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SP CONTENTS OF ENGLISH PART - II <₽

S. No.	Title & Author	Page No.
1	A Study of Prospects Perspective and Problems in the Implementation	1-6
	of Right to Education	
	Dr. Harish Kumar	
2	Risks Faced by Farmers	7-11
	Dr. Alka	
3	Reading of Aravind Adiga's Between the Assassinations:	12-15
	Thematic Perspective	
	Virendra Patle	
	Dr. Hitendra B. Dhote	
4	Role of Sequences in $L^p(\mu)$ Spaces	16-25
	Dr. G. B. Lamb	
5	Lebesgue Measure	26-34
	S. R. Gadhe	
6	A Study of Mental Health and Life Satisfaction among Womens	35-39
	Sachinkumar Sopanrao Mailare	
7	Improvements in WPA3 Over WPA2 and WPA Security Protocols	40-44
	Syed Ahteshamuddin Quadri Azizuddin Quadri	
8	Social Values in Vijay Tendulkar Play Sakaram Binder	45-50
	Prof. Basavaraj Sharanappa Mailare	
9	Educational Start-ups in India Bane or Boon for Indian Students	51-56
	Khan Md Mohtasib Ali	
10	The Importance of English for Communication	57-63
	Abdullah Hasan Awadh Bouta	
	Dr. Yashwant A. Doke	
11	Revolutionary Movement in Maharashtra	64-68
	Udhav Kalu Kudase	

> CONTENTS OF ENGLISH PART - III <≥

S. No.	Title & Author	Page No.	
1	The Reflection of Diasporic Theories and its Various Aspects in Literature		
	Mrs. Aliya Shahnawaz		
2	A Study on the Effects of Suryanamaskar Training on Increase	7-10	
	of Performance in Flexibility		
	Rahim Khan Hamid Khan		
3	An Analytical Study to Social & Political Issues of Pediatric Health	11-16	
	Reference State of Dwarka Delhi		
	Geeta Kumari		
	Dr. Kirti Verma		
4	Probability Theory: An Overview	17-23	
	SMT. Pande Sangita Chandrabhan		
5	ALinguistic Analysis Study the Role of Grammar in English	24-29	
	Language Teaching		
	Ms. Anita Dharma Patil		
6	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar's Thought on Democracy and Indian Politics	30-35	
	Dr. R. V. Maske		
	Dr. Milind Shahadeo Athawale		
7	Usain Bolt: A Case Study	36-40	
	Dr. Ratnakar Kulkarni		
8	Anti-Inflammatory Effects of Extract from Plumbago Zeylanica	41-46	
	P. B. Sirsat		
9	Calcutta as Monster City in Desai's Novel Voices in the City	47-55	
	Satish Bhujangrao Bhosle		
10	Antimicrobial Activity of Ethanolic Extract of Citrus Sinensis on Bacterial	56-60	
	Isolates from Wound Infection		
	Poonam Shuddhodhan Ingle		
11	The Stress among Nurses in Relation to Their Work Experiencers	61-66	
	among Civil Hospital		
	Vishnu Lokhande		
	Dr. Umakant S. Gaikwad		

> CONTENTS OF ENGLISH PART - III <

S. No.	Title & Author	Page No.
12	Wild Fires in Konkan: A Cause of Destruction of Biodiversity	67-69
	Dr. S. D. Disale	
13	An Exploration of Dense Network for Buried Thread Detection Using GPR	70-75
	Priya Bhanudas Shinde	
14	Security in IoT Based Platforms: 'Smart Obligation'	76-80
	Kanchan Mulay	
15	A Study on Effectiveness of ICT in Science Subject about	81-84
	Achicvcmcnt among VII th Standard Students in Aurangabad City	
	Miss. Sukeshini Harishchandra Jewarikar	
	Dr. P. B. Pagare	

15. A Study on Effectiveness of ICT in Science Subject about Achievement among VIIth Standard Students in Aurangabad City

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Abstract

The Research was conducted to explore a study on effectiveness of of ICT in science subject and about achievement among seventh standard students in Aurangabad City. The objective of the research where to identify the effect of ICT-use teaching on the students achievement in science subject to find out comparative effect of ICT used teaching and traditional teaching on the students achievement in science subject of 7th class students for this purpose the the exploratory Research design was used total 30 students from 4 schools Aurangabad (i.e. 3 semi English medium school, 1 English medium) were selected as a sample for data collection skills to skills where used as a research tool for experiment method one control group and one experimental group for identification of use of ICT use teaching science subject it was found that group of students taught through ICT use method shows slightly higher mean in achievement than the group of students taught through traditional method

Keywords:- ICT method of teaching, science subject, traditional method of teaching, seventh class.

1. Introduction

The progress of any country depends upon the quality of education offered and practices in vogue. Indian education, well known for its Gurukul System of Education in the Vedic Age, has undergone various phases and stages of development over a period of time since then. It has witnessed many ups and downs down the stream of its history. Despite all that, it has not only evinced concern for quality education but has also pioneered the cause of seeking excellence in

education in its search for truth, goodness and beauty as a perennial issue of human life and education on per se..

Recent developments in technology have changed the world outside as well as inside the classroom; making it quite eye-catching and interesting for the students to know and to learn. Developments in the application and dissemination of knowledge and information technology have had changing demands on education. The infusion of information and communication technology (ICT) into teaching and learning and for that matter into actual and virtual classroom has generated much interest in educational research in recent years. ICT have the potential of proving an alternative and more effective teaching and learning tool in education. Evidence emanating from research literature suggests that ICT has a powerful and significant impact on education both in terms of students' affective and cognitive outcomes in learning any subject of their choice. It has tended to make learning joyful and lasting in very many ways.

2. Objectives

The present study was designed to realize the following objectives:

- 1. To develop the Power-Point Programme saved as per Science subject for class VII.
- 2. To study the effect of ICT-used teaching on the students' achievement in science.
- 3. To study the comparative effect of ICT-used teaching and traditional teaching on the students' achievement in science.

3. Hypothesis

- 1. There is no significant difference between pre-test and post-test of student's achievement in science of 7th standard.
- 2. There is no significant difference in the means scores of the experimental group & the control group on post-test.
- 3. There is no significant difference in the gain mean scores of the experimental group & the control group on post-test

4. Sample Size

The sample size of the study comprised of 30 students of class Vllth (15 as control group and 15 as experimental group)

5. Methodology

The experimental method was used for this research. Tools of research was the self-made pretest and posttest questionnaires for both groups (i.e. control group and experimental group) and statistical measures were mean, standard deviations and t values

6. Main Findings

- 1. A significant difference has been observed between the mean achievement pretest scores was 10.5727 of control group and the post- test scores was 14.5 of control group related to their academic achievement.
- 2. A significant difference has been observed between the mean achievement pretest scores was 9.7 of experimental group and the post- test scores was 14.554 of experimental group related to their academic achievement.
- A significant difference has been observed by using the achievement of pretest scores mean was 3.9273 and the post-test scores mean was 4.8554 of control and experiment group related to their academic achievement. and the T value which is observed was 1.4184
- The group of students taught through ICT-used method show significantly higher means gain in achievement than the group of students taught through traditional method.

7. Conclusion

The study provides potential inputs for teacher education. Given the current widespread use of ICT at all levels and for all subjects, it is imperative that pre-service teachers should learn the new technology. Besides pre-service training of teachers in the making, in-service training may also be given to the existing teachers to refurbish their acumen for teaching that is teaching effectively and meaningfully.

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