solution
- 2. Investigate interfacial studies for different electrochemical systems on the basis of electrocapillary phenomenon.

- 3. To explain the concept of high frequency titration and its merits and demerits over other electroanalytical titrations
- 4. To explain the theory and principle of polarography and various factors involved in polarogram.
- 5. To describe the cyclic voltametry and its qualitative and quantative applications
- 6. Discuss the cyclic voltammetry on the basis of shape of the peak in potential sweep curves, non- aqueous solution in cyclic voltammetry
- 7. Comment on crieteria of reversibility and quasi reversible and irreversible processes
- 8. Describe the role of electrogravimetry and electrophorasis for electroanalysis

CHEEA -305 : Advanced analytical techniques-II

- 1. To describe concept various thermal techniques for identification of stability of chemical compounds
- 2. Describe the atomic X-ray and mass Spectrometry.
- 3. To describe various diffraction techniques and their applications..
- 4. Describe the different radiochemical and Automated Methods of Analysis
- 5. Evaluate and quantify errors associated with measurements made using instrumental techniques

Cheea- 306 : Polymer & petrochemical analysis

- 1. Evaluate methods and/or techniques of characterization technique in order to finally decide which one is the most appropriate for a particular study or characterization of polymer materials.
- 2. Use the knowledge acquired to the proper functioning of several equipment of characterization.
- 3. Establish appropriate procedures and protocols for the characterization of polymers.
- 4. Perform a complete process of characterization of polymers.
- 5. Analysis of results, their interpretation and discussion, to its proper expression in the form of a scientific-technical report.
- 6. To explain the fuels and its analysis.
- 7. Describe the petroleum and its analysis.

CHEEA- 310: Synthetic organic chemistry-I

- 1. Describe basic chemo-, regio- and stereochemical concepts
- 2. Describe principles for selective synthesis, in particular for stereoselective synthesis
- 3. Explain the selectivity observed in chemical reactions
- 4. Suggest methods for selective synthesis of simple organic compounds, also containing stereogenic elements
- 5. Identify suitable reagents for selective transformations
- 6. Prepare organic compounds using advanced synthetic methodology
- 7. To explain the basic mechanism of oxidation in organic compounds
- 8. To explain the reagents which causes oxidation in various compounds
- 9. To describe the two types of reduction reactions like complete reduction and selective reduction
- 10. To explain the reagents that causes selective and complete reduction
- 11. Describestereochemical problems related to chemical transformations
- 12. To describe the important stereochemical like chiral reagents and catalysts
- 13. To use/apply the Organometallic reaction mechanisms and its applications

CHELA- 307 : Laboratory course

1. To estimate the different constituent using the chemical method particularly noninstrumental from sample of food, pharmaceutical, water, fertilizer, pesticide, body fluid, etc.

CHELA- 308 : Laboratory course

1. To estimate the different constituent using the chemical method particularly instrumental(flame photometric, conductometric, Ph metric, turbidometric, spectrophotometric, refractometer method) from sample of food, pharmaceutical, water, fertilizer, pesticide body fluid, etc.

CHELA- 309 : Laboratory course

- 1. To apply previous knowledge to perform experiment scientifically and safety
- 2. To design experimental procedure on ores and alloy analysis
- 3. To interpret the analytical data such as chromatograms, graphs and spectra
- 4. To demonstrate the skill of chemical analysis different ores & alloys

Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Analytical Chemistry

CHECA -401 : Analytical method development and validation

- 1. Explain the assay, validation of a method.
- 2. Describe the Inter Laboratory Transfer system.
- 3. Perform Statistical Analysis and analytical Figure of Merit
- 4. Describe the overview of World Wide Regulations.
- **5.** Explain the specific methods and its applications

CHECA -402 : Pharmaceutical, and forensic analysis

- 1. To explain the important compound of drugs and their types
- 2. Explain the pharmaceutical Analysis and pharmaceutical legislation.
- 3. To explain the forensics sampling and analysis
- 4. Describe the explosives and their analysis

CHECA -403 : Environmental analysis and monitoring

- 1. Describe the air, water, pollution by diffract industry, pesticides, microorganism.
- 2. Demonstrate knowledge of chemical and biochemical principles of fundamental environmental processes in air, water, and soil.
- 3. Recognize different types of toxic substances & responses and analyze toxicological information
- 4. Apply basic chemical concepts to analyze chemical processes involved in different environmental problems (air, water & soil)
- 5. Describe experimental methods for analysis of water and soil analysis and pollution awareness to society.
- 6. Describe the effect of toxic elements on environmental and biological systems.
- 7. Describe causes and effects of environmental pollution by energy industry and discuss some mitigation strategies.

CHEEA -404 : Food, fertilizer & pesticides analysis

- 1. Explain the food and its legislations.
- 2. Describe the analysis of food, oils, fats soap and detergents.
- 3. Explain the concept of fertilizers, pesticides, vitamins and their analysis.

CHEEA -405 : Ores, alloys & cosmetics analysis

- 1. To identify the composition of various ores, alloys, and cosmetics and development of experimental procedure for its analysis
- 2. Describe composition, strength of cement and glass and their analysis.
- 3. Analysis of wood, pulp and paper

CHEEA -406 : Microbial and clinical analysis

- 1. Apply principles of safety, quality assurance and quality control in Clinical Microbiology
- 2. Evaluate specimen acceptability.
- 3. Describe morphology and physiology of microbes.
- 4. Identify and classify microorganisms.
- 5. Demonstrate sterile technique.
- 6. Perform and interpret antimicrobial susceptibility testing.
- 7. Select additional procedures based on preliminary results.
- 8. Correlate test results with patient condition(s)
- 9. Explain the enzyme catalysis analytical applications.
- 10. Describe the body fluids and their analysis.

CHEEA -409 : Synthetic organic chemistry-II

- 1 To explain the Photochemical excitation and Jablonski diagram
- 2 To describe photochemistry of ketone-photo reduction-photo cyclo addition
- 3 To describe Pericyclic reactions and Cyclo addition and sigmatropic reactions
- 4 To describe the stereochemical problems in relation to chemical transformations
- 5 To explain synthetically the processes relevant organic-chemical reactions and be able to discuss the mechanism of these reactions
- 6 To explain the basic concepts and terms involved in stereochemistry
- 7 To describe the important stereochemical like chiral reagents and catalysts
- 8 To describe coupling reactions and to study some important coupling reactions in detail
- 8. To describe various advanced name reactions and their applications in complex molecule synthesis

CHEAR – 407: Research project (Experimental)

- 6. To design research oriented project on particular context
- 7. To search literature on selected research oriented project work
- 8. To identify/search the recent advances in current research
- 9. To conduct experiment scientifically with safety
- 10. To characterize the prepared material by using microscopic, spectroscopic, diffraction, adsorption and thermal techniques.

CHEAR – 408: Research project (Dissertation, Presentation and Seminars)

- 1. To develop the skill to write dissertation, communication skill in presentation
- 2. To interpret observed data statistically

DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY,

AURANGABAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY



NAAC Re-accredited ' A' Grade

Curriculum

M. Sc. Chemistry

(Semester I to IV)

Choice Based Credit and Grading System

Effective from : June 2016

Structure and Curriculum for M. Sc. Chemistry programme (Choice Based Credit and Grading System)

The M. Sc. Chemistry programme is divided into four semesters having 108 credits. There are 19 theory courses of 63 credits, 09 laboratory courses of 27 credits, research project of 18 credits (distributed in IV semester) and one course is on constitution of India is of 02 credit. Tutorials, assignments and seminar presentation are integral component of all theory courses. Approximately, 44% are of core courses, 4% foundation courses, and 7% are elective courses, 25% laboratory courses and 20% research project.

Eligibility:

Those who have completed B. Sc. with Chemistry as an optional subject from any recognized University/ Institution are eligible for registration subject to the rules and regulations laid down by Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad.

Admission / Promotion Process:

In response to the advertisement for registration, interested students will have to register themselves. Admission will be done on the basis of Common Entrance Test (CET) (50% weightage) and performance of students at their qualifying graduate level examination (50% weightage of Marks obtained in the subject of Chemistry at B. Sc level). Once the student is admitted he/she will be promoted to the 2^{nd} year (3^{rd} semester) as per university rules and regulations. The admission of the concern student will be automatically cancelled if he / she fails to complete the M. Sc. degree within a period of maximum four years / eight semesters.

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) :

The choice based credit system has been adopted by this department. This provides flexibility to make the system more responsive to the changing needs of our students, the professionals and society. It gives greater freedom to students to determine their own pace of study. The credit based system also facilitates the transfer of credits.

Credit-to- contact hour Mapping:

One contact hour per week is assigned 1 credit for theory and 0.5 credits for laboratory courses/ research project. Thus a 4- credit theory course corresponds to 4 contact hours per week and same analogy will be applicable for laboratory courses / research project.

Semester- I (Core and Foundation Courses)				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching (hrs/week)	Marks	Credits
CHEC-101	Inorganic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEC-102	Organic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEC-103	Physical chemistry	04	100	04
CHEF-104	Analytical chemistry	02	50	02
COM-100	Constitution of India	02	50	02
CHELI-105	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELO-106	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELP-107	Laboratory course	06	50	03
Total Credits	Total Credits for Semester I: 25 (Theory: 16; Laboratory: 09)			

Semester- II (Core and Foundation Courses)				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching (hrs/week)	Marks	Credits
CHEC-201	Inorganic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEC-202	Organic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEC-203	Physical chemistry	04	100	04
CHEF-204	Analytical chemistry	02	50	02
CHEF-205	Research methodology	02	50	02
CHER-206	Review of literature	01	25	01
CHELI-207	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELO-208	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELP-209	Laboratory course	06	50	03
Total Credits for Semester II: 26 (Theory: 17; Laboratory: 09)				

Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Inorganic Chemistry				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching	Marks	Credits
		hrs/week		
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral methods	04	100	04
CHECI-302	Bioinorganic and supramolecular chemistry	04	100	04
CHECI-303	Applied inorganic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEEI-304	Chemistry of materials	04	100	04
CHEEI-305	Environmental chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEI-306	Solid state chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHELI-307	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELI-308	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELI-309	Laboratory course	06	50	03
Total Credits	for Semester III: 25 (Theory: 16; Laboratory	: 09)		

Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Organic Chemistry				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching	Marks	Credits
		hrs/week		
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral methods	04	100	04
CHECO-302	Organic synthesis	04	100	04
CHECO-303	Pericyclic reactions, photochemistry and free	04	100	04
	radicals			
CHEEO-304	Advanced organic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEEO-305	Environmental chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEO-306	Green chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHELO-307	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELO-308	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELO-309	Laboratory course	06	50	03
Total Credits	for Semester III: 25 (Theory: 16; Laboratory: 0	09)		

Semester- III (Core and Elective Courses) Physical Chemistry				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching	Marks	Credits
		hrs/week		
CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral methods	04	100	04
CHECP-302	Solid state chemistry	04	100	04
CHECP-303	Thermodynamics	04	100	04
CHEEP-304	Advanced electrochemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEP-305	Nuclear chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEP-306	Environmental chemistry	04	100	04
CHELP-307	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELP-308	Laboratory course	06	50	03
CHELP-309	Laboratory course	06	50	03
Total Credits	for Semester III: 25 (Theory: 16; Laborator	ry: 09)		

Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Inorganic Chemistry				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching	Marks	Credits
		hrs/week		
CHECI-401	Nuclear chemistry	02	50	02
CHECI-402	Photoinorganic chemistry	04	100	04
CHECI-403	Therapeutic bioinorganic and forensic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEEI-404	Organo transition metal chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEI-405	Polymer chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEI-406	Theoretical and structural inorganic chemistry	04	100	04
CHEIR-407	Research project (Experimental)	24	200	12
CHEIR-408	Research project (Dissertation, presentation and	06	100	06
	Seminars)			
Total Credits	for Semester IV: 32 (Theory: 14; Laboratory: 18)			

Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Organic Chemistry				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching	Marks	Credits
		hrs/week		
CHECO-401	Heterocyclic chemistry	02	50	02
CHECO-402	Organic synthesis: Retrosynthetic approach	04	100	04
CHECO-403	Chemistry of natural products	04	100	04
CHEEO-404	Medicinal chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEO-405	Organic high polymers OR	04	100	04
CHEEO-406	Drug design and drug discovery	04	100	04
CHEOR-407	Research project (Experimental)	24	200	12
CHEOR-408	Research project (Dissertation, presentation and	06	100	06
Seminars)				
Total Credits f	for Semester IV: 32 (Theory: 14; Laboratory: 18	5)		

Semester- IV (Core and Elective Courses) Physical Chemistry				
Paper No.	Course Title	Teaching	Marks	Credits
		hrs/week		
CHECP-401	Surface and magnetochemistry	02	50	02
CHECP-402	Polymer chemistry	04	100	04
CHECP-403	Chemical dynamics and catalysis	04	100	04
CHEEP-404	Nanochemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEP-405	Quantum chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEP-406	Biophysical chemistry	04	100	04
CHEPR-407	Research Project-3(Experimental)	24	100	12
CHEPR-408	Research project (Dissertation,	06	50	06
presentation and Seminars)				
Total Credits	for Semester IV: 32 (Theory: 14; Labora	atory: 18)		

CHEC-101: Inorganic Chemistry

Credits: 04

04 Hrs/Week

Unit-I: Group theory and Symmetry concepts

Symmetry elements and symmetry operations, Center of symmetry(i), Axis of symmetry (C_n), Plane of symmetry (σ_v , σ_h , σ_d), Rotation reflection axis of symmetry(Sn), Identity(E). point groups, classifications of point groups, Identification of point group of : H₂O, NH₃, CO₂, BF₃, C₂H₄, PCl₃, PCl₅, [PtCl₄]⁻⁻, cis and trans [PtCl₂(NH₃)₂], [CoCl₂(NH₃)₄], [FeF₆], H₂, HCl, CO, BeF₂, C₂H₂Cl₂, C₆H₆, and substituted benzene molecule. Application of point group with respect to dipole moment, polar and non polar molecules, definition of group, properties of group.

Unit-II: Representations of groups

Group multiplication tables, matrix representation of symmetry elements. Reducible and irreducible representation, character of representation, character of matrix, Conjugate matrix, Properties of irreducible representations, Great orthogonality theorem (without proof) and it's importance, construction of character table of C_{2v} & C_{3v} point group. Mulliken symbolism rules for irreducible representations. Standard reduction formula, direct product and uses.

Unit-III : Reaction mechanism of transition metal complexes.

Classification of inorganic reactions, ligand substitution reaction and their mechanisms of octahedral complexes. Acid hydrolysis, factors affecting the acid hydrolysis. Base hydrolysis, conjugate base mechanism. Electron transfer reaction: mechanism of inner and outer sphere electron transfer reactions in octahedral complexes.

Unit-IV: Metal ligand equilibria in solution:

Definition of stability constant, step wise and overall formation constant, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of metal ion and ligand. Determination of formation constant for binary complexes using pH-metric technique.

Unit-V: Inorganic chemistry in biological systems

Essential and trace elements in biological systems and their functions, structure and function of metalloporphyrins, Hemoglobin, cytochrome and hemocyanine. Electron transfer, Respiration and photosynthesis reaction, Metal deficient diseases of Fe, Zn, Cu and Mn and their therapy.

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

Marks : 100

Reference books:

- 1. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J.D.Lee.
- 2..Inorganic Chemistry, J.E.Huhey and Keiter R. L
- 3. Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules, K.Veera Reddy.
- 4. Group Theory and symmetry in Chemistry, Gurdeep Raj.Ajay Bhagi and Vinod Jain.
- 5.Symmetry and Group theory in Chemistry, R Ameta
- 6. Mechanism of Inorganic Reaction. II Edn. Fred Basolo and R.G.Pearsons.
- 7 Selected Topic in Inorganic Chemistry, Wahid U. Malik, G.D.Tuli and R.D.Madan.
- 8. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F.A.Cotton and Wilkinson.
- 9. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Satyaprakash, G.D. Tuli, S.K. Basu and R.D. Madan.

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- 10. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Volume I and II Gurdeep Raj.
- 11.A Textbook of bioinorganic chemistry, A. K. Das

45

CHEC-102: Organic Chemistry

04 Hrs/Week Credits: 04 **Marks : 100**

Unit-I: Nature of Bonding in Organic Molecules

Delocalized chemical bonding, conjugation, cross conjugation, resonance, hyperconjugation, tautomerism. Aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds, alternant and nonalternant compounds, Huckel rule, energy level of π -molecular orbitals, annulenes, aromaticity, Bonds weaker than covalent - addition compounds, crown ether complexes and cryptands, inclusion compounds, cyclodextrins, catenanes and rotaxanes.

Unit-II: Reaction Mechanism : Structure and Reactivity

Types of Mechanisms, Types of reactions, Thermodynamic and Kinetic requirements, Kinetic and Thermodynamic control, Hammond's postulate, methods of determining mechanisms, isotope effects.

Generation, structure, stability and reactivity of carbocations, Carbanions, free redicals, carbenes and Nitrenes. Effect of structure on reactivity, resonance and field effect, steric effect quantitative treatment, The Hammett equation, Linear free energy relationship, substituent and reaction constants, Taft equation.

Unit-III & IV: Stereo-chemistry

Elements of symmetry, chirality, Enantiomeric and diastereomeric relationships, R and S, E and Z nomenclature. Molecules with more than one chiral center, Threo and Erythro isomers, Prochiral relationships, groups and faces, stereospecific and stereoselective reactions. Optical activity in the absence of Chiral Carbon (Biphenyls, allenes and Spiranes), Chirality due to helical shape. Methods of resolution, optical purity, stereochemistry of the compounds containing Nitrogen, Sulphur and phosphorous. Conformational analysis of cycloalkanes, Mono and disubstituted cyclohexanes, decalins, effect of conformation on reactivity

Unit-V: Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitutions

Nucleophilic: The SN^2 , SN^1 mixed SN^1 and SN^2 and SET mechanisms. The neighbouring group mechamism, Neighbouring group participation by π and 6-bonds, anchimeric assistance. Nucleophilic Substitution at an allylic aliphatic trigonal and a vinylic carbon.

Reactivity: Effect of substrate structure, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium. Phase transfer catalysis, Ambident nucleophiles, regioselectivity.

12 hrs

12 hrs

24 hrs

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry, IV Edition: J. March
- 2. Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds: E. L. Eliel
- 3. Advanced organic Chemistry, Part-A and Part-B: F. A. Carey, & R. J. Sundburg.
- 4. A Guide Book to Mechanisum in Organic Chemistry: Peter Sykes.
- 5. Principles of Organic Synthesis: R. O. C. Norman
- 6. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: D. Nashipuri
- 7. Organic Chemistry: Clayden and Greeves
- 8. Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry: E. S. Gould

CHEC-103 : Physical Chemistry

Credits: 04

04 Hrs/Week

Unit-I: Ionic Equilibria and Biological Reactions

Exact treatment of the dissociation of week acids and bases, Dissociation constant of polyprotic acids, Statistical effects in polyprotic acids, Dissociation constant of complex ions, Logarithmic expression for pH and pOH, Calculations involving buffer solution, buffer capacity and buffer index, Salt effect and solubility product and its applications.

Thermodynamics of biochemical reactions, Binding of oxygen by myoglobin and hemoglobin, Reaction between microscopic and macroscopic dissociation constant.

Unit-II: Chemical Dynamics

Collision theory, modified collision theory, weakness of the collision theory, Theory of absolute reaction rates, equilibrium hypothesis, Derivation of the rate equation, statistical mechanical derivation and thermodynamic formulation. Isotope effect on reaction rate. Primary salt effect, secondary salt effect.

Dynamics of uni-molecular reactions, Lindmann and Hinshelwood theory

Kinetics of fast reactions, study of fast reactions by flow method, relaxation method, flash photolysis and NMR method.

Reactions in solution: Reaction between ions, influence of solvent-double sphere model, single sphere model, influence of ionic strength, numericals.

Unit-III: Classical Thermodynamics

Nernst heat theorem, the third law of thermodynamics, determination of absolute entropies of solids, liquids and gases. Partial molar properties : Partial molar free energy, chemical potential, partial molar volume and partial molar heat content and their significance, determination of these quantities, concept of fugacity and determination of fugacity.

Unit-IV: Surface Chemistry:

12 hrs

12 hrs

Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference across curved surface (Laplace equation) vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation) Gibbs adsorption isotherm, estimation of surface area (BET equation), surface films on liquids (Electro kinetic phenomenon), catalytic activity at surfaces, numericals.

Colloidal electrolytes, Types of micelles in colloidal electrolytes, Micellization, Thermodynamics of micellization, Mechanism of Micellization, critical micellar concentration, Determinations of critical micellar concentration, Surface active agents, Classifications of surface active agents, Reverse micelles, Solubilization

12 hrs

12 hrs

Marks : 100

Unit-V: Electro-Chemistry

Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes, Debye-Huckel-Onsager equation Testing of the equation, Debye-Falkenhagen effect, Wein effect, activity coefficient, mean ionic activity coefficient; Debye-Huckel limiting law ionic strength. Electrocapillary phenomena, and its measurements. Effect of anions, cations and molecules on electrocapillary curves. Electrocapillary properties of mercury-solution interface.

Polarography: the Ilkovic equation and its derivation, concentration polarization, instrumentation, advantages of DME, half wave potential. Applications of polarography, numerical.

References books:

- 1. Chemical Kinetics Laidler (McGraw-Hill)
- Kinetic and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations J. Rajaram and J.C. CURIACOSE (Macmillan India Ltd.)
- 3. Physical Chemistry Atkins (Oxford)
- 4. Thermodynamics for Chemists S. Glasstone (EWP, New Delhi)
- 5. Physical Chemistry G. M. Barrow
- 6. Advanced Physical Chemistry Gurdeep-Raj (Pelenum)
- 7. Micelles : Theoretical and Applied Aspects V. Moroi (Plenum)
- 8. Text Book of Physical Chemistry S.Glasstone (McMillan)
- 9. An Introduction to Electrochemistry S. Glasstone (EWP, New Delhi)
- 10. Physical chemistry Robert A .Alberty ., Robert J .Silbey
- 11. Statistical Thermodynamic M. C. Gupta

CHEF-104 : Analytical Chemistry

02 Hrs/Week

Credits: 02

Marks : 50

Unit-I: Basic concepts of analytical chemistry:

The role of analytical chemistry, qualitative and quantitative analysis, The analytical process, Validation of a method.

Statistical treatment of analytical data:

Introduction, types of errors, significant figures, precision and accuracy, methods of expressing accuracy, methods of expressing precision, the confidence limit, tests of significance- the F test, the student T test, rejection of results - the Q test.Statistics for small data sets, linear least squares, correlation coefficient, using spreadsheets for plotting calibration curves, slope, intercept and coefficient of determination, numericals.

Unit-II: Basic separation techniques:

15 hrs

Distillation and solvent and solid phase extraction:

Distillation: Fractional distillation, distillation under vacuum, theory of operation of distillation methods, some practical considerations.

Solvent and Solid Phase extraction: Phase equilibrium, the partition coefficient the distribution ratio, theory of phase contact methods, single equilibrations, repeated equilibrations, counter current distribution, practical aspects and applications - extraction of metals, extraction of molecular species, Ion pair extractions, Accelerated and microwave assisted extraction, solid phase extraction, Numericals.

Chromatography

Introduction, basic principles and theory of chromatographic techniques, plate theory of chromatography, rate theory of chromatography, other factors in zone broadening, Development of the chromatogram - Frontal analysis, elution analysis displacement analysis, selection of chromatograph system, qualitative and quantitative analysis by chromatography.

Reference Books:

- 1. Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry 8th Edⁿ. Skoog, West Hollar, Couch.
- 2. Analytical Chemistry 6th Edition., Gary D. Christian
- 3. Chemical Separations and Measurements, D.G. Peters, J.M. Hayes and G.M. Hieftie
- 4. Instrumental Method of Chemical Analysis, G.R. Chatwal & S.K.Anand.

COM - 100 : Constitution of India

Credits: 02

Unit I : History of Making of the Indian Constitution. [04 Hrs]

1.1 History

1.2 Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

Unit II : Philosophy of the Indian Constitution [06 Hrs.]

2.1 Preamble

2.2 Salient Features

Unit III : Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties [12 Hrs.]

3.1 Fundamental Rights

* Right to Equality, * Right to Freedom, * Right against Exploitation ,* Right to Freedom of

Religion, * Cultural and Educational Rights, * Right to Constitutional Remedies

3.2 Directive Principles of State Policy, 3.3 Fundamental Duties

Unit IV : Organs of Governance [08 Hrs.]

4.1 Parliament

* Composition, * Qualifications and Disqualifications, * Powers and Functions

4.2 Executive

* President, * Governor, * Council of Ministers,

4.3 Judiciary

* Appointment and Transfer of Judges, * Qualifications, * Powers and Functions

.. References :-

1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act),

Government Publication.

2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution,

1st Edition, 2015.

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- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015
- 5. M.P. Jain, Outlines of Indian Legal and Constitutional History, Lexis Nexis, 2014.

Note : All latest volumes of above mentioned books must be preferred. The above list of books is not an exhaustive one

CHELI -105 : Laboratory Course

06 Hrs/Week	Credits: 03	Marks : 50
List of experiments		
I. Preparation and estim	ation of percentage metal ion p	present in a metal complexes.
1. Ti(C ₉ H ₈ NO) ₂ .2H ₂ O	2. $VO(acac)_2$	3. Cis-K[Cr(C ₂ O ₄) ₂ (H ₂ O) ₂]
4. [Mn(acac) ₃]	5. $K_3[Fe(C_2O_4)_3]$	6. Hg[(Co(SCN) ₄]
7. [Co(III)(NH ₃) ₆]Cl ₃	8. [Co(III)(NO ₂)(NH ₃) ₅]Cl ₂	9. [Ni (NH ₃) ₆]Cl ₂
II. Separation and estim	nation of amount of metal ions f	from the following
mixture solutions		
1.Copper- Nickel		
2. Nickel- Zinc		
3. Iron- Magnesium		
Reference Book:		
1. A Text book of Quanti	tative Inorganic Analysis; A. I.	Vogel
2. Practical Inorganic Che	mistry; Pass Geoffrey and Haydr	n Sutcliffe.
3. Advanced Practical Ino	rganic Chemistry; Gurudeep Raj	•
4. Vogel's Qualitative Inc	rganic Analysis, D. Svehla, VII I	Edn. Orient Longman Ltd.
Scheme of Marking		
Preparation & estimation	on of percentage of metal ion M	letal Complexes 25 Marks
i). Yield of complexes		15 Marks
ii).Observation table, Calo	culation & Results	10 Marks
II. Separation and Estim	nations of binary mixture of me	tal ions: 15 Marks
i). Observation table		05 Marks
ii). Calculation & Results	5	10 Marks
III. Journal and Viva-Ve	oce	10 Marks

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CHELO- 106: Laboratory course

06 Hrs/Week	Credits: 03	Marks: 50

List of experiments

1. Qualitative Organic Analysis:

Separation, purification and identification of binary (Solid-Solid) mixtures.

The separation should be carried out using Chemical method.

The two components are solid-solid mixtures.

Student should submit the purified samples of the separated compounds and prepare a suitable derivative of the two compounds separated out.

Note : Analysis of at least five mixtures should be carried out.

2. Single Stage Preparations:

i) *p*-nitro acetanilide from acetanilide.

ii) Dibenzylidene acetone from Benzaldehyde

Note: i) The preparations should be carried out using (0.02 to 0.05 mole) of the starting material.

ii) The yield, melting point and TLC of the recrystalised product should be recorded.

Note : Student will not be allowed for practical examination if his/her record book is not completed and certified.

3. Record Book & Viva Scheme of Marking:

1. Qualitative Organic Analysis (Analysis of one Component is Compulsory) **Marks**

i)Type of the mixture	07
ii) Preliminary test	02
Analysis of the individual components:	
iii). Detection of Elements	03
iv) Detection of functional groups	03
v) Determination of MP/BP	04
vi) Preparation of the derivative	04
vii) Identification (Spotting)	02
2. Preparation	
i) Brief experimental procedure along with mechanism and calculations	05
ii) Submission of recrystallized product	05
iii) Yield and MP of pure product	05

Marks: 15

Marks: 25

Marks: 10

06 Hrs/Week

List of experiments A. Instrumentation.

- 1. Determination of strengths of halides in a mixture potentiometrically.
- 2. Determination of the strength of strong and weak acid in a given mixture conductometrically.
- 3. Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salt BaSO₄.
- 4. Determine the pK_1 and pK_2 value of phosphoric acid by pH metry.
- 5. Determine the indicator constant of given indicator by colorimetric measurements.
- 6. Study of kinetics of inversion of cane sugar.

B. Non-Instrumentation.

- 1. Determine the molecular refraction of methyl acetate, ethyl acetate, n-hexane and carbon tetrachloride and calculate the refraction of CH₂, C, H and O atoms.
- 2. To study the effect of surfactants (sodium chloride) on surface tension of given liquid.
- 3. To determine the radius of molecule by viscosity measurements.
- 4. Determine the solubility of benzoic acid in water at different temperature and hence its heat of solution.
- 5. Determine the formula of the complex formed between Cu(II) and ammonia by distribution method.
- 6. Determine the velocity constant of hydrolysis of ester.

Note : Student will not be allowed for practical examination if his/her record book is not completed and certified.

Reference Book

- 1. Systematic experimental physical chemistry T. K. Chondhekar & S.W. Rajbhoj
- 2. Experiments in chemistry D.V. Jahagirdar

Scheme of marking :

1) Experiment I		Experiment -II
(Instrumentation)		(Non-instrumentation)
Max .Marks	Max. Marks	
i) Observation :	10	08
ii) Calculation :	05	04
iii) Graph :	05	04
Accuracy& Results :	05	04
Record book & Viva :	05	05

CHEC-201: Inorganic chemistry

Credits: 04

04 Hrs/Week

Unit-I : Spectroscopic term symbols

Terms, Inter-electronics repulsion, spin orbit coupling, ground terms, determination of terms symbol of d^1 to d^5 Configuration / complexes, Energy ordering of terms, microstates. Racah parameter. Weak and stronger field approach. Correlation diagram of d^1 , d^2 , d^8 and d^9 configuration in octahedral and tetrahedral environments, Non-crossing rule. Orgel diagram of d^1 to d^9 configuration in an octahedral and tetrahedral environments, Tanabe Sugano diagram of d^2 and d^3 configurations.

Unit-II: Interpretation electronic Spectra of metal complexes 12 hrs

Experimental measurement of the spectra, Charge transfer transitions, types of charge transfer transitions, Band intensities, intensity of d-d bands and change transfer bands. Interpretation of electronic spectrum of transition metal complex with suitable examples. Konig's method for calculation of D_q , B and β parameters and numericals.

Unit-III: Chemistry of Metal Carbonyls

Classification; Chemistry of carbonyl group Preparation, properties, structures and bonding in - iron carbonyls, Ni(CO)₄, Co₂(CO)₈, Mn₂(CO)₁₀, Cr(CO)₆, Mo(CO)₆ and W(CO)₆, Co₄(CO)₁₂ and V(CO)₆. EAN rule applied to these carbonyls structures of mixed carbonyls of transition metals and EAN rule applied to these carbonyls. Preparations carbonyl halides

Unit-IV: Metal nitrosyl compounds

Preparations and properties of Nitrosyl halides (NOX), Metal nitrosyl halides, compounds containing NO- group, Compounds containing NO⁺ groups, Preparation, structure and application of sodium Nitropruside. EAN and Eighteen electron rules applied to: Nitrosyl compounds of Cobalt, iron and Manganese. Significance of NO for the life of living animal

Unit-V: Chemistry of dioxygen, dinitrogen complexes and non-carbonyl

metal clusters

A. Preparation structure and function of Cobalt dioxygen complexes.

Preparation, properties, structures and function of dinitrogen complexes of Molybdenum, Structures and function of nitrogenase enzymes.

B. Preparation, structure and bonding in Non-carbonyl metal clusters viz. Binuclear $(\text{Re}_2\text{Cl}_8)^{2-}$, Trinuclear ('ReCl₃)₃, Tetranuclear (W₄(OR)₆) and Hexanuclear (Mo₆Cl₆)⁴⁺ ions. Preparation , properties and structures of Zintl anions & cation of Ge, Sn, and Bi

54

Marks: 100

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

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References Books:

- 1. Inorganic Chemistry , J.E. Hubeey, E.A. Keitler, R.L. Keitler.
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry J.D. Lee.
- 3. Inorganic electronic spectroscopy, A.B.P. Lever.
- 4. Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules K. Veera Reddy
- 5. Symmetry and Group theory in Chemistry, R Ameta
- 6. Inorganic Chemistry (IIIrd Edition) G.Y. Miessler and D.A. Tarr.
- 7. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol. I Satyaprakash, Tuli, Basu and Madan.
- 8. Selected Topics in Inorganic Chemistry W.U. Malik, G.D. Tuli & R.D. Madan.
- 9. Chemistry of the Elements N. N. Greenwood and A. Earnshaw.
- 10. Inorganic Chemistry Attkin and Shriver.
- 11. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol. I & Vol. II Gurdeep and Raj.
- 12. Some aspect of Crystal Field theory- T. M. Dunn, D.S.Mcclure & R. G. Person

Nucleophilic Substitution: The SN^{Ar}, SN¹, benzyne mechanisum, Effect of substrate

structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile on reactivity. **Unit-II: Addition to Carbon – Carbon multiple bond:** 12 hrs

Mechanism and stereochemical aspect of addition reaction involving electrophile, nucleophile and free radicals. Regioselectivity and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity, Michael addition, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation.

Unit-III: Addition to Carbon–Hetero Multiple bond:

Unit-I: Aromatic Electrophilic and Nucleophilic Substitutions

Mechanisum of metal hydride reduction of saturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acid, ester and nitriles. Addition of Grignard reagent, Organo zinc and organo lithium reagent to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Wittig reaction. Mechanism of condensation reaction involving enolates -Aldol, Knovenagel, Claisen, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin, Stobbe reaction. Hydrolysis of esters.

Unit-IV: Elimination Reactions:

The E_1 , E_2 , and E_{1CB} mechanisum, orientation of double bond. Reactivity: effect of substrate structure, attacking base, the leaving group and the medium, pyrolytic elimination.

Unit-V: Rearrangements:

General mechanistic consideration, nature of migration, migratory aptitude, memory effect, pinacole.pinacolone, Benzil-Bezilic acid, Beckmann, Hoffman and Fries rearrangements.

Reference Books:

04 Hrs/Week

coupling.

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry, IV Edition: J. March
- 2. Advanced organic Chemistry, Part-A and Part-B: F. A. Carey, & R. J. Sundburg.
- 3. A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry: Peter Sykes.
- 4. Synthetic Organic Chemistry: H. O. House
- 5. Principles of Organic Synthesis: R. O. C. Norman
- 6. Organic Chemistry: Clayden and Greeves
- 7. Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry: E. S. Gould

CHEC- 202: Organic chemistry

Electrophilic Substitutions: The arenium ion mechanisum, orientation and reactivity, energy

profile diagram. The ortho/para ratio, IPSO substitution, orientation in other ring system,

Recapitulation of halogenation, nitration, sulphonation and Fridel Craft's reaction, diazonium

Credits: 04

Marks: 100

18 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

CHEC-203 : Physical chemistry

04 Hrs/Week

Credits: 04

Unit -I: Quantum Chemistry-I

The Schrodinger equation, particle in a one dimensional box, Eigen values and Eigen functions, operators, properties of quantum mechanical operators, Hermitian, Linear, Ladder, Hamiltonian and angular momentum operators.

Particle in three dimensional box, harmonic oscillator, rigid rotator and numericals.

Unit -II: Quantum Chemistry-II

Term symbols and selection rules, spin-orbital coupling, the variation theorem, nondegenerate perturbation theory and applications. Huckel molecular orbital theory of conjugated systems, application to ethylene, butadiene, cyclopropenyl radical cyclobutadiene and benzene, numericals.

Unit-III: Phase Rule

Recapitulation of phase rule and terms involved in it, one component system, two component systems (solid-solid, solid-liquid and liquid-liquid), reduced phase rule, three component systems, partially miscible three liquid systems : one partially miscible pair, two partially miscible pairs, three partially miscible pairs, systems composed of two solids and a liquid : crystallization of pure components only, formation of binary compounds, formation of ternary compounds, formation of solid solutions, partial miscibility of solid phases, numericals.

Unit-IV: Crystallography

Classification of solids on the basis of shapes, and bonding, crystal lattice and unit cell, laws of crystallography crystal symmetry, symmetry elements, lattice planes and their designations, liquid crystals.

Principle of crystal structure. close packing of atoms, packing of equal sized spheres in HCP, CCP, BCC structures. packing in ionic solids, atomic packing factor in crystal structures, ionic radius, radius ratio rule, (3, 4, 6, 8 coordinate structures). octahedral and tetrahedral voids, isomorphism and polymorphism, numericals.

Unit-V: Photochemistry

Absorption of light and nature of absorption spectra, electronic transitions. photodissociation and pre-dissociation. photo-oxidation, photo-reduction and photo-dimerization. photo-physical phenomenon. Jablonski diagram. photo-physical pathways of molecular deexcitation, difference between delayed fluorescence and phosphorescence, Stern-Volmer

Marks: 100

12 hrs.

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

equation, deviations from Stern-Volmer equation, concentration dependence of quenching and eximer formation, quenching of fluorescence formation of excimer and exciples.

References Books:

- 1.Quantum Chemistry : Ira N. Levine
- 2.Quantum Chemistry : R.K. Prasad
- 3. Quantum Chemistry : B.K. Sen
- 4. Principles of Physical Chemistry : Puri, Sharma, Pathania
- 5. Advanced Physical Chemistry : Gurdeep Raj, Plenum.
- 6. Physical Chemistry : Maron and Prutton
- 7.Introduction to Molecular Photo-chemistry : C.H.J. Wells
- 8. Fundamentals of Photo-chemistry : Rohatgi-Mukherjee.
- 9.Photo-chemistry : J.G. Calvert & J.N. Pitts.
- 10.Ptoho-luminiscence of solutions : C.A. Parker.
- 11.Photo-chemistry : A. Singh and R. Singh
- 12Atkin's Physical Chemistry : Peter Atkins
- 13.Solid State Chemistry : D.K. Chakraborti
- 14.Solid State Chemistry and its applications : A.R. West.
- 15. The Determination of Molecular Structure : P.J. Wheatley.
- 16.Solid State Chemistry : N.B. Hannary.
- 17.Principles of Solid State : H.V. Keer.
- 18. Physical Chemistry : G.K. Vemulapalli.

02 Hrs/Week

Credits: 02

Unit-I: General introduction of spectral methods of analysis.

Characterization of electromagnetic radiations, Regions of the spectrum, Interaction of radiations with matter - absorption, emission, transmission, reflection, dispersion, polarization and representation of spectra, basic elements of practical spectroscopy, resolving power, signal to noise ratio. Uncertainty relation and natural line width, natural line broadening, intensity of spectral lines, energy levels, selection rules, components of spectrometer and their functions.

Microwave spectroscopy: Rotation of molecules, rotational spectra, diatomic molecules - rigid diatomic molecules, intensities of spectral lines, effect of isotopic substitution, non-rigid rotator, the spectrum of non-rigid rotator, polyatomic molecules, technique and instrumentation in outline, applications, numerical problems.

Unit-II: Vibrational spectroscopy

Review of linear harmonic oscillator, the vibrating diatomic molecule, the simple harmonic oscillator, the anharmonic oscillator, the diatomic vibrating rotator, the vibration-rotation spectrum of carbon monoxide, breakdown of the Born-Oppenheimur approximation, the vibration of polyatomic molecules, overtones and combination frequencies, the influence of rotation on the spectra of polyatomic molecules, the influence of nuclear spin, symmetric top molecules, analysis by Infra-red technique - Group frequencies, outline of technique and instrumentation. **Raman spectroscopy:** Classical and quantum of theory of Raman effect, pure rotational, vibrational and vibrational-rotational Raman spectra, rule of mutual exclusion, overtone and combination vibrations, Rotational fine structure, outline of technique and instrumentation, applications.

References Books:

- 1. The Determination of Molecular Structure : P. J. Wheatley
- 2. Physical Chemistry : G. M. Barrow
- 3. Instrumental Methods of Chem. Analy. Chatwal and Anand.
- 4. A Text book of Phy.Chem. : A.S. Negi& S. C. Anand
- 5. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis Willard, Merritt, Dean & Seatle
- 6. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis Chatwal, Anand
- 7. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis B.K. Sharma
- 8. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis -R.D. Braun
- 9. Analytical Chemistry : Skoog and West

15 hrs

- 10. Principles of Instrumental Analysis: Skoog and West.
- 11. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy: Banwell.
- 12. Atomic and Molecular Structure : ManasChanda
- 13. Molecular Spectroscopy : B.D. Acharya
- 14. Molecular Spectroscopy: Dyer.
- 15. Organic Spectroscopy: P.S. Kalsi (6th Edition).
- 16. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry : D.H. Williams and I.Fleming.
- 17. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds : R.M. Silverstein, Morril and G.C. Bassler

- 18. Introduction to Spectroscopy : Pavia, Lampman and Ktiz (3rd Edition)
- 19. Organic Spectroscopy: William Kemp (3rd Edition).
- 20. Quantum Chemistry- B. K. Sen
- 21. Inorganic Chemistry Atkins and Shriver.

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CHEF-205 : Research methodology

Credits: 02

Unit-I: Elemental methods of analysis

02 Hrs/Week

Flame emission spectroscopy: Principles, instrumentation, interferences, limitations, applications and numerical. Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Introduction, principles, instrumentation, sources of EMR-hollow cathode lamps, temperature gradient lamps, cells, flames, furnaces, detectors, interferences, background corrections and use of AAS for qualitative and quantitative analysis

Electron Spectroscopy Photoelectron spectroscopy: Basic principles, ESCA- Introduction - ESCA - ESCA satellite peaks, spectral splitting, ESCA chemical shifts, Principle, instrumentation, applications, Auger electron spectroscopy, Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy.

Unit-II: Ultraviolet- Visible Spectroscopy:

Various Electronic transitions, chromophores, Auxochromers, Bathochromic and Hypochromic Shifts, Effect of solvent on electronic transitions, Woodward-Fieser rules for dienes, enones and aromatic compounds, Applications of U.V.

Infrared Spectroscopy

Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, Carbonyl compounds, hydroxyl compounds, amines and metal-ligand complexes. Factors affecting IR group frequencies, overtones, combination bands and Fermi resonance. Applications of IR.

References Books:

- 1. The Determination of Molecular Structure : P. J. Wheatley
- 2. Physical Chemistry : G. M. Barrow
- 3. Instrumental Methods of Chem. Analy. Chatwal and Anand.
- 4. A Text book of Phy.Chem. : A.S. Negi& S. C. Anand
- 5. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis Willard, Merritt, Dean & Seatle
- 6. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis Chatwal, Anand
- 7. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis B.K. Sharma
- 8. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis -R.D. Braun
- 9. Analytical Chemistry : Skoog and West
- 10. Principles of Instrumental Analysis: Skoog and West.
- 11. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy: Banwell.
- 12. Atomic and Molecular Structure : ManasChanda
- 13. Molecular Spectroscopy : B.D. Acharya
- 14. Molecular Spectroscopy: Dyer.

15 hrs

15 hrs

Marks: 50

- 15. Organic Spectroscopy: P.S. Kalsi (6th Edition).
- 16. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry : D.H. Williams and I.Fleming.
- 17. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds : R.M. Silverstein, Morril and G.C. Bassler

- 18. Introduction to Spectroscopy : Pavia, Lampman and Ktiz (3rd Edition)
- 19. Organic Spectroscopy: William Kemp (3rd Edition).
- 20. Quantum Chemistry- B. K. Sen
- 21. Inorganic Chemistry Atkins and Shriver.

CHEF- 206 : Review of literature

01 Hrs/Week	Credit: 01	Marks : 25
Fundamentals of literature survey		

- 2. Information of search engines like Google, SCOPUS, etc
- 3. Compilation of literature
- 4. Brief literature review on the given topic
- 5. Preparation of review articles
- 6. Evaluation of review written by students

CHELI-207: Laboratory Course

06 Hrs/Week

Credits: 03

List of experiments

I. Semi micro qualitative inorganic analysis

Identification of three acidic and three basic radicals including one rare earth from the given mixture [06 Mixture]

Note : Each mixture should contain different rare earth elements

II. Separation and estimation of amount of metal ions from the following

mixture solutions

- 1. Copper- Barium
- 2. Iron Aluminum
- 3. Copper- Iron

Reference Book

- 1. A Text book of Micro and Semi micro Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, IV edn, A. I. Vogel
- 2. A Text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis; A. I. Vogel
- 3. Practical Inorganic Chemistry- Pass Geoffrey and Haydn Sutcliffe.
- 4. Advanced Practical Inorganic Chemistry- Gurudeep Raj;.
- 5. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, VII Edn. Orient Longman Ltd. D. Svehla.

Scheme of Marking

I. Semi micro Inorganic analysis	25 Marks
i. Preliminary Test	03 Marks
ii. Acidic radicals along with C.T.	09 Marks
iii. Group identification of basic radicals	04 Marks
iv. Basic radicals along with spot test & C.T	09 Marks
II. Separation and Estimations of binary mixture of metal ions:	15 Marks
i. Observation Table :	05 Marks
ii. Calculation & Results :	10 Marks
III. Journal and Viva-Voce	10 Marks

CHELO-208: Laboratory course

06 Hrs/Week	Credits: 03	Marks: 50
List of experiments		
1. Qualitative Organic Analysis:		Marks: 25
Separation, purification and identification o	of binary (Solid-Liquid) mix	xtures.
The separation should be carried out using (Chemical method.	
The two components are solid-liquid mixtur	res.	
Student should submit the purified samp	oles of the separated comp	bounds and prepare a
suitable derivative of the two compounds se	eparated out.	
Note : Analysis of at least five mixtures sho	ould be carried out.	
2. Single Stage Preparations:		Marks: 15
i) <i>p</i> -Bromo acetanilide from acetanilide.		
ii) 1,4-dichlorobenzene from p-chloroanilin	e	
iii) Benzophenone from benzene (Friedal C		
Note: i) The preparations should be carrie		mole) of the starting
material.	ou out using (0.02 to 0.03 1	note) of the starting
ii) The yield, melting point and TLC of the	recrystalised product should	the recorded
Note : Student will not be allowed for pr	•	
completed and certified.		
•		Morba 10
3. Record Book & Viva Scheme of Marking:		Marks: 10
1. Qualitative Organic Analysis (Analysis	s of one Component is Comp Marks	pulsory)
i)Type of the mixture	07	
ii) Preliminary test	02	
Analysis of the individual components:	02	
iii). Detection of Elementsiv) Detection of functional groups	03 03	
v) Determination of MP/BP	04	
vi) Preparation of the derivative	04	
vii) Identification (Spotting)	02	
2. Preparation	-	
i) Brief Experimental procedure along with	05	
mechanism and calculations		
ii) Submission of recrystallized product	05	
iii) Yield and MP of pure product	05	

06 Hrs/Week

List of experiments A. Instrumentation.

- 1. Determination of dissociation constants of phosphoric acid potentiometrically.
- 2. Determination of dissociation constants of weak acid potentiometrically.
- 3. Determination of acidic and basic dissociation constants of an amino acid and its isoelectric point.
- 4. Determination of equilibrium quotient for the formation of monothiocynato iron (III) complex.
- 5. To study the kinetics of mutarotation of glucose/fructose polarographically.

B. Non-Instrumentation.

- 1. To study the adsorption of acetic acid from aqueous solution by activated charcoal and examine the validity of Freundlich and langmuir's isotherm.
- 2. To construct the phase diagram for three component system (chloroform-acetic acidwater).
- 3. To study auto catalysis reaction between potassium permanganate and oxalic acid.
- 4. Determine the rate constant of the reaction between potassium persulphate and potassium iodide having equal/unequal concentration of the reacting species.
- 5. To study the variation of viscosity with the composition of mixtures (ethanol-water-HNO₃-chloroform) and to determine the formation of complex between two liquids.

Note : Student will not be allowed for practical examination if his/her record book is not completed and certified. **Scheme of marking :**

1) Experiment I (Instrumentation)		Experiment -II (Non-instrumentation)
	Marks	Marks
i) Observation :	10	0 8
ii) Calculation :	05	04
iii) Graph :	05	04
Accuracy& Results :	05	04
Record book & Viva :	05	05

Reference Book

1. Systematic experimental physical chemistry – T. K. Chondhekar & S.W. Rajbhoj 2. Experiments in chemistry – D.V. Jahagirdar

DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY, AURANGABAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY



Curriculum

M. Sc. Inorganic Chemistry (Semester III & IV)

Choice Based Credit and Grading System

Effective from : June 2017

The following will be the Choice Based Credit and Grading System structure of revised syllabus for M. Sc. III & IV semester Inorganic Chemistry effective from June 2017.

Semester	Paper Nos.	Title of Paper	Teac	Marks	Credits
			hing		
			(hr)/		
			week		
III- Semester	CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral methods	04	100	04
CHECI- 302	Bioinorganic and supramolecular chemistry	04	100	04	
	CHECI- 303	Applied inorganic chemistry	04	100	04
	CHEEI -304	Chemistry of materials OR	04	100	04
	CHEEI -305	Environmental chemistry OR	04	100	04
	CHEEI- 306	Solid state chemistry OR	04	100	04
CHEEI -310	Instrumental methods of chemical analysis	04	100	04	
	CHELI- 307	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHELI- 308	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHELI- 309	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHECI -401	Nuclear chemistry	02	50	02
	CHECI -402	Photoinorganic chemistry	04	100	04
	CHECI -403	Therapeutic bioinorganic and chemistry of forensic materials	04	100	04
IV semesterCHEEI -404CHEEI -405CHEEI -409CHEEI -406	Organo transition Metal Chemistry, OR	04	100	04	
	Polymer chemistry , OR	04	100	04	
	Technology for converting waste agriculture biomass to energy OR	04	100	04	
	Theoretical and structural inorganic chemistry	04	100	04	
	CHEIR - 407	Research Project (Experimental)	24	200	12
	CHEIR - 408	Research Project (Dissertation, Presentation and Seminars)	06	100	06

various structures, hyperfine splitting diagram of representative examples, factors affecting the magnitude of 'g' values, Zero field splitting, Kramer's degeneracy, Anisotropy in the hyperfine coupling constant, electron delocalization, instrumentation and applications.

Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Spectroscopy: D. L. Pavia, G. M. Lampman, G. S. Kriz
- 2. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds: R. M. Silverstein & F. X. Webster
- ¹³C NMR Spectroscopy: G. C. Levy, R. L. Lichter, G. L. Nelson 3.
- 4. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry: D. H. Williams & I. FlemmingAbsorption

Credits: 04

UNIT-I: Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (¹H NMR)

Elementary ideas (Recapitulation); Spin-spin couplings, Different types of couplings, factors affecting on coupling constants, Karplus equation, Spin systems (AB, AX, ABX, AMX), Rate processes, spin decoupling, shift reagents, Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE), INEPT and INADEQUATE.

UNIT-II: ¹³CNuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy [12hrs]

Elementary ideas, instrumental problems, chemical shifts (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbons); Effect of substituents on chemical shifts.

UNIT-III: Mass Spectroscopy

Introduction, ion production (EI, CI, FD and FAB), ion analysis, ion abundance, factors affecting on fragmentation, fragmentation of different functional groups, molecular ion peak, isotopic peaks, metastable peak, Nitrogen rule, McLafferty rearrangement, Retro-Diels-Alder reaction.

UNIT-IV

04 Hrs/Week

Problems based on joint applications of UV, IR, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and Mass spectroscopy.

Mossbauer spectroscopy: Principle, factors affecting the line position and shape, isomer effect

UNIT-V

and Quadrupole splitting iron salt like compounds, complexes, carbonyl compounds (temperature dependence of isomer shift and Quadrupole splitting in simple compound and coordination, polynuclear complexes), Numericals. Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy: Introduction, principle of ESR spectroscopy, presentation of spectrum, hyperfine splitting in

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[12hrs]

[12hrs]

[12hrs]

Marks 100

[12hrs]

- 5. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds: V. M. Parikh
- 6. Mass Spectrometry: K. G. Das & James
- 7. Coordination Chemistry by Experimental Methods: K. Barger
- 8. Coordination Chemistry vol. I: E. Martell
- 9. Physical Methods for Chemistry: R. S. Drago
- 10. Structural Methods in Inorganic Chemistry: E. A. V. Ebsworth& D. W. H. Rankin
- 11. Organic Structure Analysis: Philips Crews

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CHECI- 302: Bioinorganic and supramolecular chemistry

Credits: 04

04 Hrs/Week

Unit- I: Metalloenzymes:

Structural and functional relationships and mechanisms of enzymatic reaction in the following metalloenzymes. Zinc Enzymes: carbonic anhydrase and carboxypeptidases, Copper Enzymes: super oxide dismutases Iron Enzymes: catalase and peroxidases, Molybdenum Enzymes: nitrogenase and xanthanine oxidase, Coenzyme Vitamin: B-12

Unit-II: Metal Nucleic Acid Interactions:

Introduction, nucleic acid structures, structures and binding sites in nitrogen bases, phosphates and sugar base. Coordination complexes of nucleic acids and their bases with metal ions. Hydrogen bonding, redox reaction and hydrolytic reaction of nucleic acids mechanisms of these reactions, natures role, pharmaceutical role, catalytic role

Unit-III: Supramolecular chemistry

Basic concepts and principles of supramolecular chemistry, Host-Guest interactions, Molecular Recognition, spherical recognition, anionic receptors, porphyrin-sapphyrin systems. organometallic receptors, tetrahedral multiple and neutral molecular cleft recognition, enzyme models, molecular receptors, design and synthesis.

Unit-IV: Supramolecular reactions and catalysis

- a. Catalysis by anion, cation and metal receptor molecules and co catalysis.
- b. Molecular and supramolecular devices : likes Photonic, Electronic and ionic devices..

Unit-V: Storage of metals and transport across the membrane

The fluid mosaic model of membrane, types of transport and their mechanism, Transport and storage of alkali and alkaline earth metals, Na -K pump, calcium pump. Gibbs-Donnan equilibrium, Iron transport proteins and compounds.

Reference Books:

- 1. Bioinorganic chemistry -Bertini Ivano, Gray H. B., Lippard S. J. & Valentine J. S.
- 2. Principles of Bioinorganic chemistry S. J Lippard & M. J. Berg
- 3. Inorganic Biochemistry, (Vol.I & II) G. L. Eicchorn.
- 4. Bioinorganic chemistry :- A. K. Das.

[12 hrs]

Marks : 100

[12 hrs.]

[12hrs]

[12 hrs]

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[12hrs]

- 5. Bioinorganic chemistry R. W. Hay.
- 6. Bioinorganic chemistry Chatwal G. R. & A. K. Bhagi.
- 7. Supramolecular chemistry -Lehn J. M.

-

- 8. Bioinorganic & Supramolecular chemistry Chatwal G. R. & A. K. Bhagi.
- 9. Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Supramolecular chemistry Kalasi P. S.
- Supramolecular organometallic chemistry J. L. Atwood and Jonathava W. steed, Macel Jekkar Publisher
- 11. Supramolecular Organometallic chemistry -Jean Marie-Lehn.
- 12. Elements of bioinorganic chemistry G N Mukharji & Arvind Das

CHECI- 303: Applied inorganic chemistry

Credits: 04

04 Hrs/Week

Unit –I: Basic concept of zeolites

Introduction, definition, classifications on the basis of morphological appearance, SBU, substitution of other iso-electronic metal ions, types of pore size. Lowenstein's rule. pore and channels, channel dimensions, shape of the pore opening, nomenclature of zeolites, structural aspect of zeolites, acidity of zeolite, identification of acidic sites, nature of active sites, synergetic effects, shape selectivity.

Unit-II: Synthesis of zeolites

General methods for synthesis of zeolite, hydrothermal treatment, mechanism of aluminosilicate formation during Sol-Gel, co-precipitation process, factors affecting the zeolite formation. Modification of zeolites, Oswald's rules of successive transformation, crystallization and its identification, factors affecting crystallization, template theory, organic additives, crystallizing zeolites, ZSM-5 from an organic free solvent system, synthesis in nonaqueous solvents.

Unit-III: Characterization and applications of zeolite

General characterization techniques for analysis of zeolites, Details on FTIR, Pyridine adsorbed- IR analysis, XRD analysis, ²⁷Al MAS NMR and ²⁹ Si MAS NMR analysis , Temperature programmed desorption (TPD), probe molecules for TPD analysis, NH₃- TPD and CO₂- TPD . Applications of zeolite, Zeolite catalyzed reactions, water softening .

Unit-IV: Fundamentals of catalysis

Catalysis, types of catalysis, catalyst, properties of catalyst, classification of catalysts, Sabtier's principle, classification of solid catalysis, fundamentals of heterogeneous catalysis, factor affecting the catalyst performance , promoters, types of promoters, Inhibitors , catalyst poisoning, overview on heterogeneously catalyzed process in industry.

Unit-V: Basic Chemical Calculations:

Moles, Mole fraction, percent composition, weight & volume percent analysis of solid in composition, Material balance involving chemical reaction: Introduction, material balances, Concept of Selectivity, Conversion, and numericals. Principle of green chemistry, Atom economy numericals

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Marks : 100

[12 hrs.]

Reference Books:

- 1. Molecular sieves: Principles of synthesis and Identifications R-Szostak.
- Atlas of zeolite framework type; Ch. Barlocher, W M. Meier, D. H. Olson; 5th rev. Ed. Elsevier Amsterdam 2001
- 3. Molecular Sieves Science and Technology vol I & II, H G Karge, J Weitkamp-Springer
- 4. Molecular Sieves Science and technology ; H. G. Karge, J Weitkamp Vol I to V, Springer
- Industrial catalyst- A Practical Approach , Jens Hygen, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, Germany
- 6. Stoichometry (SI Units): B.I. Bhatt & S.M. Vora.
- 7. Heterogeneous Catalysis and Solid Catalysts, Olaf Deutschmann, Helmut Knozinger, Karl Kochloefl, Thomas Turek, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim
- Green chemistry and catalysis Roger A . Sheldon , Isabel Arends , Ulf Hanefeld . Wiley VCH

CHEEI- 304: Chemistry of materials

04 Hrs/Week

Credits: 04

Unit-I: General introduction & synthesis of nanomaterials by physical methods [12 hrs]

Objective of study, synthesis of nanoparticles by physical method, mechanical methods- high energy ball milling, melt mixing, method based on evaporation, physical vapour deposition with consolidation. Ionized cluster beam deposition. Laser vaporization, Laser pyrolysis, sputter deposition, electric arc deposition, Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD).

Unit-II: Synthesis of Nanomaterials by Chemical Methods

Introduction, colloids and colloids in solution, interaction of colloids and medium, colloids in vacuum, colloids in medium, effect of charge on colloids, stearic repulsion, synthesis of colloids, growth of nanoparticles, synthesis of metal and semiconductor nanoparticles by colloidal route, Langmuir-Blodgett (L-B) method, sol gel method, electrochemical method.

Unit-III: Analysis Technique

Introduction, microscopes, electron microscopes, SEM, TEM, Scanning probe microscope (SPM), Scanning Tunneling microscope, Atomic force microscope, X-ray diffraction, UVvisible and IR spectroscopy.

Unit-IV: Properties, types and application of Nanomaterials [12hrs]

i).Properties of nanomaterials – Mechanical, electrical, optical, magnetic, semiconductor.

ii).Some special nanomaterials – Carbon nanotubes, porous silicon, Arogels, Zeolites.

iii). Application – Electronic, energy automobiles, sport and toys, textile, cosmetics, domestic appliances, biotechnology, medical, space, defence & environment.

Unit-V: Imperfections in solids

Perfect and imperfect crystal, point defects, stoichiometric defects, Schootky & Frankle defects, thermodynamics of their formation, colour centers, Non-stoichiometric defects, metal excess and metal deficiency defects, line imperfections, Edge dislocation, Screw dislocation, Burgers circuits, Surface imperfections, grain boundaries & stacking falts.

Theories of solid states – free electron theory, band theory, refinement to simple band theory.

Reference Books:

- 1. Solid State Chemistry and applications- A.R. West (John Wiley and Sons)
- 2. Principles of the Solid State- H.V. Keer (Wiley Eastern Limited)

[12hrs]

[12hrs]

[12hrs]

Marks : 100

- 3. Nanotechnology: Principles and practices- Sulabha K. Kulkarni (capital Pub. Co.)
- 4. NANO- The next revolution Mohan Surendra Rajan(National book Trust, India)
- 5. The British Glass Website- Types of Glass://www.britiglass.org.uk.
- Fundamental of Nanotechnology Gabor L. Hornyak, John J. Moore, Harry F. Tibbals, Joydeep Dutta.
- 7. Recent advances in the liquid phase synthesis of Inorganic Nanoparticles- B. L. Cushing
- 8. V. L. Kolesmichenko & C.J.O".Connor Chemical Review 104, 3893-3946.(2004)

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CHEEI-305: Environmental chemistry

04 Hrs/Week

Credits : 04

Marks : 100

[12 hrs]

Unit-I: Air Pollution

General considerations: polluted air, Types of pollution and units of measurements. Air quality standards, Sampling, Monitoring, Analysis of CO, Sources and sinks of CO pollution, Effects of CO on plants and humans, Control of CO pollution, Analysis of oxides of nitrogen, NOx sources and sinks of NOx pollution, Control of NOx pollution, Hydrocarbons and photochemical smog and its control, Analysis of hydrocarbon in exhaust gasses, Petrol and air, Sulpher di oxide sources, Analysis and control, Acid rain particulates and their effects on human and climate, Control of particulates.

Unit-II:

Water Pollution: Aquatic environment, Water pollutants, Sampling of water and its preservation Trace metals in water, Chemical speciation with special reference to Copper, Lead, Mercury and Arsenic. Water quality standards Water quality parameters.

Oxygen Demanding Wastes: Dissolved oxygen, Biological oxygen demand, Monitoring techniques and methodology with special reference to ammonia, Nitrates, Nitrites, Fluorides, Cyanides, Total hardness, Lead, Cadmium and Mercury. Detection and control of Detergents, oils, Pesticides, Sewage treatment.

Unit-III:

Chemical toxicology :Toxic chemicals in environment, Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes, Biochemical effects of Arsenic, Cadmium, Lead, Mercury, Carbon monoxide, Sulphur dioxide, Pesticides and Carcinogens.

Soil analysis: Sampling of soil, Determination of water holding capacity, Determination of total nitrogen, phosphorous and sulphur in soil.

Unit-IV:

Industrial pollution: Pollution due to cement industry, Distillery, Pharmaceutical (Drug) industries, Sugar industry, Paper and pulp industries, Thermal power plants, Nuclear power plants, Metallurgical industries, Polymer industries. Recycle, reuse, recovery, disposal, and management of solid industrial waste.

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Unit-V: Pesticides and Environmental pollution

[12 hrs]

Types of pesticides, , Insecticides and Herbicides . Effect of pesticides, Insecticides and Herbicides on environment, Physicochemical decomposition of pesticides, , Insecticides and Herbicides by soil microorganism and other living organism .

Reference Books:

- 1. A. K. De, Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi.
- S. L. Chopra and J. S. kanwar, Analytical, Agricultural Chemistry, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Environmental chemistry, V P Kudesia, Pragati prakashan, meerut.
- 4. R. K. Trivedy and P. K. God, Chemical and biological methods for water pollution studies, Environmental publications, co. New Delhi.
- 5. L. A. Richards, Diagnosis and improvement of saline and alkali soils. Oxford IBH publications co. New Delhi.
- 6. S. M. Khopkar, Environmentalchemistry, Environmental pollution analysis.
- 7. M. S. Creos and Morr, Environmental chemical analysis, American publications.
- 8. M. Sitting, Resources, Recovery and Recycling, Handbook of industrial waste.
- 9. Standard methods of water and waste water analysis, American public health association Washington D. C.
- R. Gopalan and AmruthaAnand, "Environmental chemistry laboratory manual Emerald Publication.
- 11. Standards for water for drinking and other purposes, Beaurau of Indian Standards India.
- Guideline for drinking water quality recommendations of world health organization, Geneva.
- 13. B. K. Sharma and H. Kaur, Environmental Chemistry, Guel publishing house Meerut.
- 14. Thomas G. Spiro and Willian M. Stigliani, Chemistry of environment.
- Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text, Mike Lancaster, Royal Society of Chemistry,(2002)
- New Trends in green Chemistry, V.K.Ahluwalia and M. Kidwai, Anamaya Publishers New Delhi, (2004)

CHEEI-306 : Solid state chemistry

04 Hrs/Week

Credits : 04

Marks : 100

Unit-I: Solid state Reactions

General Introduction and principles, classification, Wagner reaction mechanism, Experimental procedures, Co-precipitations as precursor to solid state reaction, Kinetics of solid state reactions, Vapour Phase transport methods, Modification of existing structure by ion exchange and intercalation reactions,- Graphite intercalation compound, transition metal dichalcogenide and other intercalation compounds, Preparation of thin films, methods of characterization of thin films.

Unit-I: Imperfections in solids

Perfect and imperfect crystals, point defects, stoichiometric defects, Schottky and Frenkel defects. Thermodynamics of their formation, color centers. Nonstoichiometric defects, metal excess and metal deficiency defects. Line imperfections, edge dislocation and screw dislocations, Burgers circuits. Surface imperfections, grain boundaries and stacking faults.

Unit-III: Theories of solid state and electronic properties

Free electron theory, Conduction by free electrons, Band theory, refinement to simple band theory, band structure of metals, insulators and semiconductors. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, semiconductor material and their fabrication. **Super conductivity:** conventional super conductors, organic super conductors(organic metals), fullerene, high temperature super conductors, organic charge transfer complexes, Applications

Unit-IV Properties of solid

[12 hrs]

Optical properties: Luminescence and phosphors, lasers, photoconduction, photoelectric effects. **Magnetic Properties:** Behavior of substances in a magnetic field, classification of magnetic materials, effect of temperature, magnetic domains and hysteresis. **Electrical properties**: Thermoelectric effects, Thomson effects, Peltier effect, seebeck effect, thermocouples, Hall Effect, Dielectric materials, Ferro, Pyro, Piezo electricity and their relations. Applications.

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Unit-V Glass and Ceramics

Glass: Introduction, physical and chemical properties of glass. Methods of manufacture of glass, thermodynamics of glass formation, kinetics of crystallization and glass formation, types of glasses, sodalime glass, lead or flint glass, borosilicate glass, glass fiber, aluminosilicate glass, alkali-barium silicate glass, colored glass, opal glass, safety glass, technical glass, glass ceramics, optical (crookes) glass, sealing glass.

Ceramics: Introduction, classification, porous and non-porous materials wastes, clay and its properties, primary and secondary clays. Manufacturing process, glass ceramics.

Reference Books:

- 1. Solid state chemistry and its applications A. R. West (John Wiley and sons)
- 2. Principles of the solid state H. V. Keer (Wiley Eastern Limited)
- 3. Material science and engineering V. Raghavan (prentice hall of India)
- 4. Principles of electronics V. K. Mehta (S. Chand and Co.)
- 5. Engineering Chemistry P. C. Jain and M. Jain (Shanpat Rai and Sons)
- 6. Industrial chemistry B. K. Sharma (Goel Publishing House)
- 7. The British Glass Website- Types of Glass: http://wwwbritglass.org.uk.

CHEEI -310: Instrumental methods of chemical analysis

04 Hrs/Week

Credits: 04

Marks 100

Unit-I: General Introduction

Overview of Electrode Processes, Electrocapillary curve and electrocapillary maximum potential, exchange current, Ion selective electrodes: Types and construction of electrode, Glass electrode, Solid state electrode and precipitate electrode, Liquid-liquid membrane electrodes, Enzyme and gas electrode, Applications of ion selective electrodes, Reference electrodes, Mercury electrodes (DME, SME, HMDE), numericals.

Unit – II: Adsorption and diffraction

Principles of BET theory, adsorption isotherms, types of isotherms, Brunauer-Emmett-Teller (BET) Surface Area Analysis and Barrett-Joyner-Halenda (BJH) Pore Size , and Volume Analysis, numericals

Generation of x-rays, interaction of x-rays with matter, scattering and diffraction, Bragg's law, Miller indices, General instrumentation, Bragg's method, single crystal method, Debye-Scherrer method, Identification of unit cells from systematic absences, x-ray intensities and structure determination, structure factor and its relation to electron density and intensity, Phase problem. Indexing of lattice planes in a cubic system, structure of NaCl and KCl, Avogadro's number from cubic lattice dimensions, applications of x-ray diffraction.

Unit- III: Cyclic voltammetry

Theory and origin of polarography, Interpretation of pornographic curves, Instrumentation of polarography, Differential pulse polarography, Factors affecting on polarographic wave. Introduction and beginning of cyclic voltammetry Range of cyclic voltrametric techniques, Limitations. The acceptable sweep rate range, The shape of the peak in potential sweep curves, The role of non- aqueous solution in cyclic voltammetry, Crieteria of reversibility of electrochemical reactions Quasi reversible and irreversible processes, Qualitative and quantitative analysis by cyclic voltametric techniques, Linear sweep voltammetry for reactions that include simple adsorbed intermediates and Numericals.

Unit-IV: Molecular luminescence spectrometry

[12hrs]

[12hrs]

Theory of fluorescence and phosphorescence, Instruments for measuring fluorescence and phosphorescence, Applications and photoluminescence methods, Chemiluminescence.

[12hrs]

Unit – V: Thermal methods of analysis

[12 hrs]

General introduction, classification of thermal methods, thermogravimetry, principles, factors affecting thermal curve, thermogravimetric analysis, Derivative thermogravimetry, Differential thermal analysis - principles, factors affecting DTA curve, applications, differential scanning colorimetry - principles, instrumentation and applications, thermomechanical and dynamic mechanical analysis, thermometric titrations, numericals.

Reference Books:

- 1. Quantitative analysis -. Alexeyev. V
- 2. BET Surface Area Analysis of Nanoparticlesnina Hwang, Andrew R. Barron
- 3. Instrumental methods of analysis Chatwal and Anand.
- 4. Introduction to instrumental analysis R. D. Braun.
- 5. Instrumental methods of analysis Willard, Meritt, Dean and Settle.
- 6. Standard methods of chemical analysis F. G. Welcher, Vol III, Part A& B.
- 7. Electroanalytical chemistry H. W. Neurenberg.
- 8. Principles of electrochemistry D. A. Maclines.
- 9. Ion selective electrodes (John Wiley) Stulic.
- 10. Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis V edition by Jeffery Bassett Mendham Denney.
- 11. Modern Electrochemistry vol. I John O'M Bockris
- 12. Modern Electrochemistry vol. II John O'M Bockris
- 13. Analytical Chemistry Gary D. Christian, 6th edition
- 14. Principles of Instrumental Analysis–Skoog, F. J. Holler & J. A. Nieman.
- 15. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis–Galen W. Ewing. 5th edition

CHELI-307 : Laboratory course

50 Marks

I. Prepare and estimate the percentage of metal ion in the metal complex and their

spectral studies

- 1. Tris (thiourea) Copper(II) Sulphate
- 2. Bis (thiourea) Zinc (II) sulphate
- 3. $NH_4[(Cr(III)(C_2O_4)_3)]$
- 4. [Ni(II) (Salicyldoxime)₂]
- 5. [Copper (II) (Acetyl acetone)₂]
- 6. Manganese (II) Phthalocyanine
- 7. [Cu(NH₃)₄]SO₄.H₂O
- 8. [Co(NH₃)₄CO₃]NO₃
- 9. K₃[Cr(CNS)₆] 4H₂O
- 10. K₃[Cr(C₂O₄)₃]
- 11. [Cr(urea)₆]Cl₂.3H₂O

II. Estimation

- 1. Separation and estimation of Zn(II) and Cd(II) from given mixture using Amberlite IRA 400 anion exchange resin
- 2. Separation and estimation of Zn(II) and Mg(II) from given mixture using Amberlite IRA 400 anion exchange resin
- 3. Determine the Total hardness of water by using EDTA
- 4. Determine the percentage of chlorine from bleaching powder using Volhard method
- 5. Determination of iron content from given sample by using 8- hydroxyquinoline as extractant

Reference Books:

- 1. A Text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis; A. I. Vogel
- 2. Practical inorganic chemistry; Pass Geoffrey and haydn Sutcliffe.
- 3. Advance Inorganic Analysis S K Agarwala, Keemti Lal, Pragati Prakashan
- 4. Advanced Practical inorganic chemistry; Gurudeep Raj.
- 5. Experiments in Chemistry, D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya Publishing House

Scheme of marking

I. Preparation of complexes	25 Marks
II. Estimation	15 Marks
III. Journal and viva voce	10 Marks

CHELI-308 : Laboratory course

50 Marks

I Spectrophotometer:

- 1. Estimate the amount of copper and bismuth ions using EDTA photometric titration method
- 2. Determine the stability constant, empirical formula, λ max. by job's method, mole ratio and slope ratio method.
- 3. Determine the PKa of Methyl red indicator

II. P^H metrically

- Determine the Pk value of benzoic acid by using irrivaing Rossotgi method. by P^H metric method and metal ligand stability constant of its complex.
- 2. Determine the Pk value of Glycine by using irrivaing Rossotgi method. by P^H metric
- 3. Determine the metal ligand stability constant of copper benzoate complex by pH metric method.

III. Conductometry

- 1. Analyze the acid mixture hydrochloric acid and acetic acid by conductometric method.
- 2. Analyze the mixture of copper sulphate, hydrochloric acid and acetic acid by conductometric method.
- 3. Determine the stability constant and composition/formula of lead oxalate by conductometric method.

IV. Potentionmetry

- Determine the redox potential of Fe(II)/Fe(III) system and hence determine the number of electron involved in the system using K₂Cr₂O₇ by potentiometric method.
- Determine the amount of chloride, bromide and iodide in the given sample by potentiometric method.

V. Turbidometry

1. Determine the sulphate content of the given sample using turbidometric titration.

VI. Flame photometry:

1. Estimate the amount of sodium/potassium from the given sample

Reference Books

- 1. Systematic experimental physical chemistry T. K. Chondhekar & S.W. Rajbhoj
- 2. Experiments in chemistry D.V. Jahagirdar
- **3.** Textbook of quantitative Inorganic Analysis IV Edn. J. Bassett, R. C. Denny, G.H.Gefery and J. Mendham

Scheme of marking

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1. Experiment - I	25 Marks
2. Experiment- II	15 Marks
3. Record book and Viva Voce	10 Marks

CHELI-309 : Laboratory course

I. Magneto chemistry : at least 05 sample

1. Determine the number of unpaired electron in the given sample by Gouy's balance method

Select the sample : Copper sulphate, sodium sulphate, calcium carbonate, potassium ferrocynide, potassium ferricynide, coordination complexes

II. Alloy analysis :

- 1. Solder alloy analysis
- 2. Brass alloy analysis
- 3. Bronze alloy analysis.
- 4. Copper nickel alloy

III. Ore analysis : Any 03

- 1. Analysis of dolomite ore
- 2. Analysis of calcite ore
- 3. Analysis of Haematite ore
- 4. Analysis of bauxite ore.

Scheme of marking

1. Analysis of ore/Alloy	25 Marks
2. Magneto chemistry	15 Marks
3. Journal and Viva Voce	10 marks

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CHECI-401: Nuclear chemistry

02 Hrs/Week	Credits : 02	Marks: 50

Unit-I: Nuclear particles and its properties

The fundamental particles, roll call of elementary particles, composition of the nucleus, theories of nuclear composition, nuclear properties, mass defect and binding energy, nuclear stability explained by different factors. Nuclear size and density,

Unit-II: Nuclear models

The shell model and its salient features, periodicity in nuclear properties- magic numbers, forces of nuclear potential, energy level in nuclear potential well, the sequence of filling the orbital including models, nuclear configuration. The liquid drop model, and its details and The Fermi gas model.

Unit-III Nuclear Reactions.

Definition and Bethes notation, nuclear reaction energetic, nuclear reaction and threshold energy, characteristics of nuclear reactions, types of nuclear reactions, conservation in nuclear reactions, nuclear reactions cross section, cross section and reaction rate, the compound nucleus theory, general properties of compound nucleus, optical model, direct interaction model, specific nuclear reactions- photonuclear reactions, stripping and pickup reactions evaporation, spallation, fragmentation, direct nuclear reactions, thermonuclear reactions.

Reference Books.

- 1. Source of Atomic energy by s. Glasstance, D. Van Nostrand co. INC
- 2. Essentials of nuclear chemistry by H.J. Arnikar 4th Edn, New Age International(p) Ltd.
- 3. Introduction to Nuclear By chemistry B. G. Harvey,
- 4. Nuclear chemistry by M. G. Arora & M. Singh Anmol publication, New Delhi
- 5. Elements of nuclear chemistry by A. K. Srivastav, P. C. Jain, S. Chand & Co.
- 6. A text book of Nuclear chemistry by C.V. Shekar Deminant publication & distribution, New Delhi.
- 7. Radiochemistry & nuclear chemistry, 3rd edn G. chappin, Butterwerth-Heinemann.

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[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[06 hrs]

CHECI: 402 Photoinorganic chemistry

04 Hrs/Week

Credits: 04

Unit-I: Basic concept of Photo Chemistry

Introduction to photochemistry, laws of photochemistry, Quantum yield, deviation in quantum yield, Experimental determination of quantum yield, Quantum yield and reactivity, life time of electronically excited state, kinetic aspects of photochemical reactions, temperature dependence of photochemical reaction, Methods used to study the kinetics of photochemical reaction: Flow methods, flash photolysis methods, numerical on quantum yield calculations.

Unit-II: Physical properties of electronically excited molecules

Nature of changes on electronic excitation, potential energy diagram, shapes of absorption bands and franck condon principal, emission spectra, environmental effect on absorption and emission spectra. **Photo physical process in electronically excited molecule:** Types of physical pathways, Jablonski diagram, theory of radiationless transition, theory of radiative process, bimolecular quenching, experimental results.

Unit-III: Excited States of Metal Complexes

Spectroscopic states of d¹ to d¹⁰ configurations, Ligand field excited states of Co(II), Cr(III), Ru(II), Ru(III), Fe(II) and Rh(III) in an octahedral complexes. Excited states of organic ligand ection rules for electronic transitions. **Charge transfer photochemistry** :Introduction, charge transfer absorption spectra, types of charge transfer excitations and their energy level. Types of reactions observed by CTTM, Models of photoredox system.

Unit-IV: Ligand field photo chemistry of transition metal complexes [12 hrs] Photochemistry Cr(III) of complexes : properties of ligand field excited states, Photosubstitutions reaction ,Photo aquation reactions, photolysis rule , photoisomerization , photo recimization, photoanation reactions, photo reactive excited state, doublet hypothesis, role of quartet excited states. Sensitizer, mechanism of photo sensitization, photosensitized aquation reaction. Photochemistry of Co(III) complexes : Energy level diagram, Photoaquations in Co(III) amine, Co(III) cynide complexes. Photochemistry of Fe(II) low spin complexes, Ru(II) amine derivative complexes, Photo redox properties of (Ru(III) complexes.

Unit-V: Photochemical reactions on solid surface:

[12 hrs]

Photo catalysis, photoreactive oxide materials, relation between band gap & energy, wavelength,

Marks : 100

[12 hrs.]

[12 hrs]

photo electron transfer mechanism, energy level diagram of solid acceptor and donor levels. Supported photo catalyst: Types of support & need . Semiconductor supported metal oxides for Photolysis of water. Decomposition of organic pollutants, experimental setup and photo degradation end product of organic moieties.

Reference Books :

- 1. Concepts of Inorganic Photo chemistry, W. Adamson
- Photochemistry of Coordination Compound V. Balzani and Carassiti , Acdemic press London & New York
- 3. Inorganic spectroscopy, A. B. P. Lever
- 4. Inorganic Chemistry, J. E. Huhey
- 5. Fundamental of Photochemistry, Rohatgi Mukherjee
- 6. Charge Transfer Excitation of Coordination compounds. Generation of reactive intermediate A Vogler and H Kunkely
- Metal complex Sensitizers in dye sensitized solar cells, Coord. Chem. Review, Andre Sarto Polo et al, 238, 1343-1361, 2004
- Metal centered ligand field excited state : Their roles in the design and performance of transition metal based photochemical moleculesar device , Paul S Wagenkecht and Peter C Ford , Coord. Chem. Review, 255, 591, 2011.
- D. Chatterjee , Visible light induced photo degradation of organic pollutants on dye Adsorbed TiO₂ surface : Bull. Cat. Soc. of. India 2,,56-58, 2004

CHECI- 403: Therapeutic bioinorganic and chemistry of forensic materials 04 Hrs/Week Credits : 04 **Marks : 100**

Unit-I: Metal ions in carcinogenesis

General and biochemical aspects of cancer, carcinogens and anticancer agents. Carcinogenesis and its mechanism. Role of metal complexes and Pt(II) and (IV) as anticancer agents, anticancer activity of rhodium, gold, copper, and cobalt complexes. Selenium and its biochemical role and its mechanism of cacinostatic actions. Some representative metallodrugs containing arsenic, antimony, gold, mercury and tin metal. Antibacterial, antifungal and antiviral activity of metal; complexes.

Unit- II: Chemistry of Forensic Materials

Forensic toxicology, legal definition of poison and toxinology, human and cattlepoison, and its antidotes. Principle underlying removal of poison from the body and use of antidotes, corrosivepoison and its classification. Common household poisons. Characteristic sign, symptoms, treatment and medicolegal aspects of common household poisons, classifications of poisons according to their mode of action.

Unit- III: Concepts on metal ion toxicity

Metal ion toxicity in man and animals. Introduction, general aspects of Pb(II), Cd(II), and Hg(II), biochemical and physiological effects caused due to Pb(II), Cd(II), and Hg(II) ion toxicity. Detoxifications of this metals using chelating agents.

Unit-IV: Interactions of metal ions and metal complexes

Structure and functions of amino acids, proteins, peptides, enzymes nucleoside, nucleotide and comparative study of structures and functions of these biomolecules. Metal ion binding sites present in amino acids, peptides, proteins, enzymes, nucleoside and nucleotide. Interactions of metal ion and metal complexes with these biomolecules.

Unit–V: Metals in medicine

Chelation therapy, Limitation of chelation therapy in metal ion detoxification, Zinc salt in the treatment of sickle cell anemia. Lithium therapy in psychiatric mind disorder, Metals used in diagonosis, radiodiagnostic agent, MRI and X-ray contrast agent, Bismuth and Vanadium compound in medicines, chelation and role of metal complexes in conventional drug resistant malaria

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Reference Books

Inorganic biochemistry – Guther L. Eicchornvol 1 and 2 volume (Elsevier Scientific Publishing Company Amsterdam 1973, London New York.

- 1. Pharmacological basis of therapeutic, 5th and 6th edition by –Louis S. Goodman, (Macmillan Publishing companyNC, New York, Toronto and London)
- Metal ions in biological system Helmut Sigel. Vol. 19 21, 22 (Marcel Dekker INC, New York and Basel)
- Metal ions in biological system (Concepts on metal ion toxicity) by Helmut Sigel. Vol.7-(Marcel Dekker INC, New York and Basel)
- 4. Modi's Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology 22nd Edition.
- Parikh's Textbook of Medical Jurisprudence, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology (Six Edi8tion) By C. K. Prikh. (CBS Publishers & distributors 4596/1A 11, Daryagaing New Delhi- 11002
- 6. Bioinstrumentations L Veerakumari, MJP publisher Chennai
- 7. Principles of bioinorganic chemistry S. J Lippard & J M Berg , Mill Valley California
- Elements of BVioinorganic G N Mukherjii, and Arbinda Das U N Dhur and Sons Pvt. Ltd Kolkatta

CHEEI- 404: Organo transition metal chemistry

04 Hrs/Week Credits : 04 Marks : 100

Unit- I: General Properties of Organotransition Metal Compounds [12 hrs]

Definition, Classification based on the number of coordinated carbon (Hapticity), number of electrons donated by ligands, and type of bonding. Nomenclature, 16, 17, 18 Electron complexes and ligand substitutions, electron counting for common ligands and geometry of organo transition metal compounds.

Unit–II: Alkyl, aryl Carbene and carbine transition metal compounds.[12 hrs]General method of synthesis of alkyl and aryl transition metal compounds, (i.e Ti, V, W, Mn, Ir,Co, Fe), Chemical properties, stability and decomposition pathways.

Carbene transition compounds: Types of carbine compounds, properties of carbene ligands, Synthesis of Fischer type carbine compounds, Chemical reaction on coordinated carbine compounds **.Carbyne transition metal compounds :** Synthesis and chemical properties

Unit- III: Transition metal compounds with Unsaturated organic molecules: [12 hrs.]

 η^2 alkene transition metal compounds : General methods of the synthesis, Chemical properties: Reaction with nucleophiles and Electrophiles, Structure and bonding (DCD model) η^2 alkyne transition metal compounds: Introductions, preparation, chemical properties, Structure and bonding. η^3 allyl transition metal compounds: Introduction, Structural verities in allyl transition metal compounds, General methods of preparation, chemical properties, structure and bonding. η^4 butadiene transition metal compounds: Introduction, General methods of preparation, reaction on coordinated ligand, structure and bonding. η^4 Cyclobutadiene transition metal compounds: Preparation and chemical properties of (C₄H₄)Fe (CO)₃, structure and bonding. η^5 -Cyclopentadienyl transition metal compounds: Introduction, classification of η^5 - Cyclopentadienyl derivatives, Preparation and chemical properties of (η^5 -C₅H₅)₂Mn, (η^5 -C₅H₅)Mn(CO)₃, structure and bonding in Ferrocene.

Unit- IV: Organotransition metal compound as catalysts and synthetic reagents [12 hrs]
 Activation process: consequent changes in the coordinated ligand reactivity, template effect.
 Protection: Sterric control, facilitation of nucleophilic addition reactions. Product isolation:
 Reductive elimination, β-eliminations, radical formation, alkene or arene displacement by

competing ligand, electron transfer from metal atom to an oxidant, release of carbenoid ligands.
Unit -V: Catalytic processes involving organotransition metal compound: [12 Hrs]
Hydrogenation of alkene using Wilkinson's catalysts, hydrosilation reaction, hydroformulation of alkene (oxo process) Ziegler Natta polymerizations. Fischer Tropsch process, water gas shift reaction. Monsanto process for acetic acid synthesis., Wacker process of oxidation of alkene.

Reference Books:

- 1. Organo metallic Chemistry, R. C. Mehrotra, & A. Singh
- Principal and applications of organotransition metal Chemistry, J. P. Collman, L. S. Hegedus, J. R. Norton
- 3. Inorganic Chemistry, Attkin and Shriver
- 4. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Gurdeep Raj.
- 5. Inorganic Chemistry, J. E. Huhey

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Introduction, Formation of synthetic high polymers classification, Polymerization reactions:

Chain and Step. Average molecular weight, Number average weight, Methods of determination of molar masses of polymers; Viscosity, Osmometry, Molar mass of charged macromolecules, Donnan membrane equilibrium, Ultracentrifugation, light scattering, Diffusion.

Unit-III: Chemistry of Polymerization

Chain polymerization: free radical polymerization, ionic polymerization, co-ordination polymerization, Ziegler-Natta catalysts.

Step Polymerization: polycondensation, polyaddition, ring opening, electro chemical polymerization, group, Transfer polymerization, Polymerization techniques.

Unit-IV: Kinetics of Polymerization

Free radical chain polymerization, Anionic polymerization, Cationic polymerization, Copolymerization, Free radical copolymerization, Ionic copolymerization, Copolycondensation.

Unit-V: Electronically Conducting Polymers

Introduction, Theories of electronic conduction; Band theory of conduction, Hopping conduction, Super conduction, Mechanism of conduction, Doping mechanism, p-type, n-type, auto doping, Stimuli sensitive (smart) polymers, pH and temperature sensitive smart polymers, Applications: Photovoltaic devices, Sensors, LED and Solar cells, Electro chemical devices, Batteries etc.

Reference Books:

1. Cantor, C. R. and Schimmel Biophysical Chemistry Vols. 1-3, W. H. Freeman (1980).

CHEEI-405: Polymer chemistry

Unit-II: Macromolecules

04 Hrs/Week

Chemical bonds in biological systems; Properties of water; Thermodynamic principles in biological systems; Properties and classification of amino acids; Structures of nucleic acids, Protein structure and function, Properties of nucleosides and nucleotides, Composition of nucleic acids, Electrophoresis, Factors affecting on Electrophoretic Mobility; Types of Electrophoresis; Free electrophoresis and Gel electrophoresis; Electrophoresis in genetic analysis; DNA Sequencing and DNA foot Printing.

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Unit-I: Fundamentals of Biological Macromolecules

Credits: 04

Marks : 100

- Lehninger, A.L., Nelson, D. L. and M. M. Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry 4th Ed., W. H. Freeman (2004).
- 3. U. Satyanarayana; Biochemistry.
- 4. Upadhyay; Biophysical Chemistry.
- 5. L. Stryer, Biochemistry, 5th Edition, (2002) Freeman and Co. New York.
- 6. D. Voet, J. G. Voet, Biochemistry 3rd Edition (2004), Wiley International Publication.
- D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry 3rd Edition (2002) McMillan North Publication.
- 8. Polymer Science. By V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswnathan, Jayadev Sreedhar.
- 9. Polymers and Resins. By Brage Golding.
- 10. Electrical Properties of Polymers. By Tony Blythe and David Bloor.
- 11. Self doped conducting polymers. By Michael S. Freund and Bhavana Deore.
- 12. Polymer Science and Technology. By Premamoy Ghosh.

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04 Hrs/Week	Credits : 04	Marks : 100

Unit- I: Applications of theoretical models to chemical compounds. [12 hrs]

Valence bond model: theoretical concept of hybridization, construction of wave functions for sp, sp^2 , sp^3 , dsp^2 and d^2sp^3 hybridizations. Identification of nature of bonds. Application of VSEPER theory to covalent bonded anionic compounds.

Unit- II: Crystal field theory

Important feature of CFT, crystal field splitting d orbital in octahedral, tetrahedral, square planer and tetragonal complexes, factors affecting 10Dq, application of CFT, CFSE and their uses, limitation of CFT

Unit- III: Molecular orbital Theory

Basic principles of MOT, linear combination of atomic orbitals, construction molecular orbital wave function of H_2 , H_2^+ , H_2^- . Molecular orbital energy level diagram of poly atomic molecules (NH₃, BF₃, BeH₂⁻, octahedral and tetrahedral molecules).

Donor acceptor chemistry of NH₃: BF₃, BF₃ : $O(C_2H_5)_2$, Br₂ : CH₃OH adducts. π - Molecular orbitals of planer C_nH_n molecules, HOMO -LUMO energy, correlation of HOMO- LUMO energies with ionization energy, electron affinity, hardness and reactivity of molecules.

Unit-IV: Chemical forces and its importance

Types of chemical forces, covalent bonding, ionic bonding, dipole-dipole interaction, induced dipole interactions, dipole-induced dipole interactions, with suitable examples, interpretation of hydrogen bonding interactions in common organic compounds , solubility of ionic substances, ion solvent interactions with examples, Polarity of solvent, factors affecting the polarity of solvents, importance of polar and non polar solvent in chemical reactions.

Unit –V: Chemistry of main group elements

Synthesis, structure and properties of Borazines, phosphazenes and their polymers, Hetrocyclic inorganic systems, Sulfur- nitrogen chain and ring compounds, Xenon compounds, interhalogens compounds, Structural aspect of oxy acid of phosphorous, sulfur, nitrogen and halogens.

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

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Reference Books:

- 1. Inorganic Chemistry J E Huhey
- 2. Concept and models of Inorganic chemistry Bodil E Douglas and Darl H
- 3. McDaniel, Oxford & IBH Pub. Co.
- 4. Inorganic chemistry- Gary L Miessler, Donald A Tarr 3rd Edn
- 5. Inorganic chemistry Puri and Shrma
- 6. Inorganic chemistry J D Lee
- 7. Inorganic chemistry- Attken
- 8. Quantum chemistry and spectroscopy- Engel
- 9. Physical chemistry A molecular approach Donald A Mc Quarrie , John D Simon

CHEEI- 409: Technology for converting waste agriculture biomass to energy 04 Hrs/Week Credits: 04 Marks 100

Biomass, classification of biomass, characteristics of biomass, composition of biomass, Properties of Biomass, Classification of Conversion Technologies. Waste agricultural biomass, Types and composition, moisture content, energy content.

Unit-II: Physical conversion of biomass

Sources of Biomass

Unit-I:

Sizing, separation, drying, dewatering, densification, factors affecting the densification, densification technologies, torrefaction, thermochemical conversion of biomass, combustion, stages of combustion, Industrial combustion modes,

Unit-III: Activated carbon from agriculture waste

Sources of agriculture waste, Preparation of activated carbon, process, types of charcoal Kiln, factors influencing charcoal yield, surface area, BET Analysis, pore size, characterization and application of activated carbons, Gas-Phase applications, liquid-Phase applications, Treatment of textile effluents, textile dyes, classification of textile colorants.

Unit-IV: Production of chemicals

Ethanol production by fermentation, sugar fermentation, starch fermentation, enzymatic hydrolysis, acid hydrolysis, factors that influence the ethanol fermentation.

Unit-V: Biodiesel from agriculture waste

Production process, transesterification reaction, types of esterification, catalysts for biodiesel Production, catalytic transesterification, acid catalyzed transesterification.

Reference Books:

- 1. Technologies for converting waste agricultural biomass to energy- UNEP, Division of Technology, Industry and Economics International Environmental Technology Centre, Osaka
- 2. Biodiesel Production Technology J. Van Gerpen, B.Shanks, and R. Pruszko, D. Clements ,G. Knothe, K. Shaine Tyson

[12hrs]

[12hrs]

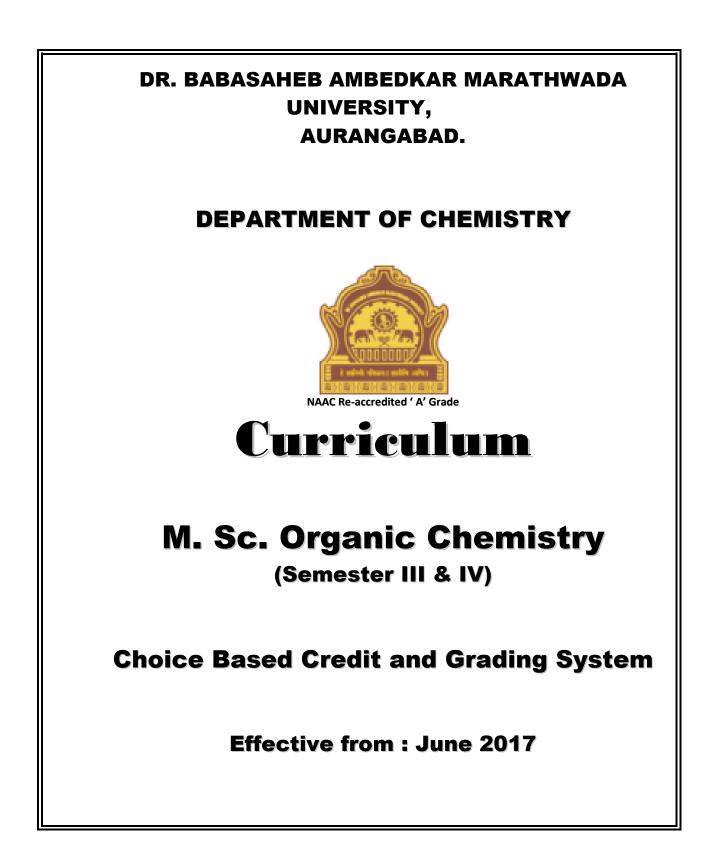
[12hrs]

[12hrs]

24 Hrs/Week	Credits : 12	200 Marks

CHEIR-408 : Research project (Dissertation, presentation and Seminars)		
06 Hrs/week	Credits : 06	100 Marks

CHEIR-407 : Research project (Experimental)



The following will be the Choice Based Credit and Grading System structure of revised syllabus for M. Sc. III & IV semester Organic Chemistry effective from June 2017.

Semester	Paper Nos.	Title of Paper	Teaching	Marks	Credits
			hr/week		
III- Semester	CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral methods	04	100	04
III- Semester	CHECO- 302	Organic synthesis	04	100	04
	CHECO- 303	Photochemistry, free radicals and pericyclic reactions	04	100	04
	CHEEO -304	Advanced organic chemistry	04	100	04
	CHEEO -305	Environmental chemistry	04	100	04
	CHEEO- 306	Green chemistry	04	100	04
	CHEEO- 310	Novel materials and green industrial catalysis	04	100	04
	CHELO- 307	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHELO- 308	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHELO- 309	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHECO -401	Heterocyclic chemistry	02	50	02
CHECO -40 CHEEO -40 CHEEO -40 CHEEO -40 CHEEO -40 CHEEO -40 CHEEO -40 CHEEO -40	CHECO -402	Organic synthesis: Retrosynthetic approach	04	100	04
	CHECO -403	Chemistry of natural products	04	100	04
	CHEEO -404	Medicinal chemistry	04	100	04
	CHEEO -405	Organic high polymers	04	100	04
	CHEEO -406	Drug design and drug discovery	04	100	04
	CHEEO -409	Cheminformatics	04	100	04
	CHEOR - 407	Research project (Experimental)	24	200	12
	CHEOR - 408	Research project (Dissertation, Presentation and Seminars)	06	100	06

CHESC-301: Structural elucidation by spectral methods

04 Hrs/Week Credits: 04 Marks 100

UNIT-I: Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (¹H NMR) [12 hrs]

Elementary ideas (Recapitulation); Spin-spin couplings, Different types of couplings, factors affecting on coupling constants, Karplus equation, Spin systems (AB, AX, ABX, AMX), Rate processes, spin decoupling, shift reagents, Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE), INEPT and INADEQUATE.

UNIT-II: ¹³C Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy [12 hrs]

Elementary ideas, instrumental problems, chemical shifts (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbons); Effect of substituents on chemical shifts.

UNIT-III: Mass Spectroscopy

Introduction, ion production (EI, CI, FD and FAB), ion analysis, ion abundance, factors affecting on fragmentation, fragmentation of different functional groups, molecular ion peak, isotopic peaks, metastable peak, Nitrogen rule, McLafferty rearrangement, Retro-Diels-Alder reaction.

UNIT-IV

Problems based on joint applications of UV, IR, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and Mass spectroscopy.

UNIT-V

Mossbauer spectroscopy: Principle, factors affecting the line position and shape, isomer effect and Quadrupole splitting iron salt like compounds, complexes, carbonyl compounds (temperature dependence of isomer shift and Quadrupole splitting in simple compound and coordination, polynuclear complexes), Numericals.

Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy: Principle of ESR spectroscopy, presentation of spectrum, hyperfine splitting in various structures, hyperfine splitting diagram of representative examples, factors affecting the magnitude of 'g' values, Zero field splitting, Kramer's degeneracy, Anisotropy in the hyperfine coupling constant, electron delocalization, instrumentation and applications.

Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Spectroscopy: D. L. Pavia, G. M. Lampman, G. S. Kriz
- 2. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds: R. M. Silverstein & F. X. Webster
- 3. ¹³C NMR Spectroscopy: G. C. Levy, R. L. Lichter, G. L. Nelson

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

- 4. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry: D. H. Williams & I. Flemming
- 5. Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds: V. M. Parikh
- 6. Mass Spectrometry: K. G. Das & James
- 7. Coordination Chemistry by Experimental Methods: K. Barger
- 8. Coordination Chemistry vol. I: E. Martell
- 9. Physical Methods for Chemistry: R. S. Drago
- 10. Structural Methods in Inorganic Chemistry: E. A. V. Ebsworth & D. W. H. Rankin

11. Organic Structure Analysis: Philips Crews

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Reduction of acids and Esters; (d) Reduction with metal hydride- Sodium cyanoborohydride, Diborane, L- & K-Selectrides, LiBH4, DIBAL-H; (e) Birch reduction and related reactions, (h) Luche reagent, Wolf-Kishner reduction, Clemmenson reduction, Wilkinson catalyst, TBTH.

UNIT-III Organic Reagents

04 Hrs/Week

UNIT-I Oxidation

DCC, EDC, DDQ, 1,3 Dithiane, LDA, DMDO, OsO4, RuO4, SmI2, Dess-Martin Periodinane, Diazomethane, Lawesson's reagent.

UNIT-IV

(A) Ylides and Enamines

(i) Ylides: Preparation and their synthetic applications along with their stereochemical aspects of Phosphorous, Sulphur and Nitrogen ylides.

(ii) Enamines: Generation & application in organic synthesis with mechanistic pathways, stork enamine reaction.

(B) Rearrangements

Pummerer, Payne, Eschenmoser fragmentation, Brook, Wagner-Meerwein, Wolf, Semipinacol, Epoxide rearrangement with lewis acid, Dienone-Phenol rearrangement, Tiffeneau-Demjanov, Favorskii, von Richter, Wittig, Neber, Smiles, Fries, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt, Steven, Hofmann, Iodolactonisation.

UNIT-V Formation of Carbon-Carbon bonds via organometallic reagents [12 hrs] Synthesis and applications of organo Lithium, Magnesium, Titanium, Cerium, Copper, Chromium, Zinc, Boron, Silicon, Cadmium

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CHECO-302: Organic synthesis

Credits: 04

reaction), TEMPO, CAN, NMO, Moffatt oxidation (b) Oxidative cleavage of Carbon-Carbon double bonds: KMnO₄, Ozonolysis. (c) Oxidations using SeO₂, PhSeBr. (d) Selective cleavages at functional groups: Cleavage of glycols, IO_4^- , Pb(OAc)₄. **UNIT-II Reductions** [12 hrs] (a) Catalytic Hydrogenation; (b) Reduction of nitriles, oximes and nitro compounds; (c)

(a) Oxidation of alcohol to aldehyde, ketone or acid: Jones reagent, Swern oxidation, Collins reagent, Fetizones reagent, PCC, PDC, PFC, IBX, Activated MnO₂, Chromyl chloride (Etard

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Marks 100 [12 hrs]

Reference Books:

- 1. Organic Chemistry: Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Wothers
- 2. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds (Principle and application): D. Nasipuri
- 3. Stereochemistry of Organic compounds: Ernest L. Eliel / Samuel H. Wilen
- 4. Organic Synthesis: W. Carruthers
- 5. Organic Reagents: Fieser & Fieser
- 6. Organic Synthesis: M. B. Smith
- 7. Advanced Organic Chemistry; Part A and B: F. A. Carey & R. J. Sundberg
- 8. Modern Organic Synthesis: An Introduction: G. S. Zweifel & M. H. Nantz
- 9. A Guidebook To Mechanism In Organic Chemistry: Peter Sykes
- 10. Organic Synthesis Concepts, Methods, Starting Materials: J. Fuhrhop, G. Penzlin
- 11. Organic Chemistry: An Intermediate Text: Robert V. Hoffmann
- 12. Advanced Organic Chemistry: Jerry March
- 13. Organic Synthesis: R. O. C. Norman and Coxan
- 14. Name Reactions: Jie Jack Li

CHECO-303: Photochemistry, free radicals and pericyclic reactions

UNIT-I: Pericyclic Reactions-I

Features and classification of pericyclic reactions, Phases, nodes and symmetry properties of molecular orbital in ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene. Allyl cation, allyl radical, pentadienyl cation and pentadienyl radical. Thermal and photochemical reactions.

Electrocyclic reactions: Woodward-Hoffmann selection rules for electrocyclic reactions. Explanation for the mechanism of electrocyclic reactions by: (i) Symmetry properties of HOMO of open chain partner; (ii) Conservation of orbital symmetry and orbital symmetry correlation diagram and (iii) Huckel-Mobius aromatic and antiaromatic transition state method.

UNIT-II: Pericyclic Reactions-II

Cycloaddition reactions: Diels-Alder reaction. Woodward-Hoffmann selection rules for cycloaddition reactions. Explanation for the mechanism of cycloaddition reactions by 1) Conservation of orbital symmetry and orbital symmetry correlation diagrams 2) Fukui Frontier Molecular Orbital (FMO) theory and (3) Huckel-Mobius aromatic and antiaromatic transition state method. Endo-exo selectivity in Diels-Alder reaction and it's explanation by FMO theory. Examples of cycloaddition reactions.

Sigmatropic reactions: Selection rules for [i,j] shifts. Cope, degenerate Cope and Claisen rearrangements. Explanation of sigmatropic reactions by (i) symmetry properties of HOMO (ii) Huckel-Mobius aromatic and antiaromatic transition state method. Introduction to chelotropic reactions and the explanation of mechanism by FMO theory.

UNIT-III: Photochemistry-I

[12 hrs]

Photochemistry of (π, π^*) **transitions:** Excited state of alkenes, cis-trans isomerisation, photochemistry state, electrocyclisation and Sigmatropic rearrangements, di π -methane rearrangement.

Intermolecular reactions: photocycloadditions, photodimerasation. Photoaddition reactions. Excited states of aromatic compounds, photodimerisation of benzene, photosubstitution reactions of aromatic compounds and Photo-Fries rearrangement.

[12 hrs]

UNIT-IV: Photochemistry-II

Photochemistry of (n, π^*) **transitions:** Excited state of carbonyl compounds, Norrish-I and Norrish-II

Addition to C-C multiple bonds: Paterno-Buchi reaction, photochemistry of alkyl peroxides, hypohalites and nitriles. Barton reaction. Photochemistry of azo compounds, diazo compounds, azides and diazonium salts. Singlet oxygen-photo oxygenation reactions. Ene reaction, formation of dioxetanes and endoperoxides. Chemiluminescent reactions. Oxidative coupling.

UNIT-V: Free radical reactions

[12 hrs]

Introduction, generation, stability, reactivity, characteristics, structural and stereo chemical properties of free radicals, Persistent free radicals.

Reaction of free radicals: Addition, substitutions, fragmentations, Oxidations and reductions, Detection of free radicals, Homolysis and free radical displacement. Radical chain reactions, Addition and rearrangements, radical cyclization, reactivity of aliphatic and aromatic substrates at bridgehead, Coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compound by diazonium salt, Sandmeyer reaction, Hunsdieker reaction, Allylic halogenations, McMurry reaction, Acyloin condensation, Birch reduction, Bouveault-Blank reduction.

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry Part A & Part B: F. A. Carey & R. J. Sundberg
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry: Jerry March
- 3. Organic Chemistry: Clayden, Greeves, Warren & wother.
- 4. Organic Chemistry: Stanley H. Pine
- 5. Organic Synthesis: W. Carruthers
- 6. Organic Synthesis: Norman and Coxon

CHEEO-304: Advanced organic chemistry

04 Hrs/Week

UNIT-I: Introduction to Bioorganic chemistry

Basic concepts, Proximity effects in organic chemistry, Molecular adaptation, Molecular recognition.

Credits: 04

UNIT-II: Enzyme Chemistry

Introduction, Nomenclature, Classification and Extraction of enzymes, Introduction to catalysis and enzymes; Multifunctional catalysis, Intramolecular Catalysis, Mechanism of enzyme action, Factors responsible for enzyme specificity, Enzyme activity and kinetics (Michaelis Menten and Lineweaver–Burk plots), Enzyme Inhibitions (Reversible and irreversible), Structure, Mechanism of action and applications of α -Chymotrypsin, Ribonuclease, lysozyme and Carbopeptidase-A. Enzymes in synthetic organic chemistry. [Additions, eliminations, substitutions, condensations, cyclocondensations, oxidations, reductions and rearrangement reactions are to be covered]

UNIT-III: Co-Enzyme Chemistry

Chemical structures of co-enzymes and cofactors, Oxidoreduction (NAD⁺, NADP⁺), Pyridoxal phosphate (PLP), Thiamine pyrophosphate (TPP), Biotin (CO₂ carrier), Haemoglobin (O₂carrier), Flavin (FMN, FAD, FADH₂). Oxene Reactions, Lipoic acid, Mechanisms of reactions catalyzed by co-factors.

UNIT-IV: Asymmetric Synthesis

Chiral pool, Chiral auxiliary, Enantio- & Diastereoselective synthesis, Chiral reagent and chiral catalyst including CBS reagent, NADH, Asymmetric hydrogenation including BINAP, Hydroboration- Ipc₂BH, IpcBH₂, Asymmetric epoxidation- (+) DET & (-) DET, Sharpless, Jacobson, Asymmetric dihydroxylation- (DHQD)₂PHAL & (DHQ)₂PHAL, Felkin-Anh model, Zimmermann-Traxler transition state model, Proline catalyzed asymmetric reactions.

UNIT-V: Name Reactions

Arndt-Eistert, Hunds-Diecker reaction, Baeyer-Villiager, Dakin, Gabriel synthesis, Michael, Darzen, Prins, Henry, Reimer-Tiemann, Hoffmann-Loffler-Freytag, Dieckmann cyclization, Chichibabin, Vilsmeier, Ene, Ullmann reaction, Mannich, Strecker amino acid synthesis. Bamford-Steven, Baylis-Hillmann, Corey-Fuchs Reaction, Julia olefination, Mukaiyama aldol, Mitsunobu, Peterson olefination, Corey-Winter olefination, Woodward and Prevost

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Marks 100

dihydroxylation, Shapiro, Ritter, Stille, Heck, Sonogashira, Suzuki, Duff, Chugaev, Petasis, McMurry reaction and Coupling. Ring closing metathesis (Grubb's metathesis), Aldol-Tishchenko (Evans-Tishchenko reaction), Ugi, Passerini, Biginelli, Hantzsch condensation.

Reference Books:

- 1. Bioorganic chemistry (A chemical approach to enzyme action): Hermann Dugas.
- 2. Biotransformation in Organic chemistry: K. Faber
- 3. Enzyme structure and Mechanism: Alan Fersht.
- 4. Enzyme catalysis in organic synthesis vol.1: Karlheinz Drauz and Herbert Waldmann.
- 5. Bioorganic, Bioinorganic and supramolecular chemistry: P. S. Kalsi and J. P. Kalsi.
- 6. Organic chemistry IVth Edn.: G. Marc Loudon.
- 7. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds (Principle and application): D. Nasipuri
- 8. Stereochemistry of Organic compounds: Ernest L. Eliel / Samuel H. Wilen
- 9. Advanced Organic Chemistry; Part A and B: F. A. Carey & R. J. Sundberg
- 10. Organic Chemistry: Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Wothers
- 11. Organic Synthesis: W. Carruthers
- 12. Organic Synthesis: M. B. Smith
- 13. Name Reactions: Jie Jack Li
- Name Reactions and Reagents in Organic Synthesis: B. P. Mundy, M. G. Ellerd, F. G. Favaloro

CHEEO-305: Environmental chemistry

UNIT-I: Introduction to Environmental Chemistry

Concept and scope of environmental chemistry, Environmental terminology and nomenclatures, Environmental segments, The natural cycles of environment (Hydrological, Oxygen, Nitrogen)

UNIT-II: Atmosphere, Hydrosphere and Lithosphere [12 hrs]

Atmosphere: Regions of the atmosphere, Reactions in atmospheric chemistry, Earth's radiation balance, Particles, ion and radicals in atmosphere; Chemistry of ozone layer.

Hydrosphere: Complexation in natural water and waste-water, Micro-organisms in aquatic chemical reactions, Eutrophication, Microbiology mediated redox reactions.

Lithosphere: Inorganic and organic components in soil, acid-base and ion-exchange reactions in soil, micro and macro nutrients, nitrogen pathways and NPK in soil.

UNIT-III: Chemical Toxicology

Toxic chemicals in the environments, Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes, Biochemical effects of arsenic, cadmium, lead, mercury, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides.

UNIT-IV: Air Pollution

Particulates, Aerosols, SOx, NOx, COx and hydrocarbon, Photochemical smog, Air-quality standards

UNIT-V: Water Pollution

Water-quality parameters and standards: physical and chemical parameters, Dissolved oxygen, BOD, COD, Total organic carbon, Total nitrogen, Total sulfur, Total phosphorus and Chlorine, Chemical speciation (Pb, As, Hg)

Reference Books:

- 1. G.W. Vanloon, S.J. Duffer, Environmental Chemistry A Global Perspective, Oxford University Press (2000).
- 2. F.W. Fifield and W.P.J. Hairens, Environmental Analytical Chemistry, 2nd Edition (2000), Black Well Science Ltd.
- 3. Colin Baird, Environmental Chemistry, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York (1995).
- 4. A.K. De, Environmental Chemistry, 4th Edition (2000), New Age International Private Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Peter O. Warner, Analysis of Air Pollutants, 1st Edition (1996), John Wiley, New York.
- 6. S.M. Khopkar, Environmental Pollution Analysis, 1st Edition (1993), Wiley Estern Ltd., New Delhi.
- 7. S.K. Banerji, Environmental Chemistry, 1st Edition (1993), Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

UNIT-I: Introduction to Green Chemistry

Green chemistry, relevance and goals, Anastas' twelve principles of green chemistry-Tools of green chemistry: alternative starting materials, reagents, catalysts, solvents and processes with suitable examples.

UNIT-II: Microwave mediated organic synthesis (MAOS):

Microwave activation, advantage of microwave exposure, specific effects of microwave, Neat reactions, solid supports reactions, Functional group transformations, condensations reactions, oxidations, reductions reactions, multi-component reactions.

UNIT-III: Ionic liquids and PTC

Introduction, synthesis of ionic liquids, physical properties, applications in alkylation, hydroformylations, expoxidations, synthesis of ethers, Friedel-craft reactions, Diels-Alder reactions, Knoevenagel condensations, Wittig reactions, Phase transfer catalyst, Synthesis, applications.

UNIT-IV: Supported catalysts and bio-catalysts for Green chemistry

Introduction, the concept of atom ecomomy, supported metal catalysts, mesoporous silicas, the use of Biocatalysts for green chemistry, modified bio catalysts, fermentations and biotransformations, fine chemicals by microbial fermentations, vitamins and amino acid, Baker's yeast mediated biotransformations, Biocatalyst mediated Baeyer-Villiger reactions.

UNIT-V: Supramolecular Chemistry and Biomimetic Chemistry

Host-Guest approach, Chiral recognition, Ionophores, Crown ethers, cryptands, Micelles, Cyclodextrins, calixarenes.

Reference Books

- Green Chemistry-Environmentally benign reactions. V. K. Ahluwalia. Ane Books India (Publisher).
- Green Chemistry-Designing Chemistry for the Environment. Paul T. Anastas & Tracy C. Williamson.
- Green Chemistry-Frontiers in benign chemical synthesis and processes. Paul T. Anastas & Tracy C. Williamson.
- 4. Green Chemistry- Environment friendly alternatives. Rashmi Sanghi & M. M. Srivastava

CHEEO- 3 04 Hrs/Week	310 Novel materials and green industrial cata Credits: 04	lysis Marks 100
Unit 1 Introduction to Function	onal and Nanomaterials	[12]
An overview-, materials, molec	ular materials, functional materials, nanomateria	1's
classification /properties and ind	dustrial applications.	
Unit II Properties of Metallic	clusters	[12]
Supported metallic clusters, Cat	talysts preparation method, physical and chemica	al properties.
Catalysis mechanism uses and s	synthetic applications	
Unit III Characterization		[12]
Tools for Structural Characteriz	ation of novel materials by UV-Visible spectros	copy, Infrared
spectroscopy, Nuclear magnetic	e resonance spectroscopy and mass spectrum	
Unit IV Metal Oxides		[12]
Various types of Metal oxides a	nd basic concept of metal oxides, Supported me	tal oxides,
Industrial catalysis (Synthesis C	Gas and Hydrogen).	
Unit V Catalysts in chemical t	ransformation	[12]
Ammonia Synthesis, Methanol	and Fischer – Tropsch Synthesis, Hydrocarbon	
Transformations, Environmenta	ıl Catalysis.	

REFERENCE BOOKS:

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- 1. Bradley D. Fahlman, Materials Chemistry 2nd ed. Springer Publisher, 2011.
- 2. Harry R. Allcock, Introduction to Materials Chemistry, Wiley Interscience Publisher

CHELO-307: Laboratory course

06Hrs/Week	Credits: 03	Marks : 50

Qualitative analysis of ternary mixtures.

In a mixture at least one liquid one water soluble compound be given.

	CHELO-308: Laboratory course		
06 Hrs/Week	Credits: 03	Marks : 50	

Preparations involving at least two stage based on name reactions, condensations, cyclocondensations, reagents and rearrangements (as covered under the theory). Separation purification of the product by column is desired.

CHELO-309: Laboratory course

06 Hrs/Week	Credits: 03	Marks : 50

(A) Preparations involving one stage based upon the green synthetic protocols (as covered in theory syllabus).

(B) Structure elucidation of organic compounds by spectral analyses.

CHECO-401 : Heterocyclic chemistry

	CHECO-401. Heterocyclic chen	insti y
02 Hrs/Week	Credits: 02	Marks 50
UNIT-I		[12 hrs]
Nomenclatures of all types of h	eterocycles, Classification of heteroc	cycles: as aromatics based
upon various membered ring syst	ems.	
UNIT-II		[18 hrs]
General synthetic routes based of	on name reactions, reactivities, utilit	ies and wherever possible
spectral analyses of the following	class of heterocycles.	
Four membered: Azitidines, inc	luding β- lactums.	
Five membered: Thiazoles, Oxa	zoles, Pyrazoles and Imidazoles.	
Six membered: Pyridines, Pyrim	idines.	
Fused heterocycles: Flavones, C	Chromones, Coumarines, Indoles, Qu	inolines, Benzodiazepines,
and Phenothiazines.		
Reference Books:		
1. Heterocyclic Chemistry: vol.	I, II, III: R. R. Gupta, M. Kumar and	M. Gupta
2. Heterocyclic Chemistry: Joul	es and Mills	
3. Modern heterocyclic Chemist	ry: L. A. Paquette (Benjamin)	
4. Organic Chemistry: Jonathan	Clayden	

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CHECO-402: Organic synthesis: Retrosynthetic approach

04 Hrs/Week Credits: 04 Marks 100

UNIT-I Disconnection Approach

Introduction to:

(i) Grounding of organic chemistry for understanding retrosynthesis;

(i) Retrosynthetic analysis and designing of the synthesis;

(ii) Disconnection approach: An introduction to synthons, synthetic equivalents, disconnection approach, functional group interconversions, importance of order of events in organic synthesis, one and two group C-X disconnections, selective organic transformations: chemoselectivity, regioselectivity, stereoselectivity, enentioselectivity, Reversal of polarity, cyclization reactions, amine synthesis.

UNIT-II Protecting Groups

Protection and deprotection of hydroxyl, carbonyls in aldehydes and ketones, amines, carboxylic acids, alkenes and alkynes.

UNIT-III C-C Disconnections

(i) One group C-C Disconnections:

Alcohols (including stereoslectivity), carbonyls (including regioselectivity), Alkene synthesis, use of acetylenes and aliphatic nitro compounds in organic synthesis.

(ii) Two group C-C Disconnections:

Diels-Alder reactions, 1,3 difunctionalized compounds and α , β -unsaturated compounds, control in carbonyl condensations, 1,5 difunctionalized compounds, Michael addition and Robinson annelation.

UNIT-IV Ring Synthesis

Introduction to ring synthesis, saturated heterocycles, synthesis of 3, 4, 5 and 6 membered rings, rearrangements and photochemistry in synthesis, aromatic heterocycles.

UNIT-V Complex molecules

Synthetic routes based on retrosynthetic analysis for following molecules: Longifoline, Reserpine, Juvabione, Aphidicoline, Taxol.

Reference Books:

- 1. Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach: Stuart Warren
- 2. Designing Organic Synthesis: Stuart Warren

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[18 hrs]

[06 hrs]

[12 hrs]

- 3. Organic Synthesis: Strategy and Control: Paul Wyatt and Stuart Warren
- 4. The Logic of Chemical Synthesis: E. J. Corey and Xue-Min Chelg
- 5. Classics in Total Synthesis I, II and III: K. C. Nicolaou and others
- 6. Organic Synthesis Concepts, Methods, Starting Materials: J. Fuhrhop, G. Penzlin
- 7. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis: W. Carruthers
- 8. Organic Synthesis: M. B. Smith
- 9. Principles of Organic Synthesis: R. Norman and J. M. Coxan.
- 10. Advanced Organic Chemistry: Jerry March
- 11. Organic Chemistry: Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Wothers

CHECO-403: Chemistry of natural products

UNIT-I: Terpenoids & Carotenoids

Classification. Nomenclature. occurrence. isolation, general methods of structure determination, isoprene rule, Structure determination, stereochemistry, and synthesis of the following representative molecules: Citral, Geraniol, a-Terpineol, Menthol, Farnesol, Zingiberene, Phytol, Abietic acid and β - Carotene.

UNIT-II: Alkaloids

Definition, nomenclature and physiological action, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation, degradation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring, role of alkaloids in plants. Structure, stereochemistry and synthesis of the following: Ephedrine, (+)coniine, nicotine, atropine, Quinine and Morphine.

UNIT-III: Steroids

Occurrence, nomenclature, basic skeleton, Diel's hydrocarbon and stereochemistry. Isolation, structure determination and synthesis of Bile acids, Androsterone, Testosterone, Estrone, Progestrone.

UNIT-IV: Anthocyanins and Flavones

Occurrence, nomenclature and general methods of structure determination. Synthesis of cyanidin chloride, cyanin, Hirsutidin chloride, Flavones (Kostanecki and Baker-Venkataraman approaches), Flavonols, Qurcetin, and Isoflavones.

UNIT-V: Biogenesis

The building blocks and construction mechanisms of the following:

(a) Terpenoids: Mono-, Sesqui-, Di-, Tri-Terpenoids and steroids.

(b) Alkaloids: pyridine alkaloids, Benzyl Isoquinoline alkaloids, morphine alkaloids and Indole alkaloids.

(c) The Shikimic acid pathway.

Reference Books:

- 1. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action: R. B. Silverman, Academic press.
- 2. Natural Products: Chemistry and Biological Significance: J. Mann, R. S. Davidson, J. B. Hobbs, D. V. Banthrope and J. B.Harborne, Longman, Essex.

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

3. Organic Chemistry: Vol. II, I. L. Finar, ELBS.

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- 4. Introduction to Flavonoids: B. A. Bohm, Harwood Academic Publishers
- 5. New Trends in Natural Product Chemistry: Atta-ur-Rahman and M. I. Choudhary, Harwood Academic publishers.
- 6. Biogenesis of Natural Products: Baldev Kumar and Harishkumar Chopra (Narosa Publication)

CHEEO-404: Medicinal chemistry

UNIT-I: Basic consideration of drug activity

Definition and Introduction of following terms-Drug, Prodrug, Hard and Soft drugs, agonists, antagonists, affinity, efficacy, potency, isosterism, bioisosterism, pharmacophores, lead molecule, lethal dose (LD50) and effective dose (ED50) (i) Factors affecting bioactivity, (ii) Theories of drug activity, (iii) Structure activity relationship (SAR), QSAR (2D and 3D method) and Hantzsch equation (iv) Drug receptor mechanism.

UNIT-II Pharmacokinetics

04 Hrs/Week

(i) Drug absorption, Distribution and deposition of drugs.

(ii) Excretion and elimination of drugs, Bioavailability.

UNIT-III Pharmacodynamics

(i) Mechanism of drug action: Enzyme stimulation and enzyme inhibition, antimetabolites, membrane active drugs, chelation; (ii) Drug metabolism and inactivation: Factors affecting drug metabolism, pathways of drug metabolism [Metabolic reaction (Phase I) and conjugation reaction (Phase II)].

UNIT-IV Classification of Drugs

The detail contents of the each class of the drugs.

UNIT-V

Synthesis and Utilities of the following drug molecules (at least one convenient synthetic route with possible mechanism) from following classes:

I. Anti inflammatory Drugs: (a) Naproxen (b) Ibuprofen (c) Oxaprozin (d) Diclofenac Sodium (e) Rofecoxib (f) Celecoxib.

II. Anti-hypertensive Drugs: (a) Verapamil (b) Captopril (c) d-sotalol (d) Atenolol (e) Diltiazem (f) Semotiadil fumarate.

III. Drugs acting on CNS: (a) CNS Stimulant : Dextro-amphetamine

(b) Respiratory Stimulant : Doxapram

- (c) CNS anti-depressant : (i) Chlorpromazine (Antipsychotic) (ii) Diazepam (Anxiolytic)
- (iii) Phenobarbitol (Antiepileptic)

[18 hrs]

Marks 100

[12 hrs]

[06 hrs]

[18 hrs]

[06 hrs]

IV Anesthetic Drugs:

(a) General : Ketamine (b) Local : (i) Lidocaine (ii) Procaine

V. Antibiotics: (a) Chloramphenicol (b) Ampicillin (c) Amoxycillin (d) Cefepime (e) Cefpirome

(f) Antimycobactrial: Ethambutol (g) Antiviral: Acyclovir (h) Antimicrobial: Sulfamethoxazole

VI. Antidiabetics : (a) Troglitazone (b) Chlorpropamide (c) Tolbutamide

VII. Antineopastic Drugs: (a) Antagonist: Fluorouracil (b) Alkylating agents: i) Chlorambucil

(ii) Cis-Platin

Reference Books:

- FOYE'S Principles of Medicinal Chemistry VIth Edition: Thomas L. Lemke, David A. Williams, Victoria F. Roche and S. William Zito.
- 2. Introduction of Medicinal Chemistry: A. Gringuage, Wiley-VCH.
- 3. Synthesis of Essential Drugs: R. S. Vardanyan and V. J. Hruby.
- 4. Volumes of Burger's Medicinal Chemistry: M. E. Wolf, JohnWiley.
- 5. Medicinal Chemistry: David J. Triggle.
- 6. Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry IInd: Andrejus Korolkovas, WileyVCH.

CHEEO-405 : Organic high polymers

04 Hrs/Week Credit	s: 04 Marks 100
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UNIT-I: Introduction to Polymers

- (i) Introduction to organic polymers and various terms like Monomer, comonomer, mesomer, homopolymer, heteropolymer, co-polymer, degree of polymerization, plastic, resin, fibers et
- (ii) Mechanism of polymerizations (Chain and condensation) and methods of polymerizations viz. mass, solution, emulsion and suspension.

UNIT-II: Evaluation of Polymers

Molecular weight of polymers and their determinations by end group analysis, sedimentation, osmometric and viscometric measurements.

UNIT-III: Natural Polymers

Isolations, characterizations and regenerations/derivatizations of natural polymers like Cellulose, Rubber and natural silk/ wool.

UNIT-IV: Synthetic Polymers

Mechanism of polymerization, reactivity, stability, and applications of following polymers: Polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, and polymethyl methacrylate.

Polyethylene terphthalate, alkyd resin, polycarbonate and nylons.

Phenoplast, urea- formaldehyde resin, melamine-formaldehyde resin, polyurethanes,

polysiloxane and epoxy resins

UNIT-V: Processing of Polymeric Materials

Molding, Fiber formation, formation of films, fillers, plasticizers and cross linking agents

Reference Books:

- 1. Textbook of Polymer Science: Fred W. Billmeyer.
- 2. Polymer Science: V. R. Gowarikar, N. N. Viswanathan, Jaydeep Sreedhar
- 3. Organic Polymer Chemistry: K. J. Saunder

[12 hrs]

[06 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[18 hrs]

CHEEO-406 : Drug design and drug discovery

04 Hrs/Week Credits: 04 Marks 100

UNIT-I: Principles of Drug design and drug discovery

[12 hrs]

Introduction to drug discovery, Folklore drugs, stages involved in drug discovery- disease, drug targets, bioassay. Discovery of a lead, screening of natural products and synthetic compound libraries. Pharmacokinetics (ADME), pharmacodynamics, Nature of drug-receptor interactions and their theories-Occupancy theory, Induced-fit theory, Macromolecular purturbation theory and Two-state model of receptor activation. Natural products as lead structures in drug discovery, Pharmacophore, structure pruning technique e.g. morphine. Discovery of lead structure from natural hormones and neurotransmitters, Principles of design of agonists (e.g. Salbutamol), antagonists (e.g. cimitidine) and enzyme inhibitors (e.g. captopril), Drug discovery without lead, serendipity, Penicillin and Librium as examples, Principles of prodrug design.

UNIT-II: Lead modification and SAR Studies

[12 hrs]

SAR: Lead modification strategies, Bioisosterism, variation of alkyl substituents, chain homologation and branching, variation of aromatic substituents, extension of structure, ring expansion and ring contraction, ring variation, variation and position of hetero atoms, ring fusion, simplification of the lead, rigidification of lead. Discovery of oxaminquine, salbutamol, cimitidine and captopril SAR studies in sulfa drugs, benzodiazepines, and taxol analogs.

UNIT-III: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship (QSAR) studies [12 hrs] Introduction, physicochemical properties - pKa, electronic effects and Hammett constants (σ), lipophilicity constant (π), steric effects and Taft's constant, linear and nonlinear relationship between biological activity and Hammett/ Lipophilicity Substituent constants. Lipenski rule of five. Hansch analysis, Craig's plot, Topliss scheme, Free Wilson approach, cluster significant analysis. Principles of molecular modeling in drug design.

UNIT-IV: Combinatorial Synthesis

[12 hrs]

Introduction, Combinatorial approach, Combinatorial libraries, technologies. Solid phase synthesis, types of resins, Linkers, Reactants for solid phased synthesis, Methods of Parallel synthesis: Haughton's tea bag procedure, Automated parallel synthesis. Methods in Mixed combinatorial synthesis: general principles. Furkasmix and split combinatorial synthesis, Structure determination of active compounds, Deconvolution, Methods in deconvolutionrecursive deconvolution, tagging and use of decoded sheets. Examples of Combinatorial Chemistry, Planning and designing of combinatorial synthesis, Spider like scaffolds, drug molecules, Automation in Combinatorial chemistry, High throughput screening.

Reference books

- 1. Burger's medicinal chemistry and drug discovery by Manfred E. Wolf.
- 2. Introduction to Medicinal chemistry by Patrick.
- 3. Introduction to drug design by R Silverman
- 4. Comprehensive medicinal chemistry. Vol 1-5 by Hanzsch.
- 5. Principles of medicinal chemistry. by William Foye
- 6. Biochemical approach to medicinal chemistry by Thomas Nogrady.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Chemistry and Drug synthesis by Roth and Kleeman
- 8. Drug design by E.J.Arienes
- 9. Principles of Medicinal Chemistry Vol I & II by Kadam et al
- 10. Medicinal chemistry An introduction by Garreth Thomas
- 11. Organic and Pharmaceutical chemistry By Delgrado
- 12. Organic Pharmaceutical chemistry By Harikishan singh
- 13. Medicinal Chemistry By Ashtoshkar
- 14. Medicinal Chemistry By Chatwal
- 15. Organic Drug synthesis By Ledneicer Vol 1-6
- 16. Strategies for organic drug synthesis and design By Daniel Ledneicer.
- 17. Top Drugs: Top synthetic routes By John Saunders
- 18. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery: Principles and Practices. Vol. 1.
- 19. Medicinal Chemistry by G. Patricks.
- 20. Text book of Drug Design and Discovery, Edited by Povl Krogsgaard Larsen Tommy Liljefors.

CHEEO -409 Cheminformatics

04 Hrs/Week	Credits: 04	Marks 100
Unit I Mathematics Process		12
Graph theory and molecular nun	nerology; Logic, sets and functio	ns; Algorithms, integers and
matrices; Mathematical reasoning	g, induction and recursion; Cour	nting; graphs, trees and sets,

Unit II Basics of Stereochemistry

basic probability and statistics; Markov processes

Basic Stereochemistry, Amino acids and Proteins and Properties; pKa, pH and ionization of acids and bases; Protein structure - Primary structure, Secondary structure - helix & sheet; Tertiary structure; Quaternary structure; covalent and non-covalent forces that maintain structures.

Unit III Chem Information

History of scientific information communication-chemical literature-chemical informationchemical information search-chemical information sources-chemical name and formula searching-analytical chemistry-chemical history-biography-directories and industry sources

Unit IV Biological Databases

Introduction; Experimental sources of biological data; Publicly available databases; Gene expression monitoring; Genomics and Proteomics; Metabolomics; Visualisation of sequence data; Visualization of structures using Rasmol or SPDB Viewer or CHIME; Genetic basis of disease; Personalised medicine and gene-based diagnostics.

Unit V Drug Design

Introduction to drugs, structure-based drug design. QSAR and 3D-QSAR Methods. Pharmacophore Design, Ligand-Based Design and De Novo Drug Design Virtual screening/docking of ligands. Protein structure, Drug action & enzymes. Drug action & receptors. Prediction of Binding Modes, Protein-Ligand binding free energies, Fragment-Based Drug Design, ADMET prediction.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. P. Shanmughavel, "Trends in Bioinformatics", Pointer publishers, 2006. 2. Francis A. Carey and Richard J. Sundberg, "Advanced Organic Chemistry-Part A & B" Third Edition, 1990. 3. P. Shanmughavel, "Principles of Bioinformatics", Pointer publishers, 2005.
- 4. Arfken, "Mathematical Methods for Physicists" Academic Press, 1985

12

12

12

12

CHEOR-407: Research project (Experimental)		al)
24 Hrs/week	Credit : 12	200 Marks
CHEOR-408 : Research project (Dis	sertation, Presentation and Se	minars)

6 Hrs/week

Credit : 6

100 Marks

DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR MARATHWADA UNIVERSITY,

AURANGABAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY



NAAC Re-accredited ' A' Grade



M. Sc. Analytical Chemistry

(Semester III & IV)

Choice Based Credit and Grading System

Effective from : June 2017

The following will be the Choice Based Credit and Grading System structure of revised syllabus for M. Sc. III & IV semester Analytical Chemistry effective from June 2017.

Semester	Paper Nos.	Title of Paper	Teaching Hr/week	Marks	Credits
	CHESC-301	Structural elucidation by spectral methods	04	100	04
	CHECA- 302	Advanced analytical techniques-i	04	100	04
	CHECA- 303	Quality assurance and accreditation	04	100	04
	CHEEA -304	Electroanalytical techniques or	04	100	04
III- Semester	CHEEA -305	Advanced analytical techniques-II OR	04	100	04
	CHEEA- 306	Polymer & petrochemical analysis	04	100	04
	CHEEA -310	Synthetic organic chemistry-I	04	100	04
	CHELA- 307	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHELA- 308	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHELA- 309	Laboratory course	06	50	03
	CHECA -401	Analytical method development and validation	02	50	02
	CHECA -402	Pharmaceutical, and Forensic Analysis	04	100	04
	CHECA -403	Environmental Analysis and Monitoring	04	100	04
IV semester	CHEEA -404	Food, Fertilizer & Pesticides Analysis OR	04	100	04
	CHEEA -405	Ores, alloys & cosmetics analysis OR	04	100	04
	CHEEA -406	Microbial and clinical analysis	04	100	04
	CHEEA -409	Synthetic Organic Chemistry-II	04	100	04
	CHEAR - 407	Research project (Experimental)	24	200	12
	CHEAR - 408	Research project (Dissertation, Presentation and Seminars)	06	100	06

CHECA-301 : Structural elucidation by spectral method	
Credits: 04	

UNIT-I Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (¹H NMR) [12 hrs]

Elementary ideas (Recapitulation); Spin-spin couplings, Different types of couplings, factors affecting on coupling constants, Karplus equation, Spin systems (AB, AX, ABX, AMX), Rate processes, spin decoupling, shift reagents, Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE), INEPT and INADEQUATE.

UNIT-II ¹³CNuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy [12 hrs]

Elementary ideas, instrumental problems, chemical shifts (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbons); Effect of substituents on chemical shifts.

UNIT-III Mass Spectroscopy

Introduction, ion production (EI, CI, FD and FAB), ion analysis, ion abundance, factors affecting on fragmentation, fragmentation of different functional groups, molecular ion peak, isotopic peaks, metastable peak, Nitrogen rule, McLafferty rearrangement, Retro-Diels-Alder reaction.

UNIT-IV

04 Hrs/Week

Problems based on joint applications of UV, IR, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and Mass spectroscopy. **UNIT-V** [12 hrs]

Mossbauer spectroscopy: Principle, factors affecting the line position and shape, isomer effect and Quadrupole splitting iron salt like compounds, complexes, carbonyl compounds (temperature dependence of isomer shift and Quadrupole splitting in simple compound and coordination, polynuclear complexes), Numericals.

Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy: Introduction, principle of ESR spectroscopy, presentation of spectrum, hyperfine splitting in various structures, hyperfine splitting digram of representative examples, factors affecting the magnitude of 'g' values, Zero field splitting, Kramer's degeneracy, Anisotropy in the hyperfine coupling constant, electron delocalization, instrumentation and applications.

Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Spectroscopy: D. L. Pavia, G. M. Lampman, G. S. Kriz
- 2. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds: R. M. Silverstein & F. X. Webster
- 3. ¹³C NMR Spectroscopy: G. C. Levy, R. L. Lichter, G. L. Nelson
- 4. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry: D. H. Williams & I. Flemming
- 5. Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds: V. M. Parikh

[12hrs]

[12 hrs]

Marks 100

- 6. Mass Spectrometry: K. G. Das & James
- 7. Coordination Chemistry by Experimental Methods: K. Barger
- 8. Coordination Chemistry vol. I: E. Martell
- 9. Physical Methods for Chemistry: R. S. Drago
- 10. Structural Methods in Inorganic Chemistry: E. A. V. Ebsworth & D. W. H. Rankin
- 11. Organic Structure Analysis: Philips Crews

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CHECA-302 : Advanced analytical techniques-I

04 Hrs/Week	Credits: 04	Marks 100

Unit-I. Chromatographic Systems

Thin layer Chromatography: Introduction, principles, superiority of tlc over other chromatographic technique, experimental techniques, solvent systems, plate development, detection of components, evaluation of chromatogram by different methods, applications, limitation. High performance thin layer chromatography

Liquid-Liquid partition chromatography: Introduction, theory, solid supports, selection of stationary and mobile phases, solvent systems, reverse phase chromatography, choice of adsorption or partition, applications of partition chromatography. Ultra performance liquid chromatography

Column Chromatography: Principle, experimental details, theory of development, column efficiency, factors affecting column efficiency, and applications. Advanced flash chromatography

Gel permeation Chromatography: Principle materials, gel preparation, column packing, detectors and applications.

Ion Exchange Chromatography:

Ion Exchange resins, ion exchange equilibria, ion exchange capacity of resins and its determination, applications of ion exchange resins to chromatography, ion chromatography based on suppressors

Unit-IIGas Chromatography:

Introduction, principles of gas-liquid chromatography, instrumentation - Carrier gas, sample Introduction system, columns, detectors, substrates, temperature control, evaluation Retention volume, resolution, branches of gas chromatography, applications, numericals.

High Performance Liquid Chromatography:

Principle, instrumentation - column, column packing, mobile phone, pumping system, detector system, practical procedure, applications, HPLC adsorption and partition chromatography.

Unit-III

Properties of Supercritical Fluids, Supercritical Fluid Chromatography, Supercritical Fluid Extraction.

Introduction, Need for hyphenation, Possible hyphenation, Interfacing devices and applications of the following: LC-MS, GC-IR, GC-MS, ICP-MS, MS-MS.

12hrs

12 hrs.

12 hrs.

Unit-IV Molecular Luminescence Spectrometry:

Theory of fluorescence and phosphorescence, Instruments for measuring fluorescence and phosphorescence, Applications of photoluminescence methods, Chemiluminescence

Unit-V Surface Characterization by Spectroscopy and Microscopy: 12 hrs.

Introduction to the study of surfaces, Spectroscopic surface methods, Ion spectroscopic techniques, Surface photons spectroscopic methods, Electron stimulated microanalysis methods, Scanning probe microscopes

Reference Books

1.Instrumental Methods of Analysis-Willard, Merritt, Dean & Settle.

- 2.Instrumental Analysis- Skoog, Holler, Crouch.6th edition
- 3. Principles of Instrumental Analysis-Skoog, F.J.Holler & J.A.Nieman
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis–Galen W. Ewing.
- 5. Analytical Chemistry Gary D. Christian, 6th edition
- 6. Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry -Frank Settle, Editor
- 7. Introduction to Instrumental Analysis-R.D. Braun, McGraw Hill.
- 8. Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry, -D.A. Skoog, D.M.West and F.J. Holler.
- 9. Wilson and Wilson Compressive Analytical Chemistry. Ed. G. Svehla, A series ofvolumes.

10. Instrumental methods of analysis - Chatwal and Anand.

11. Instrumental methods of analysis – B. K. Sharma.

12 hrs.

CHECA-303 : Quality assurance and accreditation

04 Hrs/Week

Credits: 04

Marks 100

Unit-I Quality Assurance

Introduction to Quality Control and quality assurance: Concepts and significance. Quality control and statistical techniques: Quality control charts, the X-quality control chart, the R-quality control chart and its interpretation, spiked sample control charts, use of blind samples in quality control, use of proficiency evaluations in quality control.

Calibration and maintenance of Instruments / Equipment: Instrument calibration – linear calibration curves, equipment calibration, frequency of calibration, calibration of common laboratory instrument and equipment (Analytical balances, volumetric glassware, ovens, furnaces, UV / Visible spectrophotometer, pH meter, conductivity meter, IR spectrophotometers, AAS, GC, HPLC etc.,). Maintenance of instruments and equipment

Unit-II Documentation for quality assurance: Raw Data – 15 hrs

Type of notebooks, control of notebook distribution and data entry. General Reagents and volumetric reagents. Sampling – sampling methods, sample labelling, sample log-in/register. Sample analysis, reporting, recording and personal training. Instrument calibration and maintenance. Analytical report. Personnel, training, records - professional personnel, technician personnel. Filing quality assurance documentation.

Good laboratory practices and personnel, Quality Programme, Instrument and Organisation calibration, Customer Satisfaction.

Unit-III Documentation for quality assurance: Raw Data – 15 hrs

Computers and quality assurance: Sample handling. Data Acquisition. Quality control data and calculations. Computer generated analytical reports. Security considerations. Hardware and software.

Establishing a Quality Assurance program: Management commitment. Define the quality assurance program. Writing standard operating procedures. Topics for standard operating procedures. Consolidating the programme. Monitoring the program – monitoring quality assurance data, reporting quality assurance problems. Writing the quality assurance manuals. AC(CB1) -4: Quality Accreditation:

Unit-IV Quality Accreditation:

15 Hrs

Laboratory Accreditation: Need for laboratory accreditation. International aspects of laboratory accreditation and in India. Criteria for laboratory accreditation. Benefits of laboratory accreditation, Evolution and significance of Quality Management, Background to

ISO 9000, comparison between ISO-9001, ISO-9002 & ISO-9003., ISO 9000-2000 series of standards on quality management system, - evolution of series of standards, introduction to ISO organization, Registration / certification - benefits of QMS certification. Structure of ISO 9000-2000 family of standards. Advantages of ISO 9000-2000. Requirements of ISO 9001-2000 QMS and applications, Steps for effective implementations. Significance of ISO - 9001,9002,9003 & 9004. Requirements of ISO9000/IS14001. Concepts of OHSMS (BS 8800) Quality Management Principles in QMS, QMS documentation, Quality Manual, Quality policy, conformities and Non-conformities

Reference Books:

- Handbook of Quality Assurance for the analytical chemistry laboratory, James P. Dux, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1986.
- Applying ISO-9000 Quality Management Systems, International Trade Centre Publishing, UNCTAD/WTO. Geneva, Switzerland, Indian Edition Printed by D.L.Shah Trust.
- 3. How to practice GLP, PP Sharma, Vandana Publications, 2000, New Delhi
- Training manuals on ISO 9000 / 2000 PQM, Girdhar J Gyani, Raj Publishing House, 2001
- 5. Quality Assurance in Analytical Chemistry, B.W. Wenclawiak, Springer, India, 2004.

04 Hrs/Week

Credits: 04

Unit-I General Introduction andPotentiometry

Overview of Electrode Processes, Electrocapillary curve and electrocapillary maximum potential, exchange current, Ion selective electrodes: Types and construction of electrode, Glass electrode, Solid state electrode and precipitate electrode, Liquid-liquid membrane electrodes, Enzyme and gas electrode, Applications of ion selective electrodes, Reference electrodes, Mercury electrodes (DME, SME, HMDE), Numericals.

Potentiometry: Introduction, Instrumentation, Potentiometric titrations:- Types of potentiometric titrations, Variations in potentiometric titrations, Limitations, Numericals.

Unit – IICoulometry and High frequency titration[12 hrs]Coulometry:Introduction, Principle, Technique, Coulometry at constant current and
coulometry at controlled potential, Coulometric titration, Flowing stream
coulometry.,Stripping analysis,Applications

High frequency titration Introduction, Theory and instrumentation, High frequency titrimetry, Types of cells, Advantages of high frequency methods, Applications.

Unit- III Polarography and Cyclic Voltammetry

Theory and origin of polarography, Interpretation of pornographic curves, Instrumentation of polarography, Differential pulse polarography, Factors affecting on polarographic wave.

Introduction and beginning of cyclic voltammetry, Range of cyclic voltrametric techniques. The acceptable sweep rate range, The shape of the peak in potential sweep curves, The role of non- aqueous solution in cyclic voltammetry, Crieteria of reversibility of electrochemical reactions, Quasi reversible and irreversible processes, Qualitative and quantitative analysis by cyclic voltametric techniques, Linear sweep voltammetry for reactions that include simple adsorbed intermediates, Amperometric titrations, Chronoamperometry, Chronopotentiometry and others Numericals.

Unit-IV

[12 hrs]

[12hrs]

Electro-Gravimetry:Introduction, Theory of electrogravimetry, Instrumentation,Electrogravimetric determination with constant applied voltage and constant current, Applications of electrogravimetry, Problems based on effect concentration on electrode potential, Calculation of therotical potential, Effect of pH in electrolytic separation, Numericals

[12 hrs]

Unit-V

[12 hrs]

Electrophoresis: Introduction, Paper electrophoresis Principle, Experimental techniques, Factors governing migration of ions, and Applications, Numericals.

Capillary and zone electrophoresis: Electroosmotic flow, Migration in CE, Instrumentation, Control of separation, Application.

Gel electrophoresis: Principle, technique, application.

Reference Books:

- 1. Quantitative analysis -. Alexeyev. V
- 2. Instrumental methods of analysis Chatwal and Anand.
- 3. Introduction to instrumental analysis R. D. Braun.
- 4. Instrumental methods of analysis Willard, Meritt, Dean and Settle.
- 5. Standard methods of chemical analysis F. G. Welcher, Vol III, Part A & B.
- 6. Electroanalytical chemistry H. W. Neurenberg.
- 7. Principles of electrochemistry D. A. Maclines.
- 8. Ion selective electrodes (John Wiley) Stulic.
- 9. Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis Mendham, Denney, etc.
- 10. Modern Electrochemistry vol. I John O'M Bockris
- 11. Modern Electrochemistry vol. II John O'M Bockris
- 12. Analytical Chemistry Gary D. Christian, 6th edition
- 13. Principles of Instrumental Analysis-Skoog, F. J. Holler & J. A. Nieman.
- 14. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis–Galen W. Ewing. 5th edition

04 Hrs/Week Credits: 04	Marks 100
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Unit-I Atomic Mass Spectrometry

Some general features of atomic mass spectrometry, Mass spectrometers, Inductive coupled plasma mass spectrometrySpark source mass spectrometry, Glow discharge mass spectrometry, Other mass spectrometric methods.

Unit-II Atomic X-ray Spectrometry

Fundamental principles, Instrument components, X-ray fluorescence methods, X-ray absorption methods, The electron microprobe.

Unit-III **Thermal Methods**

General introduction, classification of thermal methods of analysis thermogravimetry, principles, factors affecting thermal curve, thermogravimetric analysis, Derivative thermogravimetry, Differential thermal analysis - principles, factors affecting DTA curve, applications, differential scanning colorimetry - principles, instrumen- tation and applications, thermomechanical and dynamic mechanical analysis, thermometric titrations, numericals. Microthermal analysis.

Unit-IV Diffraction Methods:

Generation of x-rays, interaction of x-rays with matter, scattering and diffraction, Bragg's law, Miller indices, General instrumentation, Lauc Photograph method, Bragg's method, their principle and uses, single crystal method, Debye-Scherrer method, Identification of unit cells from systematic absences, x-ray intensities and structure determination, structure factor and its relation to electron density and intensity, Phase problem. Indexing of lattice planes in a cubic system, structure of NaCl and KCl, Avogadro's number from cubic lattice dimensions, applications of x-ray diffraction.

Electron diffraction:

Scattering of electrons by gases, Weirl equation, experimental methods: visual method, sector, method, radial distribution method, low energy electron diffraction, structure

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

determination of SiF₄ and CF₃Cl, limitations. **Neutron diffraction**: Introduction, difference between neutron and x-ray diffraction measurement technique, magnetic scattering, applications, comparison of x-ray and neutron diffraction patterns for transition metal oxides

Unit-VRadiochemical and Automated Methods of Analysis

12 hrs

Radioactive Nuclides, Instrumentation, Neutron activation methods, Isotope dilution methods Automated Methods of Analysis: Overview, Flow – injection Analysis, Microfluidics, Discrete automatic systems

Reference Books:

- 1. Principles of Instrumental Analysis–Holler, Skoog & Crouch 6th edition
- 2. Instrumental Methods of Analysis–Willard, Merritt, Dean & Settle.
- 3. Principles of Instrumental Analysis-Skoog, F.J.Holler & J.A.Nieman
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis–Galen W. Ewing.
- 5. Analytical Chemistry Gary D. Christian, 6th edition
- 6. Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry -Frank Settle, Editor
- 7. Introduction to Instrumental Analysis-R.D. Braun, McGraw Hill.
- 8. Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry,-D.A. Skoog, D.M.West and F.J. Holler.
- 9. Wilson and Wilson Compressive Analytical Chemistry. Ed. G. Svehla, A series of volumes.
- 10. Instrumental methods of analysis Chatwal and Anand.
- 11. Instrumental methods of analysis B. K. Sharma.

CHEEA-306 : Polymer & petrochemical analysis

04 Hrs/Week	Credits: 04	Marks 100

Unit-I Polymer analysis

Brief history to polymer, classification of polymer, how polymer are made.

Analysis and testing of polymer:

Chemical analysis of polymer:X-ray diffraction analysis, thermal analysis, TGA, DTA. Physical testing of polymers: Mechanical properties, Fatigue testing, impact testing, tear resistance, hardness, abrasion resistance. Thermal properties: Softing temperature, flammability.Optical properties: Transmittance, color, gloss, haze and transparency.

Electric properties: Dielectric constant and loss factor, resistively, dielectric strength, electronic properties. Chemical properties: Resistance to solvents, vapor permeability, weathering.

Unit-II Polymer analysis-molecular weight and size measurement **12 hrs**

Kinetics of polymerization ,Molecular mass, Number and mass average molecular mass, Molecular mass determination by osmometry, Viscometry, light scattering and Sedimentation methods, End group analysis, colligative properties measurements, solution viscosity and molecular size, Numericals

Unit-III Analysis of Paints and Pigments

Introduction, Determination of non-volatile and volatile components, Flash point, Separation of pigments and thinner of solvent type coating, Pigment type, Identification of binders, Analysis of Vehicle and drying oils,

Analysis of pigments: Classification of organic and inorganic pigments, White tinted pigments.

Unit-IV. Fuels:-

Introduction, calorific value. Determination of calorific value. Modern concept of fuels. Classifications of fuels ,criterion of selection of fuels , properties of fuels. Method of processing. Solids fuels, Natural solid fuels, Artificial solid fuels, Industrial solids fuels .Formation of coal properties of coal ,Classification of coal., coking and non-coking coals. pulverised coal. Role of sulphur and ash in coal ,approximate analysis ,Ultimate analysis. .Numerical.

Unit-V Petroleum:-

Occurrence, mining of petroleum. Prospecting colour and consistency. Origin composition, classification ,terms related to petroleum. .Distillation of crude petroleum. Treatment of the

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

residual liquid, Determination of flash point. Determination of aniline point .Knocking and Anti-knocking compounds. Octane number .Cetane number,Numericals.

Gases fuels: Analysis of natural gases, liquefied petroleum gas, coal gas, water gas, producer gas, gober gas, blast furnace gas and their calorific value determination.

Petrochemical analysis: Analysis of naphtha and their feed stocks, characterization of the catalyst used for cracking

Reference Books:-

- 1. Text Book of polymer science By F.W.Billmeyer, New York: Wiley
- 2. Physical polymer science by L.H .Sperling wiley -Interscience New York
- Fundamentals of polymer science & Engineering By A Kumar & S.K.Gupta, Tata mcgraw Hill
- 4. Introduction to polymer science ,V.R.Gowarnikar, N.V.Vishwanathan & J.
- 5. Industrial Chemistry, B. K. Sharma, Goel publishing House Meerut.
- 6. Kent, Rieg's Industrial chemistry, Rain hold.
- 7. Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for analytical chemistry. Frank Settle, editor
- 8. Polymer science by Vasant Govarikar, Wiley Earstewen. New York.
- 9. Principle of polymer science, Behadhar and Sastri, Narosa Publishing house.

Credits: 04

UNIT-I	Ox	idat	ion

04 Hrs/Week

(a) Oxidation of alcohol to aldehyde, ketone or acid: Jones reagent, Swern oxidation, Collins reagent, Fetizones reagent, PCC, PDC, PFC, IBX, Activated MnO₂, Chromyl chloride (Etard reaction), TEMPO, CAN, NMO, Moffatt oxidation

(b) Oxidative cleavage of Carbon-Carbon double bonds: KMnO₄, Ozonolysis.

(c) Oxidations using SeO₂, PhSeBr.

(d) Selective cleavages at functional groups: Cleavage of glycols, IO⁻₄, Pb(OAc)₄.

UNIT-II Reductions

(a) Catalytic Hydrogenation; (b) Reduction of nitriles, oximes and nitro compounds; (c) Reduction of acids and Esters; (d) Reduction with metal hydride- Sodium cyanoborohydride, Diborane, L- & K-Selectrides, LiBH₄, DIBAL-H; (e) Birch reduction and related reactions, (h) Luche reagent, Wolf-Kishner reduction, Clemmenson reduction, Wilkinson catalyst, TBTH.

UNIT-III Organic Reagents

DCC, EDC, DDQ, 1,3 Dithiane, LDA, DMDO, OsO4, RuO4, SmI2, Dess-Martin Periodinane, Diazomethane, Lawesson's reagent.

UNIT-IV

(A) Ylides and Enamines

(i) Ylides: Preparation and their synthetic applications along with their stereochemical aspects of Phosphorous, Sulphur and Nitrogen ylides.

(ii) Enamines: Generation & application in organic synthesis with mechanistic pathways, stork enamine reaction.

(B)Rearrangements

Pummerer, Payne, Eschenmoser fragmentation, Brook, Wagner-Meerwein, Wolf, Semipinacol, Epoxide rearrangement with lewis acid, Dienone-Phenol rearrangement, Tiffeneau-Demjanov, Favorskii, von Richter, Wittig, Neber, Smiles, Fries, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt, Steven, Hofmann, Iodolactonisation.

UNIT-V Formation of Carbon-Carbon bonds via organometallic reagents [12 hrs] Synthesis and applications of organo Lithium, Magnesium, Titanium, Cerium, Copper, Chromium, Zinc, Boron, Silicon, Cadmium

[12 hrs]

Marks 100

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Reference Books:

- 1. Organic Chemistry: Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Wothers
- 2. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds (Principle and application): D. Nasipuri
- 3. Stereochemistry of Organic compounds: Ernest L. Eliel / Samuel H. Wilen
- 4. Organic Synthesis: W. Carruthers
- 5. Organic Reagents: Fieser & Fieser
- 6. Organic Synthesis: M. B. Smith
- 7. Advanced Organic Chemistry; Part A and B: F. A. Carey & R. J. Sundberg
- 8. Modern Organic Synthesis: An Introduction: G. S. Zweifel & M. H. Nantz
- 9. A Guidebook To Mechanism In Organic Chemistry: Peter Sykes
- 10. Organic Synthesis Concepts, Methods, Starting Materials: J. Fuhrhop, G. Penzlin
- 11. Organic Chemistry: An Intermediate Text: Robert V. Hoffmann
- 12. Advanced Organic Chemistry: Jerry March
- 13. Organic Synthesis: R. O. C. Norman and Coxan
- 14. Name Reactions: Jie Jack Li

CHELA-307 : Laboratory course

135 Hrs

Name of experiment.

- 1. Determination of COD, BOD and dissolved oxygen from waste water sample.
- 2. Separate and estimate the amount of cadmium and zinc using ion exchange resin.
- 3. Estimation of Nitrogen from given sample of fertilizer by Kejaldal method.
- 4. Determination of saponification, acid and Iodine value of oil.
- **5.** Determination Vitamin –C from given sample of Juice/ tablet using dichlorophenol indophenols by volumetric method.
- 6. Estimation of blood glucose by Folin Wu method.
- 7. Estimation of API in the pharmaceutical sample.
- 8. Estimation of phenol/aniline by bromination method.
- 9. Estimation of chloride from food sample by Volhard titration method.
- 10. Determination of sodium carbonate in washing soda.
- 11. Determination of volume strength of commercial hydrogen peroxide using KMnO₄
- **12.** Moisture content in pharmaceutical/food sample by Karl-fisher titration method.
- 13. Estimation of pesticide residue by TLC method.
- **14.** Estimation of active chlorine in the given sample of bleaching powder.
- **15.** Estimation of mg from given sample of talcum powder.
- 16. Estimation of alcohol in the given sample by diffusion oxidation method

Reference Books

- Quantitative Inorganic Analysis including Elementary Instrumental Analysisby A. I. Vogels.
- 2. Experiments in chemistry by D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya publication.
- 3. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 4th Ed. part-2, Beckette, Stenlake.
- 4. Indian Pharmacopeia volume –I, II III

CHELA-308 : Laboratory course

135 Hrs.

Name of experiment.

- **1.** Estimation of potassium, calcium and sodium from given sample using flame photometric method.
- 2. Determination of boric acid by conductometric method.
- **3.** Determination of commercial vinegar by potentiometric titration and its confirmation by conductometric method.
- **4.** Determination of molecular weight of high polymer by viscosity measurement /turbidometric method
- 5. Determine the amount of phosphate from given sample of fertilizer/ detergent using spectrophotometric method.
- 6. Estimation of Cu (II) and Fe (III) by spectrophotometric method using EDTA .
- **7.** Estimate the reducing sugar by 3, 5 dinitrosalicylic acid in the given food sample by Spectrophotometric method.
- 8. Determination of protein by biureate method using by Spectrophotometric method.
- 9. Determine the percentage composition of the mixture by refractometer.
- 10. Characterization of unknown sample by IR Spectroscopy.
- **11.** Analysis of mixture of alcohols by Gas chromatography.
- **12.** Monitoring of nitration of organic compound by gas chromatography.
- 13. Determination of petroleum hydrocarbons in burn-cases by GC method.
- 14. Determine the lactose sugar by HPLC method
- **15.** Analysis of binary mixture of simple organic compound by HPLC method.
- 16. Determine the Hammett constant of substituted benzoic acid by pH metric method.

Reference Books

- Quantitative Inorganic Analysis including Elementary Instrumental Analysis by A. I. Vogels.
- 2. Experiments in chemistry by D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya publication.
- 3. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 4th Ed. part-2, Beckette, Stenlake.
- 4. Indian Pharmacoepia volume –I, II& III

CHELA-309 : Laboratory course

135 Hrs

Credits:3

Part – I Name of experiment

- **1.** Estimate the amount of copper and Tin from bronze alloy
- 2. Estimate the amount of lead and Tin from solder alloy
- **3.** Estimate the amount of copper and Nickel from coin
- 4. Estimate the amount of copper and Zinc from brass alloy
- 5. Estimate the amount of Iron, Tin from hematite ore.
- 6. Estimate the amount of calcium, Magnesium and silica material from dolomite ore.
- 7. Estimate the amount of SiO₂, calcium Iron Magnesium and aluminum from cement.
- 8. Determine the amount of Nickel and Iron from NiFe₃O₄ ferrite sample

Part B- Analytical Data interpretation and Structure Elucidation

- i. UV Visible, IR, PMR, CMR mass Spectrum of organic and inorganic compounds.
- ii. XRD data analysis of organic and inorganic compounds
- iii. TGA, DTA data analysis of inorganic compounds
- iv. Different chromatograms.

References books for CHEA422-to 424

- 1. Systematic experimental physical chemistry S. W. Rajbhoj & T. K Chondhekar
- 2. Quantitative Inorganic Analysis including Elementary Instrumental Analysis
- 3. by A. I. Vogel's, 3rd Ed. ELBS (1964)
- 4. Standard methods of chemical analysis by F. J. Welcher
- 5. Indian Pharmacopeia volume I, II III
- 6. British pharmacopeia.
- 7. Experiments in chemistry by D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya publication
- 8. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 4th Ed. part-2, Beckette, Stenlake
- 9. Standard Instrumental methods of Chemical Analysis, F. J. Welcher

CHECA-401: Analytical method development and validation

02 Hrs/Week	Credits: 02	Marks 100
02 Hrs/Week	Credits: 02	Marks 100

Unit-I Assay Validation and Inter Laboratory Transfer

15hrs

Introduction, fundamental definitions, Essential principles of method transfer, method validation report, the inter-laboratory qualification (ILQ) process,

Statistical Analysis and analytical Figure of Merit

validation parameters: Accuracy, precision, calibration, (linear response functions (linear regression-errors in slope and the intercept, error in the estimate of concentration, standard additions), non-linear response functions and weighted regression analysis, internal standards), selectivity and specificity (chromatographic methods), limits of detections (spectrophotometric methods, chromatographic methods and related techniques, receptor binding assay), limit of quantification, sensitivity, ruggedness and robustness, analyte stability in the sample matrix, how to reduce systematic errors, mean and standard deviation, reliability of results, confidence interval, comparison of results, comparison of two means of two samples, experimental design

Unit-II

15hrs

Overview of World Wide Regulations

Specific methods and Applications: Dissolution Studies

Introduction, Dissolution test, Apparatus – USP type –I and II, Sampling and analytical instrumentation, Single point test Vs. Dissolution profile, Calibration, regulatory guidelines, analytical validation, linearity, accuracy, precision, specificity.

Reference

- Development and validation of Analytical Methods, Progress Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis, Vol-3, Edited by Chitofer M. Riley and Tomas W. Rosanske (Elvier)
- Vogel's Textbook of quantitative Chemical Analysis, sixth Ed., Mendham, Denney, Barnes, Thomas, Pub: Pearson Education.
- Handbook of modern pharmaceutical analysis, edited by Satinder Ahuja and Stephen Scypinski, Academic Press, Separation science Series, Vol-3
- 4. HPLC method Development for pharmaceuticals, Edited by Satinder Ahuja and Henrik Rasmussen, Academic Press, Separation science Series, Vol-8
 - 5. Practical HPLC method Development, Snyder, Kirkiand, Glajch, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd

Credits: 04

04 Hrs/Week

Unit-I Pharmaceutical Analysis-I

General idea regarding pharmaceutical industry, Definition and classification of drugs, types of dosage forms. Introduction to pharmaceutical formulations,

Sources of impurities in pharmaceutical chemicals, raw materials & Products,

Shelf life of pharmaceutical product and its determination, stability studies

Standardization of finished products& their characteristics,

Limit tests of As, Hg, Pb, Fe, Chlorides, and sulphates. Solubility tests, dissolution test, disintegration tests.

Unit-II : Pharmaceutical legislation

Introduction to drug acts, drug rules,FDA ISI, Agmark and other standard for pharmaceuticals& cosmetics particularly w.r.t. the testing of drugs, and raw material concerned. Pharmaceutical standards IP/BP/USP//EP. Cosmetic standards,Documentation, Record Keeping. Contents of labels, Types of packaging materials,

Intellectual property rights: Introduction, role of patents in the pharmaceutical industry, recent changes, some case studies.

Unit- III Pharmaceutical Analysis-II

Assay of main classes of drugs as per IP with reference to Introduction, Type, Properties, Mode of action and Methods of Analysis.

Unit-IV Forensic Analysis

Introduction, Special features of forensic analysis, Sampling, Sample storage, Sample dissolution. Toxicology: Classification of poisons and poisoning, Lethal Dose, Significance of LD50 and LC50. Extraction methods in toxicology: Isolation, Identification and determinations of: Narcotics: Heroin, Morphine, Codeine. Stimulants: Caffeine, Cocaine, Amphetamines. Despressant: Benzodiazepines- Diazepam, Oxazepam, Nitrazepam. Barbiturates- Phenobarbitone, Amylobarbitone, Pentobarbitone, Thiopentone. Hallucinogens: LSC and Cannabis. Analysis of biological stains and materials including blood, semen and saliva (qualitative and quantitative). Viscera, Stomach wash, Vomit and post mortem blood for poisons like cyanides, As, Hg, Insecticides and Pesticides.

Marks 100

12 hrs.

12 hrs.

12hrs

12 hrs.

Unit-V Explosive:

Explosion, Detonation, Classification of explosives, Propellant, Fulminates, Detonators, Blasting-cap, Thermochemistry, Hygroscopicity of explosives, Moisture by Karl-Fisher

Blasting-cap, Thermochemistry, Hygroscopicity of explosives, Moisture by Karl-Fisher titration, Isolation from debris, Qualitative test, Cation & anion analysis by capillary electrophoresis, EDXRF, Analysis by TLC, HPLC, IR, GC-TEA method.

Reference Books:

- 1. Isolation and Identification of drug-n E. G. Clarke vol.- I
- Laboratory procedure manual-Forensic Toxicology- Directorate of forensic science, MHA Govt. of India.
- 3. Analytical Biochemistry, D. J. Holme and H.Peck, Longman
- 4. Bioanalytical Chemitry, S.R. Mikkelsen and E. Corton, John Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Immunoassay a practical guide Eds, D.W. Chan and M.T. Perlstein, Academic Press.
- 6. Hawk's Physiological Chemistry, McGraw Hill.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis Edited by David C. Lee, and Michael Webb.
- 8. Biochemical methods, S. Sadasivam, A .Manickam.
- 9. Standard Methods of Biochemical Analysis, S.R. Thimmaiah

12 hrs.

CHEEA-403 : Environmental analysis and monitoring

04 Hrs/Week	Credits: 04	Marks 100

Unit-I Air Pollution

General considerations: polluted air, Types of pollution and units of measurements. Air quality standards, Sampling, Monitoring, Analysis of CO, Sources and sinks of CO pollution, Effects of CO on plants and humans, Control of CO pollution, Analysis of oxides of nitrogen, NOx sources and sinks of NOx pollution, Control of NOx pollution, Hydrocarbons and photochemical smog and its control, Analysis of hydrocarbon in exhaust gasses, Petrol and air, Sulphur di oxide sources, Analysis and control, Acid rain particulates and their effects on human and climate, Control of particulates.

Unit-II

Water Pollution: Aquatic environment, Water pollutants, Sampling of water and its preservation Trace metals in water, Chemical speciation with special reference to Copper, Lead, Mercury and Arsenic. Water quality standards Water quality parameters.

Oxygen Demanding Wastes: Dissolved oxygen, Biological oxygen demand, Monitoring techniques and methodology with special reference to ammonia, Nitrates, Nitrites, Fluorides, Cyanides, Total hardness, Lead, Cadmium and Mercury. Detection and control of Detergents, oils, Pesticides, Sewage treatment.

Unit-III

Chemical toxicology: Toxic chemicals in environment, Impact of toxic chemicals on enzymes, Biochemical effects of Arsenic, Cadmium, Lead, Mercury, Carbon monoxide, Sulphur dioxide, Pesticides and Carcinogens.

Soil analysis: Sampling of soil, Determination of water holding capacity, Determination of total nitrogen, Ammonia and nitrates. Determination of Na,Mg, Ca, K, phosphate and Sulphur in soil.

Unit-IV

Industrial pollution: Pollution due to cement industry, Distillery, Pharmaceutical (Drug) industries, Sugar industry, Paper and pulp industries, Thermal power plants, Nuclear power plants, Metallurgical industries, Polymer industries. Recycle, reuse, recovery, disposal, and management of solid industrial waste.

12 hrs.

12 hrs.

12 hrs.

[12 hrs]

Noise pollution- Introduction, sources, measurement of noise level, differences between sound and noise pollution, reverberating of sound, effect and control

Unit-V:

12 hrs.

Green Analytical Chemistry: Principle and concepts of Green Chemistry: Sustainable development and green chemistry. Green analytical chemistry: Concept and trends, 'Greening' sample treatment: Reduced and solvent-free sample preparation methodologies, alternative solvents, energy saving procedures of analysis.

Green instrument analysis: Assessment of analytical methods for 'Greenness', greening flow injection analysis, chemical sensors, liquid green chromatography

Reference Books:

- 1. A. K. De, Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. S. L. Chopra and J. S. kanwar, Analytical, Agricultural Chemistry, Kalyani Publishers,
- 3. R. K. Trivedy and P. K. God, Chemical and biological methods for water pollution studies, Environmental publications, co. New Delhi.
- 4. L. A. Richards, Diagnosis and improvement of saline and alkali soils. Oxford IBH publications co. New Delhi.
- 5. S. M. Khopkar, Environmental chemistry, Environmental pollution analysis
- 6. Environmental chemistry-B.K. Sharma.Goel publishing house Meerut
- 7. M. S. Creos and Morr, Environmental chemical analysis, American publications.
- 8. M. Sitting, Resources, Recovery and Recycling, Handbook of industrial waste.
- 9. Standard methods of water and waste water analysis, American public health association Washington D. C.
- R. Gopalan and Amrutha Anand, "Environmental chemistry laboratory manual Emerald Publication.
- 11. Standards for water for drinking and other purposes, Beaurau of Indian Standards India.
- 12. Guideline for drinking water quality recommendations of world health organization, Geneva.
- 13. B. K. Sharma and H. Kaur, Environmental Chemistry, Goel publishing house Meerut.
- 14. Thomas G. Spiro and Willian M. Stigliani, Chemistry of environment.
- 15. New Trends in green Chemistry, V.K.Ahluwalia and M. Kidwai, Anamaya Publishers New Delhi, (2004)

CHECA-404 : Food, fertilizer & pesticides analysis

04 Hrs/Week	Credits: 04	Marks 100
Unit-I General concepts of f	food analysis.	12 hrs
Nutrient value of food.		
Physical characteristics & cha	emical constituents	
Proximate composition of foo	od	
Legislation related to food an	d recent amendments, Standards	and public health
a. General idea regardin	g food processing and preservation	on
b. Food contamination a	nd spoilage	
c. Food safety considera	tions.	
d. Adulteration-Introduc	tion, Types, Tests for adulterants,	control
Unit-II Analysis of food-		12 hrs
a. Study of followings emulsifiers,	with their estimation methods	: Food preservatives, Food
b. Food stabilizers, Food	1 thickener	
	d composition and Analysis of	the following foods: Milk and
	Coffee, Cereals & Flour, Ho	-
beverages.	,,,	
Unit- IIIAnalysis of Oils, Fa	ats Soap and Detergents	12 hrs
Introduction to natural oils a	and fats, Analysis of oils and fa	tts, Softing point, Congent point,
Titer point, Cloud point, Io	dine, Saponification, acid, Hydr	oxyl, R-M and polenske values,
Elaiden test. Introduction to	o soaps, Analysis of soaps, for sa	aponification, Unsaponifiable and
unsaponified matter in soaps	s, Estimation of free alkali and	phenol in soap, Classification of
detergents (in Brief), Analy	vsis of active ingredients from	detergents (methelene blue and
hyamine 1622 method), Estin	nation of CMC, Chlorides, Total	phosphates
Unit-IV		12 hrs

Analysis of fertilizers. Classification of fertilizer, NPK value, Chemical composition of superphosphate, Lime and Potash fertilizer, Analysis of commercially available fertilizers for N, P & K.

Analysis of pesticides. : Legislation and recent amendments with respect to pesticides materials. Names of pesticides and their chemical structures. , Application dosage of different pesticides. , Analysis of specific pesticides.

Unit-V Analysis of Vitamins

12 hrs

Analytical techniques of determination of water and fat soluble vitamins including microbiological techniques. **Human nutrition:** Biological values and estimation of enzymes, Carbohydrates, essential amino acids, proteins and lipids.

Reference Books:-

- 1. Chemical analysis of food By Pearson.
- Introductions to food science and technology, series by G.F.Stewart and M.A.Amerine Academic process.
- 3. Applied chemistry .AText book for Engineers and technologists by H.D.Gesser.
- 4. Food analysis by Nielson.
- 5. Food additives by S.N.Mahindry (APH) publication
- 6. Jacob (M.B) chemical Analysis of food and food products (Van Nostrand co. New York)
- 7. Analytical chemistry of foods (C.S.James) Blackie Academic and professional
- 8. Food Analysis principles and techniques D.W.Gruenwedel, J.R.Whitaker, MercelDekker
- 9. Food analysis Theroy and practice Y.pomeranz and C.E.Meloan, Chapman and Hill
- 10. Food Analysis ,2nd edition S.S Nelsen, Aspen publishers
- 11. Food analysis, A. G. Woodman, McGraw Hill

Credits: 04

Unit-I Analysis of ores

Composition and analysis of Dolomite, Bauxite, Ilminite, Zinc blend, hematite, pyrolusiteand calcite for their major constituents using one of the standard methods of analysis.

Unit-II Analysis of alloys

Composition, Properties, uses and analysis of : Brass, Bronze Solder, Stainless Steel, Monel-metal, gun-metal, Silver coin for their major constituents using one of the standard methods of analysis

Unit-III Analysis of Cement and building materials

Types of cement, Sampling, Analysis of- Silicon dioxide, Aluminum oxides, Ferric oxides, Calcium oxide, Magnesium oxide, Sodium and potassium oxide. **Analysis of Glass:** Types of glasses, Determination of lead and lead glass.

Unit-IV Cosmetic Analysis.

a) Introduction to cosmetics., Evaluation of cosmetic materials-raw materials, additives, colours, perfumes. Legislation and recent amendments with respect to cosmetic materials.

b) Analysis of Physical and chemical constituents of : Skin powder, Creams, Lipsticks, Lotions

Unit-V Analysis.of wood, pulp and paper

Wood: sampling, determination of methoxy group in wood. A brief idea of analysis of moisture in wood chips and saw dust by toluene methods, cellulose in wood.

Pulp: Introduction, sampling, determination of cellulose in pulp, permanganate number of pulp, copper number of pulp. **Paper:** Introduction, sampling, determination of reducible Sulphur in paper and paper boards, moisture in paper, ash in paper, starch in paper, cellulose in paper, copper number of paper, acid-soluble iron in paper.

Reference books.

- 1. Hillenbrand Lhundel, Bright and Hoffman, Applied inorganic analysis, John Wiley.
- 2. Snell and Biffen, Commercial methods of analysis.
- 3. P. G. Jeffery, Chemical methods of rock analysis, pergamon.
- 4. Rieche, Outline of industrial organic chemistry, Butter worth.

12 hrs

12 hrs

12 hrs

12hrs

Marks 100

12 hrs

- 5. Kent, Rieg's Industrial chemistry, Rain hold
- 6. P. G. Jeffery and. J. Hatchinsion, Chemical methods of rock analysis.
- 7. F. J. Welcher Standard methods of chemical analysis, a series of volume Robert and Krigeger Publishing Company.
- 8. Metallurgical analysis by S. K. Jain and K. K. Jain.

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CHEA-406 : Microbial and clinical analysis

04 Hrs/Week	Credits: 04	Marks 100

Unit-I Microbial Analysis.

Introduction to Microbiology, Application to pharmacy, Study of different types of microorganisms(Bacteria, Viruses, and Fungi) w.r.t. morphology, cell characterstics, habits, nutrition, reproduction, and cultivation

Isolation of important groups of bacteria by- Total viable count, Standard plate count.

Microbial growth and factors affecting it: Temperature, pH, Heavy metals (media), Relative humidity, Molecular oxygen and Osmotic pressure.

Sterilization-Principle, Methods used in general and as applied to Pharmaceutical products. Disinfectants-Classification, mode of action, efficiency.

Antiseptic techniques: Sterility tests for typical Pharmaceutical products

Unit-II - Clinical Analysis

Introduction: Body fluids: Composition, Collection and Preservation of body fluids and detection of abnormal levels of certain constituents leading to diagnosis of diseases and disorders. Analysis of constituents of physiological fluids, 1.Blood -PH, Glucose, Urea. 2.Serum-uric acid, total protein, albumin, globulin& A/G ratio, barbiturates, alkaline phosphatase, acid phosphatase, bilurubin, cholesterol, amylase, creatinine carbohydrates.. Urine- Immunological methods: General process of immune response, Antibody-Antigen ratio, Precipitation reactions, Enzyme linked-immunosorbent assays ELISA

Unit-III Determination of vitamins in body fluid

15 hrs

15 hrs

15hrs

Classification of vitamins with example, Each vitamin must be explained with respect of functions, deficiency diseases, daily requirement, and analytical method i) Retinol (determination of retinol and serum carotene in serum using TFA), Vit D3 (cholecalciferol), Vitamin E (Tocopherols, Determination of serum tocopherol by spectrophotometry by dipyridyl method), Vitamin B1 (thiamine determination by flurometry), Vitamin B2 (riboflavin, Photofluorometric method), Vitamin B6 (Pyidoxine, Fluorometric determination of Xanthuric acid), Nicotinic acid and Niacin: determination by fluorometry, Ascorbic acid (vitamin –c) Volumetric method using 2,6 dichlorophenol method, colorimetric determination of leucocyte ascorbate.

Unit-IV Enzyme catalysis Analytical applications

15 hrs

Basic principles, catalysis-measurement of catalytic reactions, nonspecificity of catalysts, types of reactions catalyzed, enzyme catalysis,enzyme kinetics, properties of enzyme,

enzyme inhibitors and activators, enzyme specificity, determination of enzymes and enzyme substrates, Examples of enzymatic analysis dehydrogenase reactions, substrate determinations: glucose, uric acid.Immobilized enzymes, Evaluation methods.

Reference Books:

- 1. General Microbiology- R. V. Stainer 6th edition
- 2. Principle of microbiology- A. J. Salle
- 3. Microbiology- Pleczar
- 4. An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, David Plummer.
- 5. Biochemical methods, S. Sadasivam, A .Manickam
- 6. Standard Methods of Biochemical Analysis, S.R. Thimmaiah

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Credits: 04

04 Hrs/Week

UNIT-I:Free radical reactions

Introduction, generation, stability, reactivity, characteristics, structural and stereo chemical properties of free radicals, Persistent free radicals.

Reaction of free radicals: Addition, substitutions, fragmentations, Oxidations and reductions, Detection of free radicals, Homolysis and free radical displacement. Radical chain reactions, Addition and rearrangements, radical cyclization, reactivity of aliphatic and aromatic substrates at bridgehead, Coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compound by diazonium salt, Sandmeyer reaction, Hunsdieker reaction, Allylic halogenations, McMurry reaction, Acyloin condensation, Birch reduction, Bouveault-Blank reduction.

UNIT-II:Name Reactions

Arndt-Eistert, Hunds-Diecker reaction, Baeyer-Villiager, Dakin, Gabriel synthesis, Michael, Darzen, Prins, Henry, Reimer-Tiemann, Hoffmann–Loffler–Freytag, Dieckmann cyclization, Chichibabin, Vilsmeier, Ene, Ullmann reaction, Mannich, Strecker amino acid synthesis. Bamford-Steven, Baylis-Hillmann, Corey-Fuchs Reaction, Julia olefination, Mukaiyama aldol, Mitsunobu, Peterson olefination, Corey-Winter olefination, Woodward and Prevost dihydroxylation, Shapiro, Ritter, Stille, Heck, Sonogashira, Suzuki, Duff, Chugaev, Petasis, McMurry reaction and Coupling. Ring closing metathesis (Grubb's metathesis), Aldol-Tishchenko (Evans-Tishchenko reaction), Ugi, Passerini, Biginelli, Hantzsch condensation.

UNIT-III:Pericyclic Reactions-I

Features and classification of pericyclic reactions, Phases, nodes and symmetry properties of molecular orbital in ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene. Allyl cation, allyl radical, pentadienyl cation and pentadienyl radical. Thermal and photochemical reactions.

Electrocyclic reactions: Woodward-Hoffmann selection rules for electrocyclic reactions. Explanation for the mechanism of electrocyclic reactions by: (i) Symmetry properties of HOMO of open chain partner; (ii) Conservation of orbital symmetry and orbital symmetry correlation diagram and (iii) Huckel-Mobius aromatic and antiaromatic transition state method.

UNIT-IV:Pericyclic Reactions-II

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Cycloaddition reactions: Diels-Alder reaction. Woodward-Hoffmann selection rules for cycloaddition reactions. Explanation for the mechanism of cycloaddition reactions by 1)

[12 hrs]

[12 hrs]

Conservation of orbital symmetry and orbital symmetry correlation diagrams 2) Fukui Frontier Molecular Orbital (FMO) theory and (3) Huckel-Mobius aromatic and antiaromatic transition state method. Endo-exo selectivity in Diels-Alder reaction and it's explanation by FMO theory. Examples of cycloaddition reactions.

Sigmatropic reactions: Selection rules for [i,j] shifts. Cope, degenerate Cope and Claisen rearrangements. Explanation of sigmatropic reactions by (i) symmetry properties of HOMO (ii) Huckel-Mobius aromatic and antiaromatic transition state method. Introduction to chelotropic reactions and the explanation of mechanism by FMO theory.

UNIT-V:Photochemistry-I

[12 hrs]

Photochemistry of (π, π^*) **transitions:** Excited state of alkenes, cis-trans isomerisation, photochemistry state, electrocyclisation and Sigmatropic rearrangements, di π -methane rearrangement.

Intermolecular reactions: photocycloadditions, photodimerasation. Photoaddition reactions. Excited states of aromatic compounds, photodimerisation of benzene, photosubstitution reactions of aromatic compounds and Photo-Fries rearrangement.

Photochemistry of (n, π^*) **transitions:** Excited state of carbonyl compounds, Norrish-I and Norrish-II

Addition to C-C multiple bonds: Paterno-Buchi reaction, photochemistry of alkyl peroxides, hypohalites and nitriles. Barton reaction. Photochemistry of azo compounds, diazo compounds, azides and diazonium salts. Singlet oxygen-photo oxygenation reactions. Ene reaction, formation of dioxetanes and endoperoxides. Chemiluminescent reactions. Oxidative coupling

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry Part A & Part B: F. A. Carey & R. J. Sundberg
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry: Jerry March
- 3. Organic Chemistry: Clayden, Greeves, Warren & wother.
- 4. Organic Chemistry: Stanley H. Pine
- 5. Organic Synthesis: W. Carruthers
- 6. Organic Synthesis: Norman and Coxon

CHEAR-407: Research project (Experimental)

24 Hrs/weekCredit: 12200 Marks

Tentative topic for projects

Projects to be based upon convenient analytical protocol for analysis of one of the following materials

- a. Drugs/ Medicines
- b. Dyes/ Paints/ cosmetics
- c. Milk product/ vegetable oils/ beverages
- d. Plastics and polymers
- e. Ores & alloys
- f. Fertilizer, insecticide, Pesticide
- g. Environmental samples, air, water, soil
- h. Any other material other than above.

Scheme of marking

Project work Evaluation: 25 marks

- i. Literature survey
- ii. Experimental procedures, photographs
- iii. Characterizations techniques: Fundamentals principles of respective techniques
- iv. Spectrum / images of prepared materials
- v. Data analysis / applications of synthesized materials
- vi. Conclusion
- vii. Reference citations
- viii. Holistic response of students (scientific thinking, power of imagination, Punctuality, efforts, curiosity.)

Power point presentation of Project work: 25 marks

- i. Self-preparation PPT
- ii. Skill of presentation
- iii. Contents of presentation
- iv. Subject knowledge
- v. Manuscript preparation/acceptance/publication

Reference: Internet search

CHEAR-408 : Research project (Dissertation, Presentation and Seminars)

6 Hrs/week	Credit: 6	100 Marks